

Jeb Bush Governor

Department of Environmental Protection

SITE: Former	Accurate	Wasoniu
BREAK:		J
OTHER:	y. J	

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Colleen M. Castille Secretary

August 2, 2004

United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 4 AFC Tower Building 61 Forsyth Street, S.W. Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Attention: Barbara Schuster

Dear Barbara,

I have enclosed a copy of the site assessment funded by a prospective buyer of the Clearwater Top (Accurate Plating) facility. As I had previously mentioned, that buyer backed out of the purchase, when he received the results of the assessment. Please, let me know if you need anything else.







Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor

April 5, 2004

Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

Colleen M. Castille Secretary

Mr. Gregory J. Van Hook Van Hook Properties 1155 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, Florida 34683

Re:

Accurate Plating/Clearwater Top, Inc. 1937 Calumet Street, Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

Dear Mr. Van Hook:

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (the Department) requests an update to the status of task completion associated with completing the contamination assessment at the above referenced site. A Contamination Assessment Report Addendum (CARA) was to be submitted on or about March 15, 2004. To date, the Department has not received the CARA. Please provide the CARA within 15 days of letter receipt.

If you have questions or concerns regarding the above, please contact me at (813)-744-6100, ext. 474.

Sincerely yours,

Laura J. Herron, CHMM, REM

Environmental Specialist III

Laung Hum

Bureau of Waste Cleanup

cc: Joe McGarrity, SIS Tallahassee

Sandy Nettles, N.S. Nettles & Associates, Inc., 201 Roosevelt Boulevard, Tarpon Springs, Florida 34689

BUREAU OF WASTE CLEANUP

APR - 7 2004

FEDERAL PROGRAMS SECTION

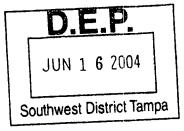
WEST PALM BEACH

CARLTON FIELDS

ALLAHASSEE TAMPA

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Laurel Lockett
Shareholder
813.229.4139 (Direct)
Illockett@carltonfields.com



June 15, 2004

One Harbour Place 777 S. Harbour Island Boulevard Tampa, Florida 33602-5730 P.O. Box 3239 Tampa, Florida 33601-3239

813.223.7000 813.229.4133 fax www.carltonfields.com

Laura Herron
Florida Department of Environmental
Division of Waste Management
3804 Coconut Palm Drive
Tampa, FL 33619

Cull 6/22/07 3:41 pm in the com signed & scaled

Re: Clearwater Top, Inc.

Groundwater and Soil Sampling Results for Clearwater Top, Inc. (Accurate Plating) located at 1937 Calumet Street, Clearwater, Florida

Dear Ms. Herron:

Enclosed are the following documents related to the Clearwater Top property:

- 1. Groundwater and Soil Sampling Results for Clearwater Top, Inc. (Accurate Plating) dated March 29, 2004, prepared by N. S. Nettles & Associates, Inc.;
- 2. Clark Environmental, Inc. Generator Profile Documents (for Soil Cuttings and Purge waters; and
- 3. Non-Hazardous Waste Manifest for soil cuttings.

Should you have any questions, my direct line is (813) 229-4139.

Yours sincerely

Laurel Lockett

LL:bl

Enclosures

cc: N

Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn



Laura Herron June 15, 2004 Page 2

Enclosures

cc: Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn

HYDROGEOLOGY

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March 29, 2004

Florida Department of Environmental Protection Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619 Attention: Ms. Laura Herron

RE: Groundwater and Soil Sampling Results for Clearwater Top, Inc. (Accurate Plating) located at 1937 Calumet Street. Clearwater, Florida.

Dear Ms. Herron:

On behalf of Gregory Van Hook, prospective buyer of the Clearwater Top, Inc. property located at 1937 Calumet Street in Clearwater Florida, N.S. Nettles & Associates, Inc. conducted site investigation activities including sampling of soils, installation of monitoring wells, and sampling of monitoring wells and surface water. The site investigation activities were based on the scope of work accepted by the Department in their February 9, 2004, letter to Gregory Van Hook.

A number of the tasks that were planned to be conducted were not completed due to pre-existing monitoring wells being removed. In addition, the septic tank that was reported to be on site was no longer in evidence. It is not known if the septic tank was removed or if the access ports to the tank were removed. Currently the area where the septic tank was reported to be located is currently covered with concrete. The following monitoring wells could no longer be located and are assumed to have been properly abandoned: PZ-1, PZ-2, HSAMW-1, HSAMW-2, HSAMW-3, HSAMW-4, HSAMW-6, MW-7, and MW-9. Monitoring wells HSAMW-5 and HSAMW-7 were not accessible for sampling or inspection.

Part of the scope of work was to sample soils and install a monitoring well on property adjacent to the Clearwater Top property at an area that was reported to be a former drum storage area. NSN was not given access to the adjacent property to sample or install monitoring wells. The area reported to be a former drum storage area is currently a concrete paved roadway within a manufacturing facility. The roadway appeared to be carrying considerable traffic within the facility, primarily in the form of fork lifts and carts carrying products and/or equipment and civilian foot traffic.

Four monitoring wells were installed and the soils sampled at the monitoring well locations. In addition one sediment sample and surface water sample was also collected for analysis. The four locations where soil sampling and monitoring wells were installed were all located on the Clearwater Top property. The locations include, west of the west side of the building (NMW-1), south of the southwest corner of the building and near the former location of MW-9 (NMW-2), near the former

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PHONE: (727) 786-3900 ADDRESS: 402 Tampa Rd., Palm Harbor, FL 34683 FAX: (727) 786-3577

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locations of MW-7 and HSAMW-4 (NMW-4), and south of the southeast corner of the building near the former "blueing area" (NMW-3)

The watertable was known to be relatively shallow, therefore, prior to drilling to install monitoring wells, a hand auger was used to drill and screen and sample soils down to the watertable. The soils were sampled for screening with a photoionization detector (PID) in six inch increments. A PID was used because of the instruments sensitivity in detecting chlorinated volatile organic compounds. The soils were periodically sampled down to the top of the watertable. The PID screening did not register positive readings above background, with background readings varying from location to location by about 1.5 ppm. Because there were no indications of volatile organic compounds as indicated by elevated PID readings, one soil sample was collected from just above the watertable at each monitoring well location. In addition, one sediment sample was collected from the S-2 sample location on the edge of the north-south drainage ditch that runs along the east side of the property.

Soil and sediment samples collected at Clearwater Top property were analyzed by Southern Analytical Laboratories, Inc. in Oldsmar. The soils and sediment samples were analyzed using U.S. EPA Methods 8021 for organic compounds, and U.S. EPA Methods 6010, 7471, 7060 for the eight RCRA metals. Surface water and groundwater samples were analyzed using U.S. EPA Methods 601, 602, 200.7, for purgeable halocarbons, purgeable aromatics, and the eight RCRA metals respectively. Field parameters including specific conductance, pH, dissolved oxygen, and turbidity were also measured at the time of sample collection. The water samples were collected by a sampler from Southern Analytical Laboratories, Inc. Collected samples were stored on ice until they reached the laboratory.

The positive detection of test method compounds are summarized in Table 1 (Positive Hits for Surface Water and Groundwater Samples) and Table 2 (Positive Hits for Soil Samples). The tables include the relevant action level for each compound detected in the samples tested. The sample results that are above the action level are highlighted. Copies of the Laboratory Reports are also attached.

Trace amounts of cis-1,2-Dichloroethene at 0.31 ug/kg occurred at a depth of about three feet in the soils at well NMW-1. Otherwise the test results indicate all other test parameters were non-detected at the indicated Method Detection Limit (MDL). The metal arsenic was detected in the three foot depth soil sample at a concentration of 0.41 mg/kg, and mercury was detected at a concentration of 0.020 mg/kg. Both values are well below the Florida Soil Cleanup Target Levels based on leachability to groundwater.

Soil samples tested from NMW-2 was collected from about 3.5 feet in depth. Organic compounds tested for in the soils were all non-detect at the MDL. However, arsenic was detected at 0.96 mg/kg, barium at 2.10 mg/kg, chromium at 2.60 mg/kg, and mercury at 0.013 mg/kg. All of the metals detected were well below their respective action levels.

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Soil samples tested from NMW-3 was collected from about 2.0 feet in depth. Organic compounds test for in the soils were all non-detect at the MDL. However, barium was detected at 2.10 mg/kg, chromium at 18.00 mg/kg, and mercury at 0.014 mg/kg. All of the metals detected were well below their respective action levels.

Soil samples tested from NMW-4 was collected from about 2.0 feet in depth. A number of organic compounds were detected in the soil sample including cis-1,2-Dichloroethene at 8.10 ug/kg, Tetrachloroethene at 1.00 ug/kg, Trichloroethene at 1.20 ug/kg, and Total VOA's at 10.00 ug/kg. All the detected organics were at levels well below their respective action levels. All other organic compounds tested for in the soils were non-detected at the MDL. However, some RCRA metals were detected including arsenic detected at 0.46 mg/kg, barium at 9.90 mg/kg, cadmium at 0.15 mg/kg, chromium at 37.00 mg/kg, and mercury at 0.028 mg/kg. All of the metals detected were well below their respective action levels with the exception of chromium which was just below the chromium action level of 38.00 mg/kg.

The sediment samples collected from the drainage ditch running along the east side of the property was collected from just below the waters edge in the ditch. All organic compounds tested for in the sediment sample were non-detected at the MDL. However, some RCRA metals were detected including arsenic detected at 0.30 mg/kg, barium at 7.20 mg/kg, cadmium at 0.27 mg/kg, chromium at 140.00 mg/kg, lead at 33.00 mg/kg, and mercury at 0.036 mg/kg. All of the metals detected were well below their respective action levels with the exception of chromium which was present at 140.00 mg/kg which is above the action level of 38.00 mg/kg.

Groundwater samples from NMW-1 contained cis-1,2-Dichloroethene at 0.31 ug/l, Methylene Chloride at 3.00 ug/l, MTBE at 0.79 ug/l, Toluene at 1.80 ug/l, and Xylenes at 0.69 ug/l. All of these compounds were detected at levels well below their respective action levels. The remainder of the organic compounds tested for were non-detect at the MDL. The groundwater sample also contained 0.034 mg/l of arsenic which is below the arsenic action level. All of the other RCRA metals were non-detect at the MDL.

Groundwater samples from NMW-2 contained 1,1-Dichloroethane at 3.40 ug/l which is well below the action level for 1,1-Dichloroethane. All of the remaining organic compounds tested for were non-detect at the MDL. The groundwater sample also contained 0.026 mg/l of barium which is below the barium action level. All of the other RCRA metals were non-detect at the MDL.

Groundwater samples from NMW-3 contained 1,1-Dichloroethane at 3.60 ug/l, 1,1-Dichloroethene at 1.60 ug/l, and trans-1,2-Dichloroethene at 11.00 ug/l, all of which were well below their respective action levels. The sample also contained cis-1,2-Dichloroethene at 1300.00 ug/l, Tetrachloroethene at 190.00 ug/l, and Trichloroethene at 130.00 ug/l all of which were one to two orders of magnitude above the action level for the compounds. Several aromatics including Chlorobenzene at 16.0 ug/l,

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1,2-Dichlorobenzene at 28.00 ug/l, 1,3-Dichlorobenzene at 0.68 ug/l, 1,4-Dichlorobenzene at 4.40 ug/l, MTBE at 3.60 ug/l, Toluene at 1.80 ug/l, and Xylenes at 0.69 ug/l. All of the detected aromatic organic compounds were below their respective action levels. All of the remaining organic compounds tested for were non-detect at the MDL. The groundwater sample also contained 0.033 mg/l of barium, and 0.022 mg/l of chromium, both of which are below their respective action level. All of the other RCRA metals were non-detect at the MDL.

Groundwater samples from NMW-4 contained 1,1-Dichloroethane at 2.20 ug/l, 1,1-Dichloroethene at 2.90 ug/l, and trans-1,2-Dichloroethene at 29.00 ug/l, Methylene Chloride at 2,40 ug/l, 1,1,1-Trinchloroethane at 4.40 ug/l, and Trichlorofluoromethane at 0.67 ug/l, all of which were well below their respective action levels. The sample also contained cis-1,2-Dichloroethene at 2500.00 ug/l, Tetrachloroethene at 150.00 ug/l, Trichloroethene at 250.00 ug/l, and Vinyl Chloride at 2.30 ug/l, all of which were one to two orders of magnitude above the action level for the compounds, except Vinyl Chloride which was just above it's action level. Several aromatics including Chlorobenzene at 93.0 ug/l, 1,2-Dichlorobenzene at 86.00 ug/l, 1,3-Dichlorobenzene at 4.80 ug/l, 1,4-Dichlorobenzene at 19.00 ug/l, MTBE at 3.40 ug/l, Toluene at 3.00 ug/l, and Xylenes at 1.5 ug/l. All of the detected aromatic organic compounds were below their respective action levels. All of the remaining organic compounds tested for were non-detect at the MDL. The groundwater sample also contained 0.027 mg/l of barium which is below the action level for barium. All of the other RCRA metals were non-detect at the MDL.

The surface water sample from the ditch along the east side of the property was non-detect for all organics and metals at the MDL except for barium which was present at 0.14 mg/l, well below the barium action level.

The most problematic organic compounds appear to be from a chlorinated solvent source and associated degradational products. Based on the hydrogen sulfide odor in the wells it is likely that anaerobic degradation is active and likely explains the presence of the degradation products.

Overall the RCRA metals present in soils are at low values except for NMW-4 where chromium was present at 140.00 mg/kg and lead was 33 mg/kg. The chromium value was above the action level for chromium, and the lead level at 33.00 mg/kg may not represent much of a problem for an industrial site.

DEP had expressed interest in a discussion on the presence of arsenic on site. The specific source of the arsenic has not been identified. However, the small amount of arsenic present is not likely to be an issue. Based on the pH of the groundwater in the monitoring wells the form of arsenic in both soils and water is likely as an anion in the form H₂AsO₄, which would be mobile. However, since the groundwater near the base of the watertable is more likely to be anaerobic, the H₂AsO₄ would tend to become uncharged and remain mobile. Since most surficial watertable aquifers in Florida tend to be high in soluble iron, the soluble or mobile arsenic that is on site would tend to co-precipitate with

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iron hydroxides as it migrates away from the site. Once precipitated with iron the arsenic would tend to remain as a precipitate so long as its environment remained somewhat oxic. The exact form of the arsenic on site is not specifically known and its form is estimated based on the subsurface environment and groundwater pH. If the arsenic is in a mineral form the explanations offered above are applicable. However, if the arsenic has been biologically mediated it may be in a methylated form and would likely remain fairly mobile and would not be amenable to co-precipitation. The data collected on site indicated that there is little arsenic on site in soils, and even less in groundwater. The lack of arsenic on site suggests that arsenic at Clearwater Top does not represent a problem.

If you have questions about the data collected during this investigation, pleases feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

Sandy Nettles, P.G. N.S. Nettles & Associates, Inc

cc: Greg Van Hook

enc

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PHONE: (727) 786-3900 ADDRESS: 402 Tampa Rd., Palm Harbor, FL 34683 FAX: (727) 786-3577

Clearwater Top (Accurate Plating) Positive Hits For Surface Water and Groundwater Samples

Halocarbons	Units	MDL	Standard	NMW-1	NMW-2	NMW-3	NMW-4	Ditch
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/l	0.3	70	U	3.80	3.60	2.20	U
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.5	7	U	U	1.60	2.90	U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.2	70	0.31	U	1300.00	2500:00	U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.5	100	U	U	11.00	29.00	U
Methylene Chloride	ug/i	0.5	5	3.00	U	U	2.40	υ
Tetrachloroethene	ug/l	0.2	5	U	U	190.00	150 00	U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/l	0.3	200	U	U	U	4.40	U
Trichloroethene	ug/l	0.2	5	U	U	130:00	250:00	U
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/l	0.5	2100	U	· U	U	0.67	U
Vinyl Chloride	ug/l	0.5	2	U	U	U	2.30	U
Aromatics								
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	0.3	100	U	U	16.00	93.00	U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5	600	U	U	28.00	86.00	U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5	10	U	U	0.68	4.80	U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5	75	Ŭ	U	4.40	19.00	Ų
MTBE	ug/l	0.5	50	0.79	Ü	3.60	3.40	U
Toluene	ug/l	0.5	1000	1.80	Ų	1.80	3.00	U
Xylenes	ug/i	0.5	10000	0.69	U	0.69	1.50	U
RCRA Metals								
Arsenic	mg/l	0.05	0.050	0.034	U	U	U ·	U
Barium	mg/l	0.01	2.000	U	0.026	0.033	0.027	0.014
Cadmium	mg/l	0.001	0.005	U	U	U	U	U
Chromium	mg/l	0.01	0.100	U	U	0.022	· U	U
Lead	mg/l	0.05	0.015	U	U	U	U	U
Mercury	mg/l	0.0001	0.002	U	U	U	U	U
Selinium	mg/l	0.05	0.050	U	U	U	U	U
Silver	mg/l	0.01	0.100	U	U	U	U	U

MDL = Method Detection Limit

Standard = U.S. EPA Primary Drinking Water Standard and/or Florida Groundwater Criteria

U = Undetected at MDL

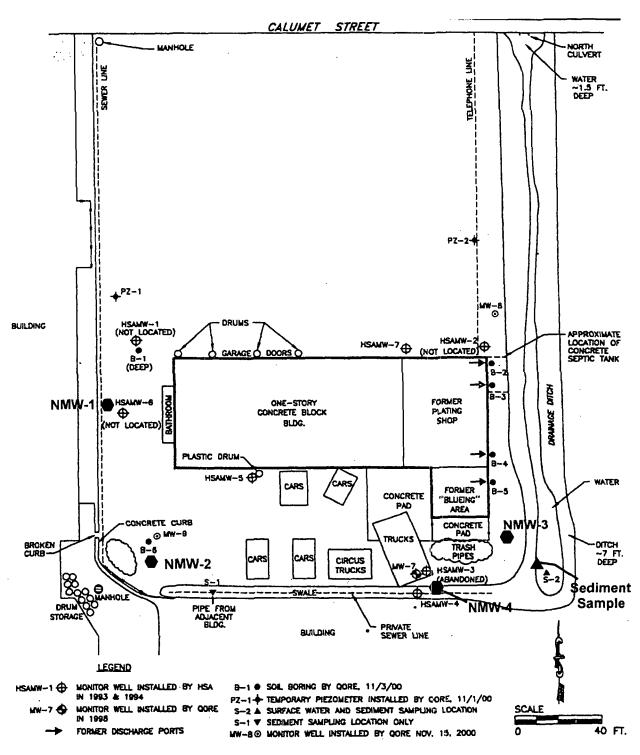
Table 1

Clearwater Top (Accurate Plating) Positive Hits For Soil Samples NMW-2 NMW-4 Sediment Halocarbons Units MDL Standard NMW-1 NMW-3 3.0' depth 2.0' depth 2.0' depth Surface 3.5' depth cis-1,2-Dichloroethene ug/kg 0.2 400 0.31 U 8.10 Ū Tetrachloroethene 0.2 30 U U U 1.00 U ug/kg Total VOA U U U 10.00 ug/kg 0.3 U no standard Trichloroethene U U 1.20 U ug/kg 0.2 30 U **Aromatics** RCRA Metals Arsenic mg/kg 0.41 0.96 U 0.46 0.30 0.10 29.00 9.90 7.20 Barium . mg/kg 0.50 1600.00 U 2.10 2.10 Cadmium mg/kg 0.10 8.00 U U U 0.15 0.27 Chromium U 18.00 37.00 2 140 00 m mg/kg 0.50 38.00 2.60 Lead 33.00 mg/kg U 2.00 U U U TCLP based Mercury 0.028 mg/kg 0.020 0.013 0.014 0.036 0.010 2.100 MDL = Method Detection Limit Standard = Florida Soil Cleanup Target Levels - Leachability Based on Groundwater Criteria

Table 2

U = Undetected at MDL

Clearwater Top (Accurate Plating) Monitoring Well, Surface Water, and Sediment Sampling Location Map



Monitoring Well Name and Location

▲ Surface Water and Sediment Sample Location

	Clearwater Top, 1937 Calumet St., Clearwater Florida	BANA	24-Feb-04
mandali dan perdi. Barber Canpern.		ज्ञानाम् देखनगर्दाः	NMW-1
Eron Carafia	West of building		RJO
gyn af Sysphei	Hollow Stem Auger Cuttings	विकास सम्बद्धाः	17'
Depth (Feet)	Lithology Description	PID in ppm	Total
	Background PID	0.2 - 0.7	
0.0-1.0	Limestone gravel and tan/gray sand	0.4	
1.0-3.0	Sand, silty, black	0.4	
3.0-4.0	Sand, light tan to brown, moist	0.4	
4.0-16.5	sand, light brown, WT≈ 4'	0.5	
16.5-17.0	Sandy clay, light gray to tan	1.0	
	end of boring		
	hydrogen sulfide odor		
	2" SCH 40 PVC well installed in boring		
	2" x 10' .010 slot w/6" PCV bottom plug		
:	2" x 10' riser - 48" cut to flush mount = 16.5' deep well		
	coarse sand pack to 3.5' bgs		
	bentonite chips 1.5' to 2.0'		
	cement finish 1.5' to 0.5'		
	flush mount access w/cement pad		
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1			
	finished well casing PID = 0.4 ppm		
	Water level -3.70		

Propert a Aspense	Clearwater Top, 1937 Calumet St., Clearwater Florida		24-Feb-04
Empre Company.	Davis Drilling	Same Marke	NMW-2
gran i Torregado Antigorio de Corregado	South of Southwest corner of building	हिरेह्मस्त्रा इत्या (डेर्	RJO
Type of Commen	Hollow Stem Auger Cuttings	िवर्गान - १४न्तुसः	17.5'
Depth (Feet)	Lithology Description	. PID in ppm	Total
····	Background PID	0.2 - 0.7	
0.0-1.0	Limestone gravel and tan/gray sand		
1.0-2.0	Sand, light brown	0.1	
2.0-4.0	Sand, light tan to brown, moist	0.1	
4.0-15.0	sand, light brown, WT≈ 4.5'	0.1	
16.5-17.5	Sand to sandy clay, light gray, then stiff gray clay	0.1	
	end of boring		
, 	·		
	2" SCH 40 PVC well installed in boring		
	2" x 10' .010 slot w/6" PCV bottom plug		
	2" x 10' riser - 41" cut to flush mount = 17.0' deep well		
	coarse sand pack to 6' bgs		
. •	bentonite chips 3.0' to 3.0'		
	cement finish 2.5' to 0.5'		
	flush mount access w/cement pad		
	finished well casing PID = 0.2 ppm		
	·		
	Water level -4.32		

rans Appares	Clearwater Top, 1937 Calumet St., Clearwater Florida	D'ANC	24-Feb-04
विभिन्न द्वार विकास करें हैं।	Davis Drilling	English Kumasay	NMW-3
द्रवासम्बद्धः । वद्यासम्बद्धः इतिहासम्बद्धः । वद्यासम्बद्धाः	South of Southeast corner of building		RJO
There are sufficiently	Hollow Stem Auger Cuttings	ग्रे.(५) (३) (३) (३) (३) (३) (३)	17.0'
Depth (Feet)	Lithology Description	PID in ppm	Total
	Background PID	0.0 - 0.5	
0.0-2.0	Limestone gravel, shells concrete fragments, gray sand		
2.0-3.0	Sand, silty, black	0.0	
3.0-5.0	Sand, dark brown to black, moist to wet	0.0	
5.0-6.5	sand, dark brown w/ concrete rubble	0.2	
6.5-8.0	Sand, silty, dark brown	0.3	
8.0-13.0	Sand, light brown to tan	0.2	
13.0-15.0	Sand, silty to clayey, light gray to tan	0.2	
15.0-17.0	Clay, silty, gray	0.2	
	end of boring		
	2" SCH 40 PVC well installed in boring		
	2" x 10' .010 slot w/6" PCV bottom plug		
	2" x 10' riser - 51" cut to flush mount = 16.25' deep well		
	coarse sand pack to 5' bgs		
	bentonite chips 2.5' to 2.5'		
,	cement finish 2.0' to 0.5'		
	flush mount access w/cement pad		
	finished well casing PID = 2.7 ppm		
	Water level -1.97		

Frequency frequests	Clearwater Top, 1937 Calumet St., Clearwater Florida	Det to	24-Feb-04
Brands Comp	Davis Drilling	Elotog Names	NMW-4
Jacobson - besteber	South of Former Plating Shop	हिराद्धलक्षेत्रस्य द्विपः	RJO
The A China	Hollow Stem Auger Cuttings	हिलाक हिल्लास	17.0'
Depth (Feet)	- Lithology Description	PID in ppm	Total
	Background PID	0.0 - 0.5	
0.0-2.0	Sand, silty, brown to dark brown		
2.0-3.0	Sand, silty, black	0.0	
3.0-6.0	Sand, becomes silty, brown, moist to wet	0.0	
6.0-14.0	Sand, silty, light brown to light gray	0.0	
15.0-17.0	Clay, silty, gray	0.0	
	end of boring		
	2" SCH 40 PVC well installed in boring		
	2" x 10' .010 slot w/6" PCV bottom plug		
	2" x 10' riser - 42" cut to flush mount = 17.0' deep well		
	coarse sand pack to 5.5' bgs		
	bentonite chips 2.5' to 3.0'		
	cement finish 2.5' to 0.5'		
	flush mount access w/cement pad		
	finished well casing PID = 1.1 ppm		
		·	
	Water level -5.74		

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683 March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Project Name Sample Description

Sample Description Matrix

SAL Sample Number Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received Clearwater Top

MW-1

Groundwater 40694.01 02/27/04 08:49

02/27/04 11:00

Date/Time Received	02/2/	/04 11:00					
Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Purgeable Halocarbons .							
Bromodichloromethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Bromoform	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Bromomethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Chloroethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Chloroform	ug/i	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Chloromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Dibromochloromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/l	0.2 ป	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.31	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	. 0.3	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Methylene chloride	ug/l	3.0	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Tetrachloroethene	. ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Trichloroethene	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Vinyl chloride	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Purgeable Aromatics					·		
Benzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Ethylbenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Toluene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW
Xylenes (Total)	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 07:12		JRW

FDOH Laboratory No. E84129 NELAP Accredited Francis I. Daniels, Laboratory Director Leslie C. Boardman, Q. A. Manager

1 10 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677

813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683

March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Project Name Sample Description Matrix

SAL Sample Number Date/Time Collected

Clearwater Top

MW-1

Groundwater 40694.01

02/27/04 08:40

02/27/04 11:00				_				
Result	Results Method		Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed		Date/Time Prep		Analyst
0.79		EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04	07:12			JRW
s/cm 519		EPA 120.1	0.1	02/27/04	08:49			LRW
6.0		EPA 150.1	N/A	02/27/04	08:49			LRW
5.8		EPA 360.1	0.1	02/27/04	08:49			LRW
15		EPA 180.1	0.05	02/27/04	08:49			LRW
0.05	U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
0.034		EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
0.001	U	EPA 200.7	0.001	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
0.01	υ	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
0.05	U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
0.0001	U	EPA 245.1	0.0001	03/01/04	14:30	03/01/04	10:40	HLA
0.05	U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
0.01	U	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
	0.79 s/cm 519 6.0 5.8 15 0.05 0.034 0.001 0.05 0.0001 0.05	0.79 s/cm 519 6.0 5.8 15	0.79 EPA 602 s/cm 519 EPA 120.1 6.0 EPA 150.1 5.8 EPA 360.1 15 EPA 180.1 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.034 EPA 200.7 0.001 U EPA 200.7 0.01 U EPA 200.7 0.05 U EPA 200.7	Results Method Detection Limit 0.79 EPA 602 0.5 s/cm 519 EPA 120.1 0.1 6.0 EPA 150.1 N/A 5.8 EPA 360.1 0.1 15 EPA 180.1 0.05 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 0.034 EPA 200.7 0.01 0.001 U EPA 200.7 0.01 0.01 U EPA 200.7 0.01 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.01 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 0.0001 U EPA 200.7 0.05 0.0001 U EPA 200.7 0.05 0.0001 U EPA 200.7 0.05	Results Method Detection Limit Analy 0.79 EPA 602 0.5 03/04/04 s/cm 519 EPA 120.1 0.1 02/27/04 6.0 EPA 150.1 N/A 02/27/04 5.8 EPA 360.1 0.1 02/27/04 15 EPA 180.1 0.05 02/27/04 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 0.034 EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 0.001 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 0.01 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04	Results Method Detection Limit Date/Time Analyzed 0.79 EPA 602 0.5 03/04/04 07:12 s/cm 519 EPA 120.1 0.1 02/27/04 08:49 6.0 EPA 150.1 N/A 02/27/04 08:49 5.8 EPA 360.1 0.1 02/27/04 08:49 15 EPA 180.1 0.05 02/27/04 08:49 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 0.034 EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 0.001 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 0.01 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 0.0001 U EPA 245.1 0.0001 03/01/04 14:30 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30	Results Method Detection Limit Date/Time Analyzed Date/Time Preprint 0.79 EPA 602 0.5 03/04/04 07:12 s/cm 519 EPA 120.1 0.1 02/27/04 08:49 6.0 EPA 150.1 N/A 02/27/04 08:49 5.8 EPA 360.1 0.1 02/27/04 08:49 15 EPA 180.1 0.05 02/27/04 08:49 0.034 EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 0.001 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 0.01 U EPA 200.7 0.001 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 0.0001 U EPA 200.7 <td>Results Method Detection Limit Date/Time Analyzed Date/Time Prep 0.79 EPA 602 0.5 03/04/04 07:12 s/cm 519 EPA 120.1 0.1 02/27/04 08:49 6.0 EPA 150.1 N/A 02/27/04 08:49 5.8 EPA 360.1 0.1 02/27/04 08:49 15 EPA 180.1 0.05 02/27/04 08:49 0.034 EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.001 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.01 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.05 U EPA 245.1 0.0001 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35</td>	Results Method Detection Limit Date/Time Analyzed Date/Time Prep 0.79 EPA 602 0.5 03/04/04 07:12 s/cm 519 EPA 120.1 0.1 02/27/04 08:49 6.0 EPA 150.1 N/A 02/27/04 08:49 5.8 EPA 360.1 0.1 02/27/04 08:49 15 EPA 180.1 0.05 02/27/04 08:49 0.034 EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.001 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.01 U EPA 200.7 0.01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.05 U EPA 245.1 0.0001 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 0.05 U EPA 200.7 0.05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35

11'O BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677

813-855-1844 fax813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683 March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Project Name Sample Description

Matrix

SAL Sample Number Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received Clearwater Top

MW-2

Groundwater 40694.02 02/27/04 09:18

02/27/04 09:18

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Purgeable Halocarbons		······································					
Bromodichloromethane		00.11	EDA 004	0.0	00/04/04 00:07		IDVA/
Bromoform	ug/l	0.3 U 0.5 U	EPA 601 EPA 601	0.3 0.5	03/04/04 08:07 03/04/04 08:07		JRW JRW
Bromomethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5 0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
	ug/l				*		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Chloroethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Chloroform	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Chloromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Dibromochloromethane	ug/l	. 0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,4-Dichiorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/l	3.8	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/l	0.3 บ	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Methylene chloride	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Tetrachloroethene	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/l	0.3· U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Trichloroethene	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Vinyl chloride	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Purgeable Aromatics							
Benzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Ethylbenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Toluene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW
Xylenes (Total)	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 08:07		JRW

FDOH Laboratory No. E84129 NELAP Accredited Francis I. Daniels, Laboratory Director Lesile C. Boardman, Q. A. Manager

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677

813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683 March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Project Name
Sample Description
Matrix
SAL Sample Number

Date/Time Collected

Clearwater Top MW-2 Groundwater 40694.02 02/27/04 09:18

Detection Limit	Date/I Analy		Date/Ti		Analyst
).5	03/04/04	08:07			JRW
).1	02/27/04	09:18			LRW
N/A					LRW
).1	02/27/04	09:18			LRW
0.05	02/27/04	09:18			LRW
			ŧ		
0.05	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
).01	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
.001	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
).01	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
.05	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
0.0001	03/01/04	14:30	03/01/04	10:40	AJH
).05	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
0.01	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04	14:35	LLS
	.1 .07A .1 .05 .05 .01 .001 .05 .0001 .05	.1 02/27/04 1/A 02/27/04 .1 02/27/04 .05 02/27/04 .05 03/01/04 .01 03/01/04 .01 03/01/04 .01 03/01/04 .05 03/01/04 .05 03/01/04 .05 03/01/04	.1 02/27/04 09:18 1/A 02/27/04 09:18 .1 02/27/04 09:18 .05 02/27/04 09:18 .05 03/01/04 10:30 .01 03/01/04 10:30 .001 03/01/04 10:30 .01 03/01/04 10:30 .05 03/01/04 10:30 .05 03/01/04 10:30 .05 03/01/04 10:30 .05 03/01/04 10:30	.1 02/27/04 09:18 1/A 02/27/04 09:18 .1 02/27/04 09:18 .05 02/27/04 09:18 .05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 .01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 .001 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 .01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 .01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 .05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 .0001 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 .0001 03/01/04 10:30 03/01/04 .005 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04	.1 02/27/04 09:18 N/A 02/27/04 09:18 .1 02/27/04 09:18 .05 02/27/04 09:18 .05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 .01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 .001 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 .001 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 .01 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 .05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 .05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35 .0001 03/01/04 14:30 03/01/04 10:40 .05 03/01/04 10:30 02/27/04 14:35

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677

813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683 March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Project Name Clearwater Top
Sample Description MW-3
Matrix Groundwater
SAL Sample Number 40694.03
Date/Time Collected 02/27/04 09:47
Date/Time Received 02/27/04 11:00

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Purgeable Halocarbons			·		·		
Bromodichloromethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Bromoform	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Bromomethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	16	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Chloroethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Chloroform	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Chloromethane	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Dibromochioromethane	· ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	-	28	EPA 601	0.5 0.5			JRW
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.68	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 12:32 03/04/04 09:00		JRW
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l ug/l	4.4	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethane	_	3.6	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
,	ug/i	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/l				03/04/04 09:00		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/l	1.6	EPA 601	0.5			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	1,300	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 13:28		JRW
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	11	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW JRW
Methylene chloride	ug/i	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/i	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Tetrachloroethene	ug/l	190	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 12:32		JRW
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Trichloroethene	ug/l	130	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 12:32		JRW
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/l	0.57	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Vinyl chloride	ug/l	0.65	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Purgeable Aromatics							
Benzene	ug/l	0.5 บ	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	16	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	28	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 12:32		JRW
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.68	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/i	4.4	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Ethylbenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Toluene	ug/l	1.8	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW
Xylenes (Total)	ug/l	0.69	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW

FDOH Laboratory No. E84129 NELAP Accredited Francis I. Daniels, Laboratory Director Leslie C. Boardman, Q. A. Manager

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683

March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Project Name

Sample Description Matrix

SAL Sample Number

Clearwater Top

MW-3

Groundwater 40694.03

02/27/04 09:47 02/27/04 11:00

Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received

	· ·									
Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analysi			
Purgeable Aromatics										
Methyl-t-butyl ether	ug/l	3.6	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:00		JRW			
Fleid Parameters			·							
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm	398.9	EPA 120.1	0.1	02/27/04 09:47		LRW			
pH	Units	5.6	EPA 150.1	N/A	02/27/04 09:47		LRW			
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/l	5.3	EPA 360.1	0.1	02/27/04 09:47	•	LRW			
Turbidity	NTU	60	EPA 180.1	0.05	02/27/04 09:47		LRW			
Metals										
Arsenic	mg/l	0.05 U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS			
Barium	mg/l	0.033	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS			
Cadmium	mg/l	0.001 U	EPA 200.7	0.001	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS			
Chromium	mg/l	0.022	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS			
Lead	mg/i	0.05 U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS			
Mercury	mg/l	0.0001 U	EPA 245.1	0.0001	03/01/04 14:30	03/01/04 10:40	HLA			
Selenium	mg/l	0.05 U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS			
Silver	mg/l	0.01 U	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS			

1 10 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fax 613-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683 March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Project Name Sample Description Matrix SAL Sample Number Date/Time Collected

Date/Time Received

Clearwater Top MW-4 Groundwater 40694.04 02/27/04 10:20 02/27/04 11:00

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Purgeable Halocarbons							
· · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		00.11	EDA CO4		02/04/04 00/56		IDIA/
Bromodichloromethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Bromoform	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Bromomethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	93	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 14:23		JRW
Chloroethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ug/l	. 0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Chloroform	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Chloromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Dibromochloromethane	ug/l	0.5 ป	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/i	86	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 14:23		JRW
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	4.8	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	19	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/l	2.2	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/l	2.9	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	2,500	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 16:12		JRW
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	29	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 14:23		JRW
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/i	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Methylene chloride	ug/l	2.4	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Tetrachloroethene	ug/l	150	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 14:23		JRW
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/l	4.4	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Trichloroethene	ug/l	250	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 15:17		JRW
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/l	0.67	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Vinyl chloride	ug/l	2.3	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Purgeable Aromatics				•			
Benzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	93	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 14:23		JRW
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/i	86	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 14:23		JRW
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	4.8	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	. ug/l	19	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Ethylbenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Toluene	ug/l	3.0	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW
Xylenes (Total)	ug/l	1.5	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 09:56		JRW

FDOH Laboratory No. E84129 NELAP Accredited Francis i. Daniels, Laboratory Director Leslie C. Boardman, Q. A. Manager

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677

813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683

March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Project Name

Sample Description

Matrix

SAL Sample Number

Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received

Clearwater Top

MW-4

Groundwater

40694.04

02/27/04 10:20

02/27/04 11:00

	02.2							
Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/T Analy		Date/Tim Prep	e Analyst
Purceable Aromatics								
Methyl-t-butyl ether	ug/l	3.4	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04	09:56		JRW
Field Parameters								
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm	376.1	EPA 120.1	0.1	02/27/04	10:20		LRW
pH	Units	6.2	EPA 150.1	N/A	02/27/04	10:20		LRW
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/l	6,4	EPA 360.1	0.1	02/27/04	10:20		LRW
Turbidity	NTU	34	EPA 180.1	0.05	02/27/04	10:20		LRW
Metals								
Arsenic	mg/l	0.05 U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04 14	1:35 LLS
Barium	mg/l	0.027	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04 14	1:35 LLS
Cadmium	mg/l	0.001 U	EPA 200.7	0.001	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04 14	1:35 LLS
Chromium	mg/l	0.01 U	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04 14	1:35 LLS
Lead	mg/l	0.05 U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04 14	1:35 LLS
Mercury	mg/l	0.0001 U	EPA 245.1	0.0001	03/01/04	14:30	03/01/04 10):40 AJH
Selenium	mg/l	์ 0.05 ป	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04 14	1:35 LLS
Silver	mg/l	0.01 U	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04	10:30	02/27/04 14	1:35 LLS

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N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683

March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Project Name Sample Description Clearwater Top Ditch

40694.05	
02/27/04 10	:40
02/27/04 11	:00

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analysi
Purgeable Halocarbons							
Bromodichloromethane	l/gu	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Bromoform	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Bromomethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Chloroethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Chloroform	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Chioromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Dibromochloromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/i	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1.1-Dichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/l	0.5. U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Methylene chloride	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Tetrachloroethene	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/l	0.3 U	EPA 601	0.3	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Trichloroethene	ug/l	0.2 U	EPA 601	0.2	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Vinyl chloride	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 601	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Purgeable Aromatics							
Benzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/i	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,3-Dichlorobenzeпe	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	. 0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Ethylbenzene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Toluene	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Xylenes (Total)	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677

813-855-1844 fex 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683

March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Project Name Sample Description Matrix SAL Sample Number Clearwater Top

Ditch

Surface Water 40694.05

Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received 02/27/04 10:40 02/27/04 11:00

Date/Time Received	02/2//0	4 11:00					
Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Purgeable Aromatics							
Methyl-t-butyl ether	ug/l	0.5 U	EPA 602	0.5	03/04/04 19:48		JRW
Fleid Parameters							
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm	308	EPA 120.1	0.1	02/27/04 10:40		LRW
pH	Units	6.6	EPA 150.1	N/A	02/27/04 10:40		LRW
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/l	18	EPA 360.1	0.1	02/27/04 10:40		LRW
Turbidity	υTu	10	EPA 180.1	0.05	02/27/04 10:40		LRW
Metals							
Arsenic	mg/l	0.05 U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS
Barium	mg/l	0.014	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS
Cadmium	mg/l	0.001 U	EPA 200.7	0.001	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS
Chromium	mg/l	0.01 U	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS
Lead	mg/l	0.05 U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS
Mercury	mg/l	0.0001 U	EPA 245.1	0.0001	03/01/04 14:30	03/01/04 10:40	HLA
Selenium	mg/l	0.05 U	EPA 200.7	0.05	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS
Silver	mg/l	0.01 U	EPA 200.7	0.01	03/01/04 10:30	02/27/04 14:35	LLS

1 10 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677

813-855-1844 fex 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 405 Tampa Road Palm Harbor, FL 34683

March 10, 2004 Project No: 40694

Revised

Laboratory Report

Footnotes

- Test results presented in this report meet all the requirements of the NELAC standards.
- A statement of estimated uncertainty of test results is available upon request.
- U Analyte was not detected; indicated concentration is method detection limit.

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLOSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fex 813-855-2218

SAL Report Page_

Rev.Date 11/19/01

SAL Project No. +0694

Chain of Custody Page ____ of

Client Name NS N	ettles								Contact / I	Phone; erton (727)	945-7696			
Project Name / Location	cules											Surcharges	may apply)	
Clear	water Top								24 Hour*	48 Hour*	5 Bus. D	Surcharges Days 1	0 Bus. Days	<u> </u>
Samplers: (Signature) Saug R.	iu-c	·					PARA	AMETER /	CONTAIN	ER DESCR	RIPTION	-		•
Matrix Codes: DW-Drinking Water WW-Wastewater SW-SurfaceWater SL-Sludge SO-Soil GW-Groundwater SA-Saline Water O-Other R-Reagent Water		·				10 to 30	4NO3 tals							No. of Containers (Total per each tocation)
SAL Use Only Sample No. Sample Description	Date	Time	Matrix	Composite	Grab	40 mL V, HCI 8 021-30-LL-5 & 1/&	250 mL P, HNO3 RCRA 8 Metals							No. of Contre
Ol mwil	2/27/04	0849	نىلى: 8W		х	2	1							5
07 MW-2		0918	SW SW		x	2	1							5
53 MW-3		0947	ندان SW		x	2	1			ļ			_	5
Of MW-4		1020	\$₩ **^		х	2	1							5
OS DITCH	1 4	10:40	SW		x	2	1		·					5
C Trip Blank	2/24/04	1430	R	П	x	1			·					
	17 17													
				\vdash	7									
	-				_			-	-		-			
	-				十				· · · · ·					
	_				\dashv									
	+			H	\dashv									
Containers Prepared/ Relinquished: Containers Prepared/ Relinquished: Containers Prepared/ Containers Prepa	Received: Received:	R. Wa	401	2/7	,	1/04 430, 1102 oy	Received Proper pr	intact upon a	np	Y N NA	Confirmat	ns / Remar ory icated ther ation but d		pect high
Relinquished: Date/Time: Relinquished: Date/Time:	Received:				Time:			rec'd w/out h ontainers use	eadspace .	ON NA				
Chain of Custody sh				L							<u></u>	 -		

1 10 BAYMEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

SAL Project# 十〇〇14 Date: ②フパロイ

			<u> </u>	roundwater	Sampling	Log			
Client				Site			Client Contac	it	
Name: NS Nettle	es & Ass	ocaties		Location:			Phone:		
_				40694	اما	•	GPS ·	Long.	
Well No.: //	1W-1		Sample ID:	1			Coordinates:	Lat.	
		 		Purgir	ng Data	·			
Well	AT	7	Total Well	16.4		Static Depth	. 20%	Well	
Diameter (in.):	mt_		Depth (ft.):	74,1	(D - (To Water (ft.):	Capacity (ga	I/ft):
Reference Elevation (NGVD)) :					e Elevation-St ter Elevation:	atic Depth)		
1 Well Volume	=	(Total V	Vell Depth - De	oth to Wate	r) x Well Ca	apacity =		3 Well Vol.	5 Well Vol.
(gal)	=		4 - 142			، ، إ	29	6.88	=
			Purge			Purge		Total Vol.	
Purge Method: (Grundfos	s Pump	Initiated At:	082	Q	Ended At:		Purged:	
					Ι΄	Temperatur	<u> </u>	Dissolved	
	ĺ	Vol.	Purge	Depth to]	e	Conductivity	Oxygen	Turbidity
Time		ged (gal)	Rate (gpm)	Water (ft)	pН	(C)	(umhos)	(mg/L)	(NTU)
0834		. 5			6.1	19.3	547	6.38	15.4
0839	5				6.1	20.0	558	6,27	15.2
C894	7.	5			6.0	20.1	519	5.75	15. Z
			-		<u> </u>				7.5
						·			
	 		 			 		 	
	 			ļ 		 			
			<u> </u>		· ·				
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
	<u> </u>				ļ				
•	<u> </u>					·			ļ
Well Capacity (gallo	ons/foot):	0.75" = 0.04;	1" = 0.04; 1.25").16; 3" = 0.37 ing Data	7; 4" = 0.65; <u>5"</u>	= 1.02; 6" = 1.47	7; 12" = 5.88	
Complet Dut	-				T		<u> </u>		
Sampled By/ Affiliation:					Sampler Signature:	An.	ux R. in	1	
Purging/					Sampling	0)00	Kampling		
Sampling Device	<u> </u>		•		Initiated At	1.0846	Sampling Ended At:	0849	Į.
Field Decontami	nation:	Y	N	Field Filtere	ed:	YN	Duplicate:	Y	N
Preservation Che			Initials:			Date:			
Field Cleaned (L	ist seque	ence and al	I solutions use	d):					
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
					,				,
				'					
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
0			Observed Sa	ample, Site,	and Weath	her Condition	<u>ıs</u>		
Observed Sample Color									
Observed							<u>.:</u>	 	
Sample Odor							•		
Weather									
Conditions				<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Comments (use	back of	form if nece	essary)						

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fex 813-855-2218

SAL Project# 106 [1]
Date: スクファク

	,	G	roundwater	Sampling	Log			
Client			Site			Client Contac	t	
Name: NS Nettle	es & Assocaties		Location:		·	Phone:		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	160-2		4060	14,02		GPS	Long.	İ
Well No.:	7 (0)	Sample ID:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Coordinates:	Lat.	
		I 	Purgir	ig Data	12 2			
Well		Total Well Depth (ft.):	700		Static Depth To Water (ft.	. 2.75	Well	. ((64.).
Diameter (in.): Reference		Depth (it.).	1.) 0	/Reference	Elevation-St	atic Denth)	Capacity (ga	11/11).
Elevation (NGVD))·				ter Elevation:	and Depart		i
1 Well Volume	'	/ell Depth - De	onth to Mate	<u> </u>			3 Well Vol.	5 Well Vol.
		=	-	•	, ,	37	72,97	=
(gal)	- 1//	5 8 - 2.75	<u> </u>	X 0.14		<i>)</i> !		<u> -</u>
Purge Method:(Crundfoe Pump	Purge Initiated At:	0900	<u>)</u>	Purge Ended At:		Total Vol. Purged:	1
ruige Metriou.	Sidifalos i dilip	miliated At.			Temperatur		Dissolved	T
	Vol.	Purge	Depth to		e	Conductivity		Turbidity
Time	Purged (gal)	Rate (gpm)	Water (ft)	pН	(C)	(umhos)	(mg/L)	(NTU)
0905	2.5			4.4	20.8	583	6.66	16.7
0910	5		/ 	4.4	2/5	530	6.804	15.6
0915	ファー			4.3	21.4	503	6.02	10:4
				<u> </u>	21.7	303	<u> </u>	1
	<u> </u>	 			 			
		<u> </u>			 		ļ	
								}
		 						
<u> </u>								<u> </u>
	<u> </u>							<u> </u>
		<u> </u>						
Well Capacity (gallo	ons/foot): 0.75" = 0.04;	1" = 0.04; 1.25"			7; 4" = 0.65; 5"	= 1.02; 6" = 1.4	7; 12" = 5.88]
			Sampl	ng Data		·		
Sampled By/				Sampler	W.	r.C. Wire	J .	
Affiliation:				Signature.	- Dary	XX. 005-0	<u></u>	
Purging/ Sampling Device	•			Sampling	t: 0914	Sampling Ended At:	0918	
Field Decontami		N	Field Filtere	d:	Y /N/	Duplicate:		₩ .
Preservation Che	ecked in the field?	Initials:	4110			27/07		
Field Cleaned (L	ist sequence and all	solutions use	d):				<u> </u>	
			DF	νZ				
				 		<u> </u>		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
		Observed S	ample, Site,	and Weat	her Condition	<u> </u>		 1
Observed Sample Color	Chan	<u>.</u>						
Observed	CHEAT				·			
Sample Odor	None	L						
Weather							· ······	
Conditions	Cloule	1/1		· .				
Comments (use	back of form if nece	essary)						
(

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fex 813-855-2218

SAL Project# 40694

Date: 31704

		G	roundwater	Sampling	Log			
Client			Site			Client Contac	rt —	
Name: NS Nett	les & Assocaties		Location:			Phone:		
			.40	694,00	٠. ٠	GPS	Long.	·
Well No.:		Sample ID:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<i></i>	Coordinates:	Lat.	
10/011		Tetal Moll	Pulgii	ng Data	Ctatia Danth		Weli	i
Well Diameter (in.):	MIU-3	Total Well Depth (ft.):	15.79	,—	Static Depth To Water (ft.	1.3 50	Capacity (ga	J/#\-
Reference	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Deput (ic.).	10.13		e Elevation-St		TO APACITY (ge	11/16/.
Elevation (NGV)	D):				ter Elevation:			,
1 Well Volume		/ell Depth - De	pth to Wate	r) x Well Ca	apacity =		3 Well Vol.	5 Well Vol.
(gal)	= (/	5,15-350	= 12.27)	x 0.14		.34		=
		Purge	10 13 3	٠-٤	Purge		Total Vol.	
	Grundfos Pump	Initiated At:	093		Ended At:	1942	Purged: 나	.S
(i) (ii)	}.	l l	k		Temperatur	l La critician succ	Dissolved	*
Time	Vol.	Purge	Depth to	5U	. e	Conductivity		Turbidity
	Purged (gal)	Rate (gpm)	Water (ft)	9H 5 · 4	(C)	(umhos) 393.5	. (mg/L) ゾ. イ/೪	(NTU)
1936	1.5	 						591
0939	3	<u> </u>	·	5.4	10.2	400.6	5-32	L
0942	4.5	ļ		Sile	20.2	398.9	5.31	5-8'.9
		<u> </u>	<u>.</u>			 		
					<u> </u>			
		l			<u> </u>			
			,					
	 	 						
Well Capacity (ga	ilons/foot): 0.75" = 0.04;	1" = 0.04; 1.25"	= 0.06; 2" = 0	.16; 3" = 0.3	7; 4" = 0.65; 5"	= 1.02; 6" = 1.47	7; 12" = 5.88	<u> </u>
				ing Data			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Sampled By/	•	radio s	·. ··	Sampler		•	, /	
Affiliation:			•	Signature:	· Oing	i se. W		
Purging/				Sampling		Sampling	000	
Sampling Device		<u> </u>	(· · · ·	Initiated A	t: 0945	Ended At:	099/7	
Field Decontam	nination: (Y) necked in the field?	N Initials:	Field Filtere	ed:		Duplicate. z 7	Υ	M)
	List sequence and all			<u> </u>	Date. C.7		>	
				× '?		·	,	
								
	· -························							
			·					
L		Observed S	ample, Site,	and Weat	her Condition	is		
Observed							,	
Sample Color	Brownis	L Tw	6.0					
Observed Sample Odor	Nime							}
Weather					- 			
Conditions	Cloudy	•						
	e back of form if nece	essary)	··					
{	•							
[1

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fex 813-855-2218

SAL Project# 4069

·			oundwater	Samping	Log			
Client			Site			Client Contac	ot .	
Name: NS Nettle	es & Assocaties		Location:			Phone:	 	
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		0	40694.00	1		GPS	Long.	
Well No.:		Sample ID:		·	·	Coordinates:	Lat.	
384-11		I -	Purgin	g Data	<u> </u>		1.4	
Well Diameter (in.):	1711-4	Total Well Depth (ft.):	16.25		Static Depth To Water (ft.	1. 2.25	Well	.1/64\.
Reference	7 7 90	(Depth (it.).	79.27		e Elevation-St	<i> </i> ·	Capacity (ga	into.
Elevation (NGVD	1).				ter Elevation:	atic Deptity		
	·						Ta	T- 100 111 1
1 Well Volume	·	ell Depth - De	•	•				5 Well Vol.
(gal)	= (/4	6.25 - 2.0	<u> </u>	x 0.16	2.24		672	=
	•	Purge			Purge		Total Vol.	_
Purge Method: C	Grundfos Pump	Initiated At:	6.45	5	Ended At: /	0.10	Purged:	7.5
					Temperatur		Dissolved	
Time	Vol.	Purge	Depth to	-11	e (0)	Conductivity	, , ,	Turbidity
Time	Purged (gal)	Rate (gpm)	Water (ft)	pΗ	(C)	(umhos)	(mg/L)	(NTU)
10:00	2.5			6.2.	19.1	3731	6.49	34.3
10:05	5			6.7	19.2	374.5	6.43	341
10:10	7,5			6.7	19.2	374.1	6.40	33.5
1								
								
		 						-
		\		L		L		
Well Capacity (gallo	ons/foot): 0.75" = 0.04;	1" = 0.04; 1.25"	= 0.06; 2" = 0	.16; 3" = 0.3	7; 4" = 0.65; 5"	= 1.02; 6" = 1.47	7; 12" = 5.88	
				ng Data				
Sampled By/				Sampler	. 12			
Affiliation:				Signature:	Tan	R.	•	
Purging/				Sampling	<u> </u>	Sampling		
Sampling Device					t: 10:15_	Ended At:	10:20	
Field Decontamin	nation: (Ұ		Field Filtere			Duplicate:	Υ	(2
	ecked in the field?	Initials:	2841		Date: う/c	77/04		
Field Cleaned (L	ist sequence and all		d):					
	· .	DIX	7		<u> </u>		·	
		Observed Sa	ample, Site,	and Weat	her Condition	15		
Observed	1.1.1		-					
Sample Color	Turbiol	·						
Observed	1100	•						
Sample Odor Weather	200					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Conditions	Nove	<i>ل</i> ر ,						
	back of form if nece							
		,,						

SOUTHERN ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC. 110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fex 813-855-2218 **Surface Water Sampling Log** Client Client Contact NS NETTICS Location: Clarewither TOD Name: Phone: GPS Surface Water Long. Description: Sample ID: Coordinates: Lat. Sampling Data Sampled By/ Larry Ward Sampler Affiliation: Southern Analytical Laboratories Signature: Sampling Sampling Device: Initiated At: 11 Sampling location relative to shore Method of approach (wading, boat, overhang, etc.) 411 Depth of sample (ft.) Est. Flow Rate (if applicable) 6.6 308 Specific Conductance (umhos) 18.1 Temperature (°C) 6.67 Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) Turbidity (NTU) 10.4 Sample Appearance Clera Sample Odor Noul Field Decontamination: Field Filtered: N Duplicate: Preservation Checked in the field? Initials: Date: Field Cleaned (List sequence and all solutions used): Site and Weather Conditions Comments (use back of form if necessary)

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Blvd. New Port Richey, FL 34689 March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Project Name Sample Description

iption

Matrix
SAL Sample Number
Date/Time Collected
Date/Time Received

Clearwater Top

NMW-1-3'

Solld 40621.01

02/24/04 14:16 02/25/04 09:40

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Volatile Organic Compounds (i	ow Level)						
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,1-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,2,4 Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,2-Dibromoethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 /U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
1,3-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
2,2-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
2-Chlorotoluene	ug/kg	0.5 บ	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
4-Chlorotoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Benzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Bromobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Bromochloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Bromodichloromethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Bromoform	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Bromomethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Chloroethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30	•	JRW
Chloroform	· ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Chloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 ป	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Dibromochloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Dibromomethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Ethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
isopropyibenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
m-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Methylene Chloride	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW

FDOH Laboratory No. E84129 NELAP Accredited Francis I. Daniels, Laboratory Director Leslie C. Boardman, Q. A. Manager

1 10 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677

813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Blvd. New Port Richey, FL 34689

March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Project Name

Clearwater Top

Sample Description

NMW-1-3'

Matrix SAL Sample Number Solid 40621.01

Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received

02/24/04 14:16 02/25/04 09:40

Date Time Received		U4 U5,4U					
Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Volatile Organic Compounds (L	.ow Level)						
Monochlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Naphthalene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
n-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
n-Propylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
o-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
p-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
p-Isopropyltoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
sec-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Styrene	ug/kg	0.5 ป	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
tert-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Tetrachioroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Toluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Total VOA	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Trichloroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Vinyl chloride	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Xylenes (Total)	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 20:30		JRW
Metals							
Arsenic	mg/kg	0.41	EPA 7060	0.1	03/02/04 09:30	02/26/04 10:50	LLS
Barium	mg/kg	0.5 U	EPA 6010	0.5	02/26/04 14:50		LLS
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.1 U	EPA 6010	0.1	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	LLS
Chromium	mg/kg	0.5 U	EPA 6010	0.5	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	LLS
Lead	mg/kg	2.0 U	EPA 6010	2.0	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	LLS
Mercury	mg/kg	0.020	EPA 7471	0.01	02/27/04 13:45	02/27/04 12:00	AJ <u>H</u>
Selenium	mg/kg	2.5 U	EPA 6010	2.5	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	LLS
Silver	mg/kg	0.5 U	EPA 6010	0.5	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	LLS

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLOSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Blvd. New Port Richey, FL 34689

March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Project Name

Clearwater Top

Sample Description

NMW-2-3.5'

Matrix SAL Sample Number Solid 40621.02

Date/Time Collected

02/24/04 16:30 02/25/04 09:40

Date/Time Received

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Volatile Organic Compounds (L	ow Level)						
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,1-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,2,4 Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,2-Dibromoethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	. ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
1,3-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
2,2-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
2-Chlorotoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
4-Chlorotoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Benzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Bromobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Bromochioromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Bromodichloromethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Bromoform	ug/kg	0.5 ป	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Bromomethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Chloroethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Chloroform	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Chloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Dibromochloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Dibromomethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Ethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Isopropylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
m-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Methylene Chloride	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW

FDOH Laboratory No. E84129 **NELAP Accredited**

Francis I. Daniels, Laboratory Director Leslie C. Boardman, Q. A. Manager

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677 813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Blvd. New Port Richey, FL 34689

March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Project Name Sample Description Matrix

Clearwater Top NMW-2-3.5' Solid 40621.02 02/24/04 16:30

SAL Sample Number Date/Time Collected

Date/Time Received 02/25/04 09:40

Parameters .	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Volatile Organic Compounds (I	ow Level)						
Monochlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Naphthalene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
n-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
n-Propylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
o-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
p-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
p-Isopropyltoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
sec-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Styrene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
tert-Butvlbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Tetrachloroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Toluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Total VOA	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Trichloroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Vinyl chloride	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Xylenes (Total)	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 21:24		JRW
Metals							
Arsenic	mg/kg	0.96	EPA 7060	0.1	03/02/04 09:30	02/26/04 10:50	LLS
Barium	mg/kg	2.1	EPA 6010	0.1	02/26/04 14:50		
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.1 U	EPA 6010	0.3	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	
Chromium	mg/kg	2.6	EPA 6010	0.1	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	
Lead	mg/kg	2.0 U	EPA 6010	2.0	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	
Mercury	mg/kg	0.013	EPA 7471	0.01	02/27/04 13:45	02/27/04 10:45	
Selenium	mg/kg	2.5 U	EPA 6010	2.5	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	
Silver	mg/kg	0.5 U	EPA 6010	0.5	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	

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N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Blvd. New Port Richey, FL 34689 March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Project Name Sample Description Matrix Clearwater Top NMW-3-2' Solid

SAL Sample Number Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received Solid 40621.03 02/24/04 15:13 02/25/04 09:40

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Volatile Organic Compounds (L	ow Level)						
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,1-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,2,4 Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,2-Dibromoethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1.2-Dichloroethane	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	· 0.2	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ug/kg	, 0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
1,3-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
2,2-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
2-Chlorotoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
4-Chlorotoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Benzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	· 0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Bromobenzene		0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Bromochloromethane	ug/kg ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5 0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Bromodichloromethane	ug/kg ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Bromoform	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Bromomethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Carbon tetrachloride	• •	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.5 0.3			
Chloroethane	ug/kg ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19 02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Chloroform	ug/kg ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Chloromethane	ug/kg ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.5			JRW JRW
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 22:19		
cis-1,3-Dichioropropene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Dibromochloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19 02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Dibromomethane	ug/kg ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5 0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/kg ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5 0.5			JRW
Ethylbenzene	ug/kg ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5 0.5	02/25/04 22:19 02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5 0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW JRW
Isopropylbenzene		0.5 U	EPA 8021		02/25/04 22:19		
m-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg		=	0.5			JRW
	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Methylene Chloride	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW

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N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Bivd. New Port Richey, FL 34689 March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Project Name

Sample Description

NMW-3-2'

Matrix

Solld

SAL Sample Number

40621.03

Clearwater Top

Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received 02/24/04 15:13 02/25/04 09:40

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Volatile Organic Compounds (L	ow Level)						
Monochlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Naphthalene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
n-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
n-Propylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
o-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
p-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
p-isopropyltoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
sec-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Styrene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19	1	JRW
tert-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Tetrachloroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Toluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Total VOA	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Trichloroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Vinyl chloride	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19	•	JRW
Xylenes (Total)	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 22:19		JRW
Metals	•						
Arsenic	mg/kg	0.1 U	EPA 7060	0.1	03/02/04 09:30	02/26/04 10:50	LLS
Barium	mg/kg	2.1	EPA 6010	0.5	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	LLS
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.1 U	EPA 6010	0.1	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	
Chromium	mg/kg	18	EPA 6010	0.5	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	
Lead	mg/kg	2.0 U	EPA 6010	2.0	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	
Mercury	· mg/kg	0.014	EPA 7471	0.01	02/27/04 13:45	02/27/04 12:00	AJH
Selenium	mg/kg	2.5 U	EPA 6010	2.5	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	LLS
Silver	mg/kg	0.5 U	EPA 6010	0.5	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	LLS

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N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Blvd. New Port Richey, FL 34689

March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Project Name

Sample Description Matrix

SAL Sample Number Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received

Clearwater Top NMW-4-2'

Solid 40621.04 02/24/04 14:50

02/25/04 09:40

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Volatile Organic Compounds (L	ow Level)						
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,1,2,2-Tetrachioroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1.1-Dichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,1-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,2,4 Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021		02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,2-Dibromoethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
1,3-Dichloropropane	. ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
2,2-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
2-Chlorotoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
4-Chlorotoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Benzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Bromobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Bromochloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Bromodichloromethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Bromoform	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Bromomethane	ug/kg	0.5 ป	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Chloroethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Chloroform	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Chloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 ป	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/kġ	8.1	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Dibromochloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Dibromomethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Ethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Isopropylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
m-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Methylene Chloride	ug/kg	· 0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW

FDOH Laboratory No. E84129 **NELAP Accredited**

Francis I. Daniels, Laboratory Director Leslie C. Boardman, Q. A. Manager

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813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Bivd. New Port Richey, FL 34689

March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Project Name

Sample Description

Matrix

SAL Sample Number Date/Time Collected

Clearwater Top

NMW-4-2'

Solid

40621.04 02/24/04 14:50

Date/Time Received	02/25/	04 09:40					
Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analysi
Volatile Organic Compounds (L	ow Level)						
Monochlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Naphthalene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
n-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
n-Propyibenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
o-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
p-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
p-Isopropyltoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
sec-Butvibenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Styrene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
tert-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Tetrachloroethene	ug/kg	1.0	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Toluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Total VOA	ug/kg	10	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW ·
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Trichloroethene	ug/kg	1.2	EPA 8021	0.2	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Vinyl chloride	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Xylenes (Total)	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	ug/kg	0.5 ป	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/25/04 23:14		JRW
Metals							
Arsenic	mg/kg	0.46	EPA 7060	0.1	03/02/04 09:30	02/26/04 10:50	LLS
Barium	mg/kg	9.9	EPA 6010	. 0.5	02/26/04 14:50		
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.15	EPA 6010	0.1	02/26/04 14:50		
Chromium	mg/kg	34	EPA 6010	0.5		02/26/04 10:45	
Lead	mg/kg	37	EPA 6010	2.0		02/26/04 10:45	
Mercury	mg/kg	0.028	EPA 7471	0.01	02/27/04 13:45		
Selenium	mg/kg	2.5 U	EPA 6010	2.5	02/26/04 14:50	-	
Silver	mg/kg	0.5 U	EPA 6010	0.5	02/26/04 14:50	02/26/04 10:45	LLS

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N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Blvd. New Port Richey, FL 34689

March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Project Name

Sample Description Matrix

SAL Sample Number Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received

Clearwater Top

Sediment Solld

40621.05 02/24/04 15:40 02/25/04 09:40

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Volatile Organic Compounds (L	ow Level)					 	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1.1-Dichloroethene		0.5 U					JRW
. =	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,1-Dichloropropene	ug/kg		EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,2,4 Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,2-Dibromoethane	ug/kg	. 0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	. 0.2	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
1,3-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
2,2-Dichloropropane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
2-Chlorotoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
4-Chlorotoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Benzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Bromobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Bromochloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Bromodichloromethane	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Bromoform	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Bromomethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Chloroethane	ug/kg	0.5 ປ	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Chloroform	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Chloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Dibromochloromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Dibromomethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Ethylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Isopropylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
m-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Methylene Chloride	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW

FDOH Laboratory No. E84129 **NELAP Accredited**

Francis I. Daniels, Laboratory Director Leslie C. Boardman, Q. A. Manager

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677

813-855-1844 fax 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Blvd. New Port Richey, FL 34689 March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Project Name Sample Description

Sample Description Matrix

SAL Sample Number Date/Time Collected Date/Time Received Clearwater Top

Sediment

Solid 40621.05

02/24/04 15:40 02/25/04 09:40

Parameters	Units	Results	Method	Detection Limit	Date/Time Analyzed	Date/Time Prep	Analyst
Volatile Organic Compounds (L	ow Level)						
Monochlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Naphthalene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
n-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 ป	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
n-Propylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
o-Dichtorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
p-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
p-Isopropyltoluene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
sec-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Styrene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
tert-Butylbenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Tetrachloroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Toluene	ug/kg	0.5`U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Total VOA	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/kg	0.3 U	EPA 8021	0.3	02/28/04 00:08		JRW
Trichloroethene	ug/kg	0.2 U	EPA 8021	0.2	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Vinyl chloride	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Xylenes (Total)	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Chlorobenzene	ug/kg	0.5 U	EPA 8021	0.5	02/26/04 00:08		JRW
Metals	•	•					
Arsenic	mg/kg	0.30	EPA 7060	0.1	03/02/04 09:30	02/26/04 10:50	LLS
Barium	mg/kg	7.2	EPA 6010	0.5		02/26/04 10:45	
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.27	EPA 6010	0.1		02/26/04 10:45	
Chromium	mg/kg	140	EPA 6010	0.5		02/26/04 10:45	
Lead	mg/kg	33	EPA 6010	2.0		02/26/04 10:45	
Mercury	mg/kg	0.036	EPA 7471	0.01		02/27/04 12:00	
Selenium	mg/kg	2.5 U	EPA 6010	2.5		02/26/04 10:45	-
Silver	mg/kg	0.5 U	EPA 6010	0.5		02/26/04 10:45	

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34677

813-855-1844 fex 813-855-2218

N. S. Nettles & Associates Inc. 201 Roosevelt Blvd. New Port Richey, FL 34689 March 3, 2004 Project No: 40621

Laboratory Report

Footnotes

Test results presented in this report meet all the requirements of the NELAC standards.

A statement of estimated uncertainty of test results is available upon request.

U Analyte was not detected; indicated concentration is method detection limit.

Results reported on a dry weight basis.

Finds

110 BAYVIEW BOULEVARD, OLDSMAR, FL 34877 813-855-1844 fex 813-855-2218

SAL Project No. 40(p)	1
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Client Name					•				Contact /) 045 7606			
NS Ne	ttles	·									945-7696		may ann	lv)
1	ater Top								24 Hour [48 Hour*	5 Bus	*Surcharges . Days*	10 Bus. Day	/s ['] [
Samplers: (Signature)) cariolai	UJC)we	100	Diq	PAR	AMETER /	CONTAIN	ER DESCF	RIPTION			
Matrix Codes: DW-Drinking Water WW-Wastewater SW-SurfaceWater SL-Sludge SO-Soil GW-Groundwater SA-Saline Water O-Other R-Reagent Water SAL Use Only Sample No. Sample Description	Date	Time	Matrix	Composite	Grab	40 mL V, Water & Stir bar 8021-so-LL	40 mL V, Cool 8021-so-H∟	8 oz jar. ਕੇਝੋਨੇਆ ਜੈ (cc l RCRA 8 Metals		·				No. of Containers (Total per each location)
01 NMW-1-31	2/24/04	14:16	so		x	2	2	1						5,5
02 NMW-2-35'	2(24)01	161.30	so		х	2	2	1						52
03 MMW - 3-2'	2/2-1/04	15115	SO		х	2	2	1						58 52 53
04 NMW-4-21	2/24/04	14:50	so		х	2	2	_ 1						5-
05 Selinest	212404	15:40	so		х	2	2	1						50
Trip Blánk			R		х		4							
missig Con cooler														
	-		<u> </u>	-						<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
				H									_	
				H										
Containers Prepared/ Relinquished; Date/Time: 2/23/64 WW.J.i.l. W.W.J.i.l. W.W.J.i.l. 1)936	Received:					: 1570 23lo4	Seal intac	t? intact upon a	rrival?	Y N N/A (Y)N N/A		ons / Remar	ks	
Relinquished: Date/Time: 2-24-04 C/40 Relinquished: Date/Time:	Received:		Date Date	Time	4-04 10	Proper pr	on ice? Tem eservalives in	np 3.7°C	(Y) N N/A	Client indicated there may be contamination but does not expect high levels.				
Relinquished: Date/Time:	Received:		Date/Time: Volatiles rec'd w /out Proper containers us		rec'd w /out h	~ .		no odor detected by Sampler by PD						
Relinquished: Date/Time:	Received:		-	Date	/Time	e: 				Y N (NA)	Samp	yer by,	(11)	

SAL Report Page ____ of _



CLARK ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. GENERATOR PROFILE DOCUMENT

Phone: (772) 464-4884 Fax: (772) 464-6566

New X Amendment

Tracking #: 1002 1815 01

Waste Common Name Soil Cuttings

the state of the s	
I GENERATOR INFORMATION Generator Name X Greg Van Hook	US EPA ID # FLD051482719
Site Address 1937 Calumet Street	State ID # SIC #
City Clearwater State FL Zip 33765-	Billing Name Van Hook Properties, Inc.
Mailing Address 1155 Tampa Road	Billing Address 1155 Tampa Road
City Palm Harbor State FL Zip 34683-	City Palm Harbor State FL Zip 34683-
Technical Contact Greg Van Hook	Billing Contact Greg Van Hook
Phone (727) 785-1610 Fax # (727) 785-3305	Phone (727) 785-1610 Fax (727) 785-3305
II WASTE GENERATION INFORMATION Process Description Soil cuttings from well installation at former gur	n finishing (plating) facility.
Is this material RCRA Hazardous? N If yes, list EPA waste code #	's
Does this waste contain Benzene subject to the control requirement	s of 40 CFR part 61 subpart FF (NESHAP) N Y/N
III PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 70°F Chemical Composition	Physical State Flash Point pH
	olids 100 % <73°F <2
	ree Liquids 0 % 73 - 140°F 2.1 - 5
	iludges 0 % 141 - 200°F 5.1 - 9
% Р	owders 0 % > 200°F 9.1 - 12.4
% p	Pebris
	Roiling Point Layers Viscosity
%	< 95°F Y Single LayerLow
%	>95°F Bi-Layered Medium
Density Specific Gravity	Y N/A Multi-Layered Y High
	color Brown
••	Reactivity
The state of the s	N/A Y Water Reactive N Sulfides N Shock Sensitive N
Date of the second second	The second of th
	Pyrophoric N DOT Explosive N
IV RECYCLING/FUEL BLENDING	Trophone 14 Bot Explosive 14
	% Ash Content 0 % VOC's ≥500ppm
Total Bromine 0 % Total Iodine 0 % Total Chlorine	0 % Total Sulfur 0 % Total Fluoride 0 %
V LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ebris Soil
Does this waste require identification of Underlying Hazardous Constitution of Underlying Hazardous Constitution of Underlying	stituents? (D001, D002, D004 - D043) N
hazardous constituent(s)	
CEI HEZ Die, GIPD - ellective BRB VVASIBITAC V-T.UC by Ensort Sontware, Inc.	

VI TOXICITY CHARACTERISTIC CONSTITUENTS Tracking #: 181501									
Constituent	TCLP (pp	<u>m)</u>	Total (ppm)	Constituent	TCLP (ppm	n) <u>T</u>	otal (ppm)		
D004 Arsenic	0	_≥ 5	0.96	D024 M-Cresol	. 0	_ ≥ 200 _	0		
D005 Barium	0	≥100	9.9	D025 P-Cresol	0	_ ≥ 200 _			
D006 Cadmlum	0	_≥1	.15	D026 Cresol	0	≥ 200 _	0		
D007 Chromium	0	_ ≥ 5	34	D027 1,4 Dichlorobenzene	0	≥ 7.5 	0		
D008 Lead	0	≥ 5	37	D028 1,2 Dichloroethane	0	≥ 0.5	0		
D009 Mercury	0	≥ 0.2	0.028	D029 1.1 Dichloroethylene	0	≥ 0.7	0		
D010 Selenium	0	_ ≥ 1	0	D030 2,4 Dinitrotoluene	0	_≥0.13_	0		
0011 Silver	0	_ _ <u>></u> 5	0	0031 Heptachlor	0	<u>></u> 0.008	0		
Copper	0	N/A	0	D032 Hexachlorobenzene	0	_ <u>></u> 0.13 	<u> </u>		
Zinc	0	N/A	0	D033 Hexachlorobutadiene	0	_ ≥.5	0		
Nickel	0	 _ ≥134 .	0	D034 Hexachloroethane	0	_≥3_	0		
Thallium	0	 _N/A .	0	D035 Methyl Ethyl Kelone	0	≥200	0		
D012 Endrin	0	_ ≥ 0.02	0	D036 Nitrobenzene	0	<u>≥</u> 2	0		
D013 Lindane	0	≥ 0.4	0	D037 Pentachlorophenol	0	≥100	0		
D014 Methoxychlor	0	 ≥ 10	0	D038 Pyridine	0	_≥ 5	0		
D015 Toxaphene	0	≥ 0.5	0	D039 Tetrachloroethylene	0	≥0.7	0.001		
D016 2,4, D	0	≥ 10	0	D040 Trichloroethylene	0	_ ≥ 0.5	0		
D017 2,4,5 TP (Silvex)	0		0	D041 2,4,5 Trichlorophenol	0	≥ 400 <u></u>	0		
D018 Benzene	0	 ≥0.5	. 0 .	D042 2,4,6 Trichlorophenol	0	_ ≥ 2 _	0		
D019 Carbon Tetrachloride	0	_ ≥0.5	0	D043 Vinyl Chloride	0	≥ 0.2	0		
D020 Chlordane	0	_ ≥0.03	0	PCB's		≥ 50	0		
D021 Chlorobenzene	0	 ≥100	0	Phenolics		N/A	0		
D022 Chloroform	0	_≥ 6	0	TOC %		N/A	0		
D023 O-Cresol	0	_≥ 200	0	TOX %		N/A	0		
VII SHIPPING INFORM	IATION	VOLUI	ME						
Volume			uency	DOT Information					
5 Gat Pail	Cu Yd	Bx Y	One Time	Shipping Name Soil cuttings. N	lon-regulated n	naterial			
10 Gal Drum	Pallet		Weekly						
20 Gal Drum	Tons		Monthly				- 		
30 Gal Drum	Cu.Yd:	s <u>—</u>	Quarterly	UN/NA # Hazar	d Class	Packing	Group		
	_ Gallons	s	Yearly	RQIbs. ERG#	Hazaro	dous Mate	rial?		
85 Gal Drum .	110 Ga	I Drum		Is this material a marine pollu	itant? N				
VIII ATTACHMENTS					· · .				
MSDS Sample Lat	Analysis	Y Oth	er Attachme	ents					
IX GENERATORS CER	RTIFICA	TION		 			·		
I hereby certify that all inform	nation sub	mitted in		ent and all attachments is a com					
	of all the known and suspected hazards of this waste material. I also hereby authorize CEI personnel to add any supplemental information provided I am contacted to give verbal permission. I also authorize CEI personnel to transpose the information								
contained on this dogument onto non-CEI waste profile documents and to sign said documents as our agent.									
Signature × Mun	y UN	with	st.	Printed Name * 6	regory J	·Vant	took		
1	Haral	Pon	estics.	- / // / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / 	<i>)</i>	· Onto	x 4/76/04		
Company Name * Van	MODIL	- 1 0 3/1	U1107/1	liue 2- 1		Uate	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		



CLARK ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. GENERATOR PROFILE DOCUMENT

Phone: (772) 464-4884 Fax: (772) 464-5566

New X Amendment

Tracking #: 1002 1815 02

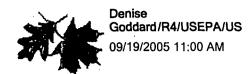
Waste Common Name Purge waters

I GENERATOR INFORMATION Generator Name Greg Van Hook		US EPA ID # FLD051482719					
Site Address 1937 Calumet Street		State ID # SIC #					
	765-	Billing Name Van Hook Properties, Inc.					
Mailing Address 1155 Tampa Road		Billing Address 1155 Tampa Road					
City Palm Harbor State FL Zip 34	683-	City Palm Harbor State FL Zip 34683-					
	003-						
Technical Contact Greg Van Hook		Billing Contact Greg Van Hook					
Phone (727) 785-1610 Fax # (727) 785-3305		Phone (727) 785-1610 Fax (727) 785-3305					
II WASTE GENERATION INFORMATION Process Description Water from the purging of wells at a former gun finishing (plating) facility. The source of the solvents is unknown.							
Is this material RCRA Hazardous? N If yes, list EPA waste	code	#'s					
Does this waste contain Benzene subject to the control requ	uireme	ents of 40 CFR part 61 subpart FF (NESHAP) N Y/N					
III PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 70°F Chemical Composition		Physical State Flash Point pH					
Water 100	%	Solids 0 % < 73°F < 2					
Solvents <.001	<u>%</u>	Free Liquids 100 % 73 - 140°F 2.1 - 5					
	%	Sludges 0 % 141 - 200°F Y 5.1 - 9					
	%	Powders 0 % Y > 200° F 9.1 - 12.4					
	%	Debris 0 % N/A >12.5					
	%	Boiling Point Layers Viscosity					
	%	< 95°F Y Single Layer Y Low					
	%	Y >95°F Bi-Layered Medium					
Density Specific Gravity		N/A Multi-Layered High					
Odor None	_	Color Colorless					
Does Waste Contain Any:		Reactivity					
Infectious or Biological Waste? N Fuming Acids?	4	N/A Y Water Reactive N					
	4	Sulfides N Shock Sensitive N					
	4	Cyanides N Thermally Sensitive N					
	<u> </u>	Pyrophoric N DOT Explosive N					
IV RECYCLING/FUEL BLENDING Heat Value 0 BTU/lb Water Content _	0	% Ash Content 0 % VOC's ≥500ppm N					
Total Bromine 0 % Total lodine 0 % Total C	hlorin	e 0 % Total Sulfur 0 % Total Fluoride 0 %					
V LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS	1						
Treatment Subcategory: Wastewater Nonwastewater Debris Soil							
Does this waste require identification of Underlying Hazardo If Yes, list all underlying hazardous constituent(s)	ous Co	onstituents? (D001, D002, D004 - D043) N					
Chines the Unit - process that VASIRITES V-1.00 DV Enson Sonware, and							

MAR

VI TOXICITY CHARACTERISTIC CONSTITUENTS					Tracking #	Tracking #: 181502		
1	TCLP (ppn		Total (ppm)	Constituent	TCLP (ppm)		Total (ppm)	
D004 Arsenic	0	≥ 5	0	D024 M-Cresol	0	≥ 200 _	0	
D005 Barium	0	_≥100	0.034	D025 P-Cresol	0	≥ 200	0	
D006 Cadmium	0	_≥1	0	D026 Cresol	0	≥ 200	0	
D007 Chromium	0	_≥ 5	0.022	. D027 1,4 Dichlorobenzene	0	≥ 7.5	0.086	
D008 Lead	0	_ _≥ 5	0	D028 1,2 Dichloroethane	0	≥ 0.5	0	
D009 Mercury	0	≥ 0.2	0	D029 1,1 Dichloroethylene	0	≥ 0.7	0.0016	
D010 Selenium	0	_≥1	0	D030 2.4 Dinitrotoluene	0	≥ 0.13	0	
D011 Silver	0		0	D031 Heptachlor	0	≥0.008 _.	0	
Copper	0	_ _N/A	0	D032 Hexachlorobenzene	0	≥0.13	0	
Zinc	0	N/A	0	D033 Hexachlorobutadiene	0	≥.5	0	
Nickel	0	_ _≥134 .	0	D034 Hexachloroethane	0	≥ 3	0	
Thallium	0	_N/A	0	D035 Methyl Ethyl Ketone	0	≥200	0	
D012 Endrin	0	_ ≥0.02	0	D036 Nitrobenzene	0	≥ 2	0	
D013 Lindane	0	_ _ ≥ 0.4	0	D037 Pentachlorophenol	0	≥100	0	
D014 Methoxychlor	0	 ≥ 10	0	D038 Pyridine	0	≥ 5	0	
D015 Toxaphene	0	- _ ≥ 0.5	0	D039 Tetrachloroethylene	0	≥ 0.7	0.190	
D016 2.4. D	0	<u>≥</u> 10	0	D040 Trichloroethylene	0	≥ 0.5	0.250	
D017 2,4,5 TP (Silvex)	0	~ ≥1	0	D041 2.4,5 Trichlorophenol	. 0	≥ 400	0	
D018 Benzene	0	- ≥0.5	0	D042 2,4,6 Trichlorophenol	0	≥ 2	0	
D019 Carbon Tetrachloride	0	_ ≥0.5	0	D043 Vinyl Chloride	0	≥ 0.2	0.0023	
D020 Chlordane	0	_ _≥0.03	0	PCB's		≥ 50	0	
D021 Chlorobenzene	0	_ _≥100	0.093	Phenolics		N/A	0	
D022 Chloroform	0	_ _≥ 6	0	TOC %		N/A	0	
D023 O-Cresol	0	≥ 200	0	TOX %		N/A	0	
VII SHIPPING INFORM	ATION/	VOLUI	ME					
Volume			neuch	DOT Information				
5 Gal Pail	Cu Yd I	Bx Y	One Time	Shipping Name Purge water,	Non-regulated ma	aterial		
10 Gal Drum	Pallet		Weekly					
20 Gal Drum	Tons		Monthly	**************************************			 	
30 Gal Drum	Cu.Yds	_	Quarterly	UN/NA # Haz	ard Class	Packing	Group	
3 55 Gal Drum	Gallons		Yearly	RQ lbs. ERG#	Hazardo	ous Mate	erial?	
85 Gal Drum	110 Gal	Drum		Is this material a marine po	Ilutant? N			
VIII ATTACHMENTS							·	
MSDS Sample Lab Analysis Other Attachments								
IX GENERATORS CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that all information submitted in this document and all attachments is a complete and accurate description of all the known and suspected hazards of this waste material. I also hereby authorize CEI personnel to add any supplemental information provided I am contacted to give verbal permission. I also authorize CEI personnel to transpose the information contained on the document onto non-CEI waste profile documents and to sign said documents as our agent.								
Company Name Vien Hook Properties, Inc. Title Pres Date 5/60/07								

	NON-HAZARDOUS	1. Generator's U			Manifest Co		. Page	1		4244			EW)
	WASTE MANIFEST	<u> </u>		Sat / Bland		*U1.0	of	-:					
3.	Generator's Name and Mailing Address	Gred you get				}							
		100 Танара											
١.	Generator's Phone (777) 722 1010	निकास निकारण			र्न्स् <u>इ</u> स्स्राप्त	.1,5-							
	Transporter 1 Company Name		6.	US EPA ID N	umbar		Tran	sporter's P	hooo				
	City's Environmental, Inc.				er i	l l	, IIan	sporter 3 r	none	٠.	11.1	1 1 5.1	l
<u> </u>	Transporter 2 Company Name			US EPA ID N			. Tran	sporter's i	hone				
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	Special Handling Instructions and Additional Info	ormation				E	E. Hand	dling Codes	s for Was	stes List	red Ab	oove	
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To Jon Bornholm/R4/USEPA/US@EPA, William Joyner/R4/USEPA/US@EPA

cc teresa.booeshaghi@dep.state.fl.us, allencj@bv.vom

bcc

Subject Fw: DQRs 34522 and 34429

Hi, Folks....See attached DQRs below....Denise
----- Forwarded by Denise Goddard/R4/USEPA/US on 09/19/2005 10:38 AM -----



Jim Chandler - ILS <jchandler@ils-inc.com> 09/16/2005 04:17 PM

To Denise Goddard/R4/USEPA/US@EPA

CC

Subject DQRs 34522 and 34429

DQR34429iC.wpd QQR34522iC.wpd

Accurate plating & Weponly Clear water, fl

September 9, 2005

INORGANIC DATA QUALIFIERS REPORT

Case Number: 34522

Project Number: 05-0813

Site: Former Accurate Plating and Weaponry, Clearwater, FL

Sample No.	Element	Flag	Reason
8852	Al	U	Positives in cal and prep blanks
	Fe	UJ	Matrix spike recovery = 143%
	•		Positives in cal blanks
	Na	J	Serial dilution % difference = 18%
			PE sample recovery < warning limit
8853	Al	U	Positives in cal and prep blanks
	Fe [']	J	Matrix spike recovery = 143%
	Hg	U	Baseline instability in cal blanks
	Na	J	Serial dilution % difference = 18%
			PE sample recovery < warning limit
	CN	Ū	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
8854	Cu	J	PE sample recovery > action limit
	CN	Ū	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
8855	Cu	J	PE sample recovery > action limit
	Hg	U	Baseline instability in cal blanks
	CN	Ū	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
8856	Cu	J	PE sample recovery > action limit
	CN	U	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
	_		
8857	Cu	J	PE sample recovery > action limit
	CN	Ŭ	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
8858	Cu	J	PE sample recovery > action limit
	CN	U	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
	_		
8859	Cu	J	PE sample recovery > action limit
	CN	Ū	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
8860	As	J	% RSD > 20% for ICP multiple exposures
	Cu	J	PE sample recovery > action limit
	Hg	U	Baseline instability in cal blanks
	CN	U	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
8861	Cu	J	PE sample recovery > action limit
	CN	Ü	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
		-	
8862	Cu	J	PE sample recovery > action limit
	Со	R	Analyte reported as potential false positive

September 9, 2005

INORGANIC DATA QUALIFIERS REPORT (Continued)

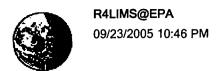
Case Number: 34522

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Project Number: 05-0813

Site: Former Accurate Plating and Weaponry, Clearwater, FL

Sample No.	Element	Flag	Reason
8863	Al	Ŭ	Positives in cal and prep blanks
	Sb	R	Analyte reported as potential false positive
	As	Ŭ	Baseline instability in cal blanks
	Fe	J	Matrix spike recovery = 143%
	Hg	U	Baseline instability in cal blanks
	Na	J	Serial dilution % difference = 18%
			PE sample recovery < warning limit
	CN	U	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
8864	Al	U	Positives in cal and prep blanks
	Sb	R	Analyte reported as potential false positive
	Fe	J	Matrix spike recovery = 143%
	Hg	U	Baseline instability in cal blanks
	Na	J	Serial dilution % difference = 18%
			PE sample recovery < warning limit
	CN	U	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
8865	Al	Ü	Positives in cal and prep blanks
	As	U	Baseline instability in cal blanks
	Fe	J	Matrix spike recovery = 143%
	Se	R	Analyte reported as potential false positive
	Na	J	Serial dilution % difference = 18%
			PE sample recovery < warning limit
	CN	U	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
8866	As	Ū	Baseline instability in cal blanks
	Fe	J	Matrix spike recovery = 143%
	Hg	U	Baseline instability in cal blanks
	Na	J	Serial dilution % difference = 18%
			PE sample recovery < warning limit
	CN	U	Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks
8867	Al	U	Positives in cal and prep blanks
	Sb	R	Analyte reported as potential false positive
	Fe	J	Matrix spike recovery = 143%
	Hg	Ŭ	Baseline instability in cal blanks
	Na	J	Serial dilution % difference = 18%
	CN	U	PE sample recovery < warning limit Baseline instability in cal and prep blanks



To William Joyner/R4/USEPA/US@EPA

cc Nardina Turner/R4/USEPA/US@EPA, Teresa.Booeshaghi@dep.state.fl.us

bcc

Subject R4LIMS Project 05-0813, MTL Analyses Completed

As of COB, Friday, September 23, 2005 the following results have been released in R4LIMS by the Region 4 Laboratory:

Analyses: METALS

Project Number: 05-0813

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry
City: Clearwater County: Pinellas State: FL

These results were laboratory branch-released in R4LIMS by:

Denise Goddard (E-mail: Goddard.Denise@epa.gov)

These results are for the following Sample Type(s)

Type 1 - water FIELD QC

Type 1 - water GROUNDWATER

Type 2 - soil SEDIMENT

Type 2 - soil SUBSURFACE SOIL

Type 2 - soil SURFACE SOIL

As project leader, these results are now available for you to print and/or export from within the R4LIMS application. If you wish for other R4LIMS users to have electronic access to this data you will need to perform a "Public Release" from within the R4LIMS application.

PDF DATASHEET FILE ATTACHMENT:

An Adobe Acrobat PDF file is attached to this message. It contains printouts of the datasheets, excluding results for Performance Evaluation samples (ie, excludes sedimspk, watspk, sedimblk, and qa/pes samples).

DBF DATA FILE ATTACHMENT:

As requested in the R4LIMS Project Log, <u>METALS</u> results for Project Number <u>05-0813</u>, excluding results for Performance Evaluation samples, are contained in a ZIP file (.DAT extension) attached to this message.

NOTE: This information is contained in a file that has been formatted using the ZIP archiving format. Upon download and unzipping of ZIP files you should have several separate files, including an ASCII text file called READTHIS.TXT that will contain more information about the files and how they can be utilized.

For questions concerning this message, attachments, printing, exporting, public

releasing,

or any other R4LIMS issues, please call the SESD PC Hotline at 706-355-8825 or send an email to r4lims@epa.gov.

If you have questions concerning the laboratory results, please feel free to contact the laboratory personnel shown above as having released the data. We also encourage you to provide feedback to the Region 4 laboratory by filling out our online (*EPA internal network only*) <u>Customer Survey Form</u>.

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE

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05-0813-MTL-092305.pdf 05-0813-MTL-092305.dat

Sample

8852 FY 2005

Project: 05-0813

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Id/Station: APWMB01 /

Media: FIELD QC

•

Clearwater, FL Case No: 34522

MD No: 38S1

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/04/2005

Ending:

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
83 UJ	UG/L	Aluminum
3.7 J	UG/L	Antimony
10 U	UG/L	Arsenic
200 U	UG/L	Barium
5.0 U	UG/L	Beryllium
5.0 U	UG/L	Cadmium
1500 J	UG/L	Calcium
10 U	UG/L	Chromium
50 U	UG/L	Cobalt
5.2 J	UG/L	Copper
30 UJ	UG/L	Iron
10 U	UG/L	Lead
330 J	UG/L	Magnesium
0.97 J	UG/L	Manganese
0.20 U	UG/L	Total Mercury
40 U	UG/L	Nickel
5000 U	UG/L	Potassium
35 U	UG/L	Selenium
10 U	UG/L	Silver
5000 UJ	UG/L	Sodium
25 U	UG/L	Thallium
50 U	UG/L	Vanadium
46 J	UG/L	Zinc
NA	UG/L	Cyanide

Cyanide Analysis Not Requested

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high, Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

METALS SAMPLE ANALYSIS

EPA - REGION IV SESD, ATHENS, GA

Production Date: 09/23/2005 10:19

Sample 8853 FY 2005 Project: 05-0813

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Id/Station: APWEB01 / Media: FIELD QC

. & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Case No: 34522

MD No: 38S0

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 08:00

Ending:

•		
RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
81 UJ	UG/L	Aluminum
3.5 J	UG/L	Antimony
10 U	UG/L	Arsenic
200 U	UG/L	Barium
5.0 U	UG/L	Beryllium
5.0 U	UG/L	Cadmium
1500 J	UG/L	Calcium
10 U	UG/L	Chromium
50 U	UG/L	Cobalt
5.9 J	UG/L	Copper
100 UJ	UG/L	Iron
10 U	UG/L	Lead
2200 J	UG/L	Magnesium
1.1 J	UG/L	Manganese
0.07 UJ	UG/L	Total Mercury
40 U	UG/L	Nickel
6900	UG/L	Potassium
35 U	UG/L	Selenium
10 U	UG/L	Silver ,
3400 J	UG/L	Sodium
25 U	UG/L	Thallium
50 U	UG/L	Vanadium
29 J	UG/L	Zinc
10 UJ	UG/L	Cyanide

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. [NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Project: 05-0813 Sample 8854 FY 2005

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF Id/Station: APWSB016 /

Media: SUBSURFACE SOIL

Clearwater, FL Case No: 34522

MD No: 38S2

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:00

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

_		
RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
840	MG/KG	Aluminum
7.4 U	MG/KG	Antimony
1.2 U	MG/KG	Arsenic
6.1 J	MG/KG	Barium
0.08 J	MG/KG	Beryllium
0.61 U	MG/KG	Cadmium
2800	MG/KG	Calcium
8.2	MG/KG	Chromium
0.29 j	MG/KG	Cobait
5.2 J	MG/KG	Copper
560	MG/KG	. Iron
12	MG/KG	Lead
120 J	MG/KG	Magnesium
12	MG/KG	Manganese
0.12 U	MG/KG	Total Mercury
3.1 J	MG/KG	Nickel
19 J	MG/KG	Potassium
4.3 U	MG/KG	Selenium
1.2 U	MG/KG	Silver
610 U	MG/KG	Sodium
3.1 U	MG/KG	Thallium
3.6 J	MG/KG	Vanadium
13	MG/KG	Zinc
0.12 UJ	MG/KG	Cyanide
19	%	% Moisture

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate, K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

8855 FY 2005 Project: 05-0813 Sample

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Id/Station: APWSED1 / Media: SEDIMENT

Case No: 34522

MD No: 38S3

Clearwater, FL

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:20

Endina:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
850	MG/KG	Aluminum
9.2 U	MG/KG	Antimony
1.5 U	MG/KG	Arsenic
9.2 J	MG/KG	Barium .
0.11 J	MG/KG	Beryllium
0.76 U	MG/KG	Cadmium
35000	MG/KG	Calcium
9.3	MG/KG	Chromium
0.50 J	MG/KG	Cobalt
25 J	MG/KG	Copper
1900	MG/KG	Iron
14	MG/KG	Lead
430 J	MG/KG	Magnesium
20	MG/KG	Manganese
0.10 UJ	MG/KG	Total Mercury
2.2 J	MG/KG	Nickel
88 J	MG/KG	Potassium
5.3 U	MG/KG	Selenium
1.5 U	MG/KG	Silver
260 J	MG/KG	Sodium
3.8 U	MG/KG	Thallium
3.7 J	MG/KG	Vanadium
86	MG/KG	Zinc
0.22 UJ	MG/KG	Cyanide
35	% -	% Moisture

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. I NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates. R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

8856 FY 2005 Project: **05-0813** Sample

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Id/Station: APWSED2 / Media: SEDIMENT

Clearwater, FL Case No: 34522

MD No: 38S4

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:35

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
480	MG/KG	Aluminum
8.2 U	MG/KG	Antimony
1.4 U	MG/KG	Arsenic
4.8 J	MG/KG	Barium
0.05 J	MG/KG	Beryllium
0.68 U	MG/KG	Cadmium
15000	MG/KG	Calcium
7.6	MG/KG	Chromium
0.22 J	MG/KG	Cobalt
5.8 J	MG/KG	Copper
530	MG/KG	Iron
12	MG/KG	Lead
260 J	MG/KG	Magnesium
6.7	MG/KG	Manganese
0.14 U	MG/KG	Total Mercury
4.3 J	MG/KG	Nickel
29 J	MG/KG	Potassium
4.8 U	MG/KG	Selenium
1.4 U	MG/KG	Silver
160 J	MG/KG	Sodium
3.4 U	MG/KG	Thallium
2.1 J	MG/KG	Vanadium
30	MG/KG	Zinc
0.16 UJ	MG/KG	Cyanide
27	%	% Moisture

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | point is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates. R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Produced by: Goddard, Denise Sample 8857 FY 2005 Project: 05-0813

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Id/Station: APWSED3 / Media: SEDIMENT

Clearwater, FL

Case No: 34522

MD No: 38S5 Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:40

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
560	MG/KG	Aluminum
8.1 U	MG/KG	Antimony
1.4 U	MG/KG	Arsenic
4.1 J	MG/KG	Barium
0.05 J	MG/KG	Beryllium
1.1	MG/KG	Cadmium
5400	MG/KG	Calcium
15	MG/KG	Chromium
0.34 J	MG/KG	Coball
10 J	MG/KG	Copper
540	MG/KG	Iron
13	MG/KG	Lead
150 J	MG/KG	Magnesium
4.5	MG/KG	Manganese
0.14 U	MG/KG	Total Mercury
2.9 J	MG/KG	Nickel
29 J	MG/KG	Potassium
4.7 U	MG/KG	Selenium
1.4 U	MG/KG	Silver
680 U	MG/KG	Sodium
3.4 U	MG/KG	Thallium
2.2 J	MG/KG	Vanadium
50	MG/KG	Zinc
0.09 UJ	MG/KG	Cyanide
28	%	% Moisture

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | Beporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 8858 FY

8858 FY 2005 Project: 05-0813

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Id/Station: APWSED4 / Media: SEDIMENT

, ..**,**....

Clearwater, FL Case No: 34522

MD No: 38S6

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:45

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
630	MG/KG	Aluminum
7.7 U	MG/KG	Antimony
1.3 U	MG/KG	Arsenic
4.1 J	MG/KG	Barium
0.05 J	MG/KG	Beryllium
0.64 U	MG/KG	Cadmium
3900	MG/KG	Calcium
11	MG/KG	Chromium
0.33 J	MG/KG	Cobalt
9.7 J	MG/KG	Copper
590	MG/KG	1ron
11	MG/KG	Lead
150 J	MG/KG	Magnesium
3.6	MG/KG	Manganese
0.13 U	MG/KG	Total Mercury
2.3 J	MG/KG	Nickel
26 J	MG/KG	Potassium
4.5 U	MG/KG	Selenium
1.3 U	MG/KG	Silver
640 U	MG/KG	Sodium
3.2 U	MG/KG	Thallium
2.0 J	MG/KG	Vanadium
49	MG/KG	Zinc
0.09 UJ	MG/KG	Cyanide
23	%	% Moisture

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

Sample 8859 FY 2005 Project: 05-0813

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Metals Scan

Id/Station: APWSED5 /

Media: SEDIMENT

Clearwater, FL

Case No: 34522 MD No: 38S7

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:50

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

	_	
RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
840	MG/KG	Aluminum
9.2 U	MG/KG	Antimony
1.5 U	MG/KG	Arsenic
7.1 J	MG/KG	Barium
0.06 J	MG/KG	Beryllium
0.77 U	MG/KG	Cadmium
3800	MG/KG	Calcium -
40	MG/KG	Chromium
0.59 J	MG/KG	Cobalt
19 J	MG/KG	Copper
900	MG/KG	Iron
18	MG/KG	Lead
330 J	MG/KG	Magnesium
7.4	MG/KG	Manganese
0.15 U	MG/KG	Total Mercury
6.5	MG/KG	Nickel
79 J	MG/KG	Potassium
5.4 U	MG/KG	Selenium
1.5 U	MG/KG	Silver
770 U	MG/KG	Sodium
3.8 U	MG/KG	Thallium -
3.2 J	MG/KG	Vanadium
63	MG/KG	Zinc
0.12 UJ	MG/KG	Cyanide
35	%	% Moisture

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample

8860 FY 2005

Project: 05-0813

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Id/Station: APWSS011 / Media: SURFACE SOIL

Clearwater, FL

Casé No: 34522

MD No: 38S8

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 08:20

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS -

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
3000	MG/KG	Aluminum
7.1 U	MG/KG	Antimony
1.2 J	MG/KG	Arsenic
17 J	MG/KG	Barium
0.15 J	MG/KG	Beryllium
0.24 J	MG/KG	Cadmium
41000	MG/KG	Calcium
11	MG/KG	Chromium
0.67 J	MG/KG	Cobait
7.1 J	MG/KG	Copper
2600	MG/KG	Iron
12	MG/KG	Lead
560 J	MG/KG	Magnesium
44	MG/KG	Manganese
0.05 UJ	MG/KG	Total Mercury
3.8 J	MG/KG	Nickel
58 J	MG/KG	Potassium
4.2 U	MG/KG	Selenium
1.2 U	MG/KG	Silver
290 J	MG/KG	Sodium
3.0 U	MG/KG	Thallium
5.9 J	MG/KG	Vanadium
33	MG/KG	Zinc
0.10 UJ	MG/KG	Cyanide
17	%	% Moisture

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

Sample

8861 FY 2005

Project: 05-0813

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Id/Station: APWSS021 / Media: SURFACE SOIL

Program: SF

MD No: 38S9

Clearwater, FL

Case No: 34522

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 08:30

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
1500	MG/KG	Aluminum
16	MG/KG	Antimony
2.2	MG/KG	Arsenic
81	MG/KG	Barium
0.16 J	MG/KG	Beryllium
1.7	MG/KG	Cadmium
38000	MG/KG	 Calcium
170	MG/KG	Chromium
4.7 J	MG/KG	Cobalt
210 J	MG/KG	Copper
11000	MG/KG	Iron
1200	MG/KG	Lead
720	MG/KG	Magnesium
79	MG/KG	Manganese
0.27	MG/KG	Total Mercury
850	MG/KG	Nickel
120 J	MG/KG	Potassium
4.9 U	MG/KG	Selenium
0.53 J	MG/KG	Silver
410 J	MG/KG	Sodium
3.5 U	MG/KG	Thallium
4.9 J	MG/KG	Vanadium
850	MG/KG	Zinc
0.26 UJ	MG/KG	Cyanide
29	%	% Moisture

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | Polytemate is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | UJ-Analyte not de N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

8862 FY 2005 Project: 05-0813 Sample

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Id/Station: APWSS031 / Media: SURFACE SOIL

Clearwater, FL Case No: 34522

MD No: 38T0

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 08:35

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
570	MG/KG	Aluminum
6.9 U	MG/KG	Antimony
1.2 U	MG/KG	Arsenic
15 J	MG/KG	Barium
0.04 J	MG/KG	Beryllium
0.58 U	MG/KG	Cadmium
5200	MG/KG	Calcium
150	MG/KG	Chromium
0.21 R	MG/KG	Cobalt
24 J	MG/KG	Copper
1300	MG/KG	Iron
80	MG/KG	Lead
120 J	MG/KG	Magnesium
5.1	MG/KG	Manganese
0.11 U	MG/KG	Total Mercury
12	MG/KG	Nickel
37 J	MG/KG	Potassium
4.0 U	MG/KG	Selenium
1.2 U	MG/KG	Silver
580 U	MG/KG	Sodium
2.9 U	MG/KG	Thallium
1.4 J	MG/KG	Vanadium
640	MG/KG	Zinc *
3.0	MG/KG	Cyanide
14	%	% Moisture

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | positive is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

Sample

Metals Scan

47 J .

5.0 U

8863 FY 2005 Project: 05-0813

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Clearwater, FL Case No: 34522

Program: SF Id/Station: HSAMW7 /

MD No: 38T3

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 15:50

Endina:

Media: GROUNDWATER **RESULTS UNITS** ANALYTE. 210 U UG/L 4.3 R UG/L 5.0 UJ UG/L

UG/L

UG/L

UG/L

Aluminum Antimony Arsenic

Barium Bervllium Cadmium

5.0 U 79000 UG/L Calcium Chromium 2.5 J UG/L 50 U UG/L Cobalt

UG/L Copper 6.4 J 2000 J UG/L Iron 10 U UG/L Lead

5100 UG/L Magnesium 7.0 J UG/L Manganese 0.11 UJ UG/L Total Mercury UG/L Nickel

2.6 J 3600 J UG/L Potassium 35 U UG/L Selenium 3.1 J UG/L Silver

UG/L Sodium 23000 J 25 U UG/L Thallium 47 J UG/L Vanadium

88 UG/L Zinc 10 UJ UG/L Cyanide

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value. L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

Media: GROUNDWATER

Production Date: 09/23/2005 10:19

Sample

Metals Scan

8864

FY 2005 Project: 05-0813

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Clearwater, FL

Program: SF Id/Station: NMW1 / Case No: 34522 MD No: 38T4

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 12:45

Ending:

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
150 UJ	UG/L	Aluminum
5.0 R	UG/L	Antimony
10 U	UG/L	Arsenic
21 J	UG/L	Barium
5.0 U	UG/L	Beryllium
5.0 U	UG/L	Cadmium
98000	UG/L	Calcium
2.9 J	UG/L	Chromium
50 U	UG/L	Cobalt
27	UG/L	Copper
7800 J	UG/L	. Iron
10 U	UG/L	Lead
9900	UG/L	Magnesium
95	UG/L	Manganese
0.15 UJ	UG/L	Total Mercury
40 U	UG/L	Nickel
2200 J	UG/L	Potassium
35 U	UG/L	Selenium
4.6 J	UG/L	Silver
32000 J	UG/L	Sodium
25 U	UG/L	Thallium
8.2 J	UG/L	Vanadium
40 J	UG/L	Zinc
10 UJ	UG/L	Cyanide

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

Sample

Metals Scan

8865 FY 2005

Project: **05-0813**

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Id/Station: NMW2 /

Media: GROUNDWATER

Clearwater, FL

Case No: 34522

MD No: 38T5

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 12:25

Ending:

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
280 U	UG/L	Aluminum
5.2 J	UG/L	Antimony
7.7 UJ	UG/L	Arsenic
22 J	UG/L	Barium
5.0 U	UG/L	Beryllium
5.0 U	UG/L	Cadmium
22000	UG/L	Calcium
4.9 J	UG/L	Chromium
50 U	UG/L	Cobait
5.2 J	UG/L	Copper
2100 J	UG/L	Iron
10 U	UG/L	Lead (,
9000	UG/L	Magnesium 📏
7.5 J	UG/L	Manganese
0.20 U	UG/L	Total Mercury
40 U	UG/L	Nickel
2900 J	UG/L	Potassium
5.4 R	UG/L	Selenium
10 U	UG/L	Silver
26000 J	UG/L	Sodium
25 U	UG/L	Thallium
21 J	UG/L	Vanadium
27 J	UG/L	Zinc
10 UJ	UG/L	Cyanide

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value. NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample

8866 FY 2005

Project: 05-0813

Metals Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry

Program: SF

Id/Station: NMW3 / Media: GROUNDWATER Clearwater, FL

MD No: 38T6

Case No: 34522

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 10:10

Ending:

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
640	UG/L	Aluminum
5.6 J	UG/L	Antimony
6.0 ÚJ	UG/L	Arsenic
18 J	UG/L	Barium
5.0 U	UG/L	Beryllium
5.0 U	UG/L	Cadmium
9400	UG/L	Calcium
11	UG/L	Chromium
2.7 J	UG/L	Cobalt
6.3 J	UG/L	Copper
2400 J	UG/L	lron
10 U	UG/Ļ	Lead
4100 J	UG/L	Magnesium
3.7 J	UG/L	Manganese
0.09 UJ	UG/L	Total Mercury
3.5 J	UG/L	Nickel
980 J	UG/L	Potassium
35 U	UG/L	Selenium
10 U	UG/L	Silver
38000 J	UG/L	Sodium
25 U	UG/L	Thallium
16 J	UG/L	Vanadium
45 J	UG/L	Zinc
10 UJ	UG/L	Cyanide

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit. Reporting limit. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates. R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample **Metals Scan**

8867 FY 2005

Project: 05-0813

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Program: SF

Id/Station: NMW4 /

Media: GROUNDWATER

Clearwater, FL Case No: 34522

MD No: 38T7

Inorg Contractor: CHEM

Produced by: Goddard, Denise

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 10:45

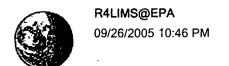
Ending:

_		
RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
380 U	UG/L	Aluminum
3.1 R	UG/L	Antimony
10 U	UG/L	Arsenic
18 J	UG/L	Barium
5.0 U	UG/L	Beryllium
5.0 U	UG/L	Cadmium
21000	UG/L	Calcium
4.7 J	UG/L	Chromium
1.9	UG/L	Cobalt
4.8 J	UG/L	Copper
2400 J	UG/L	Iron
10 U	UG/L	Lead
5100	UG/L	Magnesium
7.1 J	UG/L	Manganese
0.06 UJ	UG/L	Total Mercury
3.3 J	UG/L	Nickel
1100 J	UG/L	Potassium
35 U	UG/L	Selenium
10 U	UG/L	Silver
36000 J	UG/L	Sodium
25 U	UG/L	Thallium
18 J	UG/L	Vanadium
40 J	UG/L	Zinc
10 J	UG/L	Cyanide

Ú-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates. R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.



To William Joyner/R4/USEPA/US@EPA

cc Nardina Turner/R4/USEPA/US@EPA, Teresa.Booeshaghi@dep.state.fl.us, Jesus.Diaz@dep.state.fl.us

bcc

Subject R4LIMS Project 05-0790, VOA Analyses Completed

As of COB, Monday, September 26, 2005 the following results have been released in R4LIMS by the Region 4 Laboratory:

Analyses: <u>VOLATILES</u> **Project Number:** 05-0790

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry
City: Clearwater County: Pinellas State: FL

These results were laboratory branch-released in R4LIMS by:

Dennis Revell (E-mail: Revell.Dennis@epa.gov)

These results are for the following Sample Type(s)

Type 1 - water EQUIPMENT RINSE BLANK

Type 1 - water GROUNDWATER

Type 1 - water TRIP BLANK - WATER

Type 2 - soil SEDIMENT

Type 2 - soil SUBSURFACE SOIL

Type 2 - soil SURFACE SOIL

As project leader, these results are now available for you to print and/or export from within the R4LIMS application. If you wish for other R4LIMS users to have electronic access to this data you will need to perform a "Public Release" from within the R4LIMS application.

PDF DATASHEET FILE ATTACHMENT:

An Adobe Acrobat PDF file is attached to this message. It contains printouts of the datasheets, excluding results for Performance Evaluation samples (ie, excludes sedimspk, watspk, sedimblk, and qa/pes samples).

DBF DATA FILE ATTACHMENT:

As requested in the R4LIMS Project Log, <u>VOLATILES</u> results for Project Number <u>05-0790</u>, excluding results for Performance Evaluation samples, are contained in a ZIP file (.DAT extension) attached to this message.

NOTE: This information is contained in a file that has been formatted using the ZIP archiving format. Upon download and unzipping of ZIP files you should have several separate files, including an ASCII text file called READTHIS.TXT that will contain more information about the files and how they can be utilized.

For questions concerning this message, attachments, printing, exporting, public releasing,

or any other R4LIMS issues, please call the SESD PC Hotline at 706-355-8825 or send an email to r4lims@epa.gov.

If you have questions concerning the laboratory results, please feel free to contact the laboratory personnel shown above as having released the data. We also encourage you to provide feedback to the Region 4 laboratory by filling out our online (*EPA internal network only*) Customer Survey Form.

SAMPLE DISPOSAL POLICY:

According to our records this project is not part of a criminal investigation. Because of our limited space for long term sample storage, we must perform disposals on a routine basis.

Therefore, please take note that within 90 days of the date of this memo, the original samples and all extracts associated with the samples will be disposed of as required by all applicable and appropriate statutes.

These samples may be held in custody for longer than 90 days only by contacting our sample coordinator, Debbie Colquitt, by e-mail at Colquitt.Debbie@epa.gov.

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE

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05-0790-VOA-092605.pdf 05-0790-VOA-092605.dat

Sample 7833 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0001 / NMW-1 Media: GROUNDWATER Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 12:45

Ending:

		ANALYTE	RESULT		ANALYTE
1.0 U	UG/L	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Bromoform
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.0 U	UG/L	Bromobenzene
0.16 J	UG/L	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 UJ	UG/L	Bromomethane	0.18 J	UG/L	Tetrachioroethene (Tetrachioroethylene)
1.0 U	UG/L	Cyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.0 U	UG/L `	Vinyl Chloride	2.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloroethane	0.14 J	UG/L	Toluene
1.0 U	UG/L	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	0.33 J	UG/L	Chlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 U	UG/L	Methylene Chloride	1.0 U	UĠ/L	Ethyl Benzene
2.0 U	UG/L	Acetone	2.0 U	UG/L	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
1.0 U	UG/L	Carbon Disulfide	1.0 U	UG/L	o-Xylene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Acetate	1.0 U	UG/L	Styrene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
0.62 J	UG/L	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0 U	UG/L	o-Chlorotoluene
1.0 U	UG/L	2,2-Dichloropropane	1.0 U	UG/L	p-Chlorotoluene
5.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Bromochloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.29 J	UG/L	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloroform	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Isopropylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	n-Propylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L (Carbon Tetrachloride	1.0 U	UG/L	tert-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Bromodichloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/L	sec-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloropropane	0.27 J	UG/L	p-lsopropyltoluene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methylcyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/L	n-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Dibromomethane	2.0 U	ŪG/L	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.0 U	UG/L	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
0.16 J	UG/L	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.0 U		Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
0.12 J	UG/L	Benzene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Dibromochloromethane	1.00		ipajo ilioinerosonasiio
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

Bromomethane J-qualified due to low recovery in CCV J-qualified compound values less than 1.0 are >MDL but <MQL

Hexachlorobutadiene % recovery was low in LCSD.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7834 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0002 / HSAMW-7 Media: GROUNDWATER Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 15:50

Ending:

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE		UNITS	ANALYTE
1.0 U	UG/L	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Bromoform
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.0 U	UG/L	Bromobenzene
0.18 J	UG/L	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 UJ	UG/L	Bromomethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
1.0 U	UG/L	Cyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.0 U	UG/L	Vinyl Chloride	2.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Toluene
1.0 U	UG/L	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	1.0 U	UG/L	Chlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 U	UG/L	Methylene Chloride	1.0 U	UG/L	Ethyl Benzene
2.0 U	UG/L	Acetone	2.0 U	UG/L	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
1.0 U	UG/L	Carbon Disulfide	1.0 U	UG/L	o-Xylene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Acetate	1.0 U	UG/L	Styrene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
0.18 J	UG/L	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0 U	UG/L	o-Chlorotoluene
1.0 U	UG/L	2,2-Dichloropropane	1.0 U	UG/L	p-Chlorotoluene
5.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Bromochloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloroform	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Isopropylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	n-Propylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Carbon Tetrachloride	1.0 U	UG/L	tert-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Bromodichloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/L	sec-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0 U	UG/L	p-Isopropyltoluene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methylcyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/L	n-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Dibromomethane	2.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.0 U	UG/L	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.0 UJ	UG/L	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
1.0 U	UG/L	Benzene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Dibromochloromethane			•
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	•		

Bromomethane J-qualified due to low recovery in CCV J-qualified compound values less than 1.0 are >MDL but <MQL ·

Hexachlorobutadiene % recovery was low in LCSD.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | Reporting limit is an estimate. | N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | Reported value is an estimate. | K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7835 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0003 / NMW-2 Media: GROUNDWATER Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER
Beginning: 08/09/2005 12:25

Ending:

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
1.0 U	UG/L	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Bromoform
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.0 U	UG/L	Bromobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 UJ	UG/L	Bromomethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
1.0 U	UG/L	Cyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.0 U	UG/L	Vinyl Chloride	2.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Toluene
1.0 U	UG/L	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	0.13 AJ	UG/L	Chlorobenzene
0.43 AJ	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 U	UG/L	Methylene Chloride	1.0 U	UG/L	Ethyl Benzene
2.0 U	UG/L	Acetone	2.0 U	UG/L	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
1.0 U	UG/L	Carbon Disulfide	1.0 U	UG/L	o-Xylene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Acetate	1.0 U	UG/L	Styrene
5.2 A	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1.0 U	UG/L .	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0 U	UG/L	o-Chlorotoluene
1.0 U	UG/L	2,2-Dichloropropane	1.0 U	UG/L	p-Chlorotoluene
5.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Bromochloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloroform	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Isopropylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0 ປ	UG/L	n-Propylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Carbon Tetrachloride	1.0 U	UG/L	tert-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Bromodichloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/L	sec-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0 U	UG/L	p-Isopropyltoluene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methylcyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/L	n-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Dibromomethane .	2.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.0 U	UG/L	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene <	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.0 UJ	UG/L	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
0.075 AJ	UG/L	Benzene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Dibromochloromethane			
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

Bromomethane J-qualified due to low recovery in CCV J-qualified compound values less than 1.0 are >MDL but <MQL

Hexachlorobutadiene % recovery was low in LCSD.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | Reporting limit is an estimate. | N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7836 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0004 / NMW-3
Media: GROUNDWATER

Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 10:10

Ending:

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
20 U	UG/L	Dichlorodifluoromethane	20 U	UG/L	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
20 U	UG/L	Chloromethane	20 U	UG/L	Bromoform
20 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	20 U	UG/L	Bromobenzene
1.8 J	UG/L	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	20 U	UG/L	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
20 UJ	UG/L	Bromomethane	260	UG/L	Tetrachioroethene (Tetrachioroethylene)
20 U	UG/L	Cyclohexane	20 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichloropropane
20 U	UG/L .	Vinyl Chloride	40 U	UG/L	Methyl Butyl Ketone
20 U	UG/L	Chloroethane	3.4 J	UG/L	Toluene
20 U	UG/L	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	60 J	UG/L	Chlorobenzene
20 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	20 U	UG/L	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
20 U	UG/L	Methylene Chloride	20 U	UG/L	Ethyl Benzene
40 U	UG/L	Acetone	40 U	UG/L	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
20 U	UG/L	Carbon Disulfide	20 U	UG/L	o-Xylene
20 U	UG/L	Methyl Acetate	20 U	UG/L	Styrene
3.2 J	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethane	· 20 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1500	UG/L	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	20 U	UG/L	o-Chlorotoluene
20 U	UG/L	2,2-Dichloropropane	20 U	UG/L	p-Chlorotoluene
100 ປ	UG/L	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	3.5 J	UG/L	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
20 U	UG/L	Bromochloromethane	16 J	UG/L	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
20	UG/L	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	90	UG/L	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
20 U	UG/L	Chloroform	20 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
20 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloroethane	20 U	UG/L	Isopropylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	20 U	UG/L	n-Propylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloropropene	20 U	UG/L	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	Carbon Tetrachloride	20 U	UG/L	tert-Butylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	Bromodichloromethane	20 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	20 U	UG/L	sec-Butylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloropropane	20 U	UG/L	p-Isopropyltoluene
20 U	UG/L	Methylcyclohexane	20 U	UG/L	n-Butylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	Dibromomethane	40 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
20 U	UG/L	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	20 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
300	UG/L	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	20 UJ	UG/L	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
20 U	UG/L	Benzene	20 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
20 U	UG/L	Dibromochloromethane			
20 U	UG/L ,	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

Bromomethane J-qualified due to low recovery in CCV J-qualified compound values less than 20 are >MDL but <MQL

Hexachlorobutadiene % recovery was low in LCSD. Chlorobenzene J-qualified: % recovery high in the LCS/LCSD.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | Reporting limit is an estimate. | N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7837 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0005 / NMW-4 Media: GROUNDWATER Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 10:45

Ending:

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
20 U	UG/L .	Dichlorodifluoromethane	20 U	UG/L	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
20 U	UG/L	Chloromethane	20 U	UG/L	Bromoform
20 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	20 U	UG/L	Bromobenzene
12 J	UG/L	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	20 U	UG/L	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
20 UJ	UG/L	Bromomethane	. 170	UG/L	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
20 U	UG/L	Cyclohexane	20 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichloropropane
20 U	UG/L	Vinyl Chloride	40 U	UG/L	Methyl Butyl Ketone
20 U	UG/L	Chloroethane	2.7 J	UG/L	Toluene
20 U	UG/L	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	260 J	UG/L	Chlorobenzene
20 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	20 U	UG/L	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
20 U	UG/L	Methylene Chloride	20 U	UG/L	Ethyl Benzene
40 U	UG/L	Acetone	40 U	UG/L	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
20 U	UG/L	Carbon Disulfide	20 U	UG/L	o-Xylene
20 U	UG/L	Methyl Acetate	20 U	UG/L	Styrene
20 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethane	20 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
2100	UG/L	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	20 U	UG/L	o-Chlorotoluene
20 U	UG/L	2,2-Dichloropropane	20 U	UG/L	p-Chlorotoluene
100 U	UG/L	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	9.8 J	UG/L	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
20 U	UG/L	Bromochloromethane	43	UG/L	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
28	UG/L	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	180	UG/L	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
20 U	UG/L	Chloroform	20 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
20 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloroethane	20 U	UG/L	Isopropylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	20 U	UG/L	n-Propylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloropropene	20 U	UG/L	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	Carbon Tetrachloride	20 U	UG/L	tert-Butylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	Bromodichloromethane	20 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	20 U	UG/L	sec-Butylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloropropane	20 U	UG/L	p-Isopropyltoluene
20 U	UG/L	Methylcyclohexane	20 U	UG/L	n-Butylbenzene
20 U	UG/L	Dibromomethane	40 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
20 Ú	UG/L	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	20 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
180	UG/L	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	20 UJ	UG/L	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
20 U	UG/L	Benzene	20 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
20 U	UG/L	Dibromochloromethane			
20 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

Bromomethane J-qualified due to low recovery in CCV J-qualified compound values less than 20 are >MDL but <MQL

Hexachlorobutadiene % recovery was low in LCSD. Chlorobenzene J-qualified: % recovery high in the LCS/LCSD.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7838 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0006 / APW-SB01-6 Media: SUBSURFACE SOIL Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:00

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESÚLTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
0.90 U	UG/KG	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.90 U	UG/KG	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Chloromethane	4.5 U	UG/KG	Bromoform
0.90 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	0.90 U	UG/KG	Bromobenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.90 U	UG/KG	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
0.90 U	UG/KG	Bromomethane	0.90 U	UG/KG	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
0.90 U	UG/KG	Cyclohexane	0.90 U	ÚG/KG	1,3-Dichloropropane
0.90 U	UG/KG	Vinyl Chloride	0.90 U	UG/KG	Methyl Butyl Ketone
0.90 U	UG/KG	Chloroethane	0.90 U	UG/KG	Toluene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	0.90 U	UG/KG	Chlorobenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	0.90 U	UG/KG	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
0.90 U	UG/KG	Methylene Chloride	0.90 U	UG/KG	Ethyl Benzene
9.0 U	UG/KG	Acetone	1.8 U	UG/KG	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Carbon Disulfide	0.90 U	UG/KG	o-Xylene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Methyl Acetate	0.90 U	UG/KG	Styrene
0.90 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.8 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
0.90 U	UG/KG	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.90 U	UG/KG	o-Chlorotoluene
0.90 U	UG/KG	2,2-Dichloropropane	1.8 U	UG/KG	p-Chlorotoluene
1.8 U	UG/KG	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.8 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Bromochloromethane	1.8 U	UG/KG	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
4.5 U	UG/KG	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.90 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Chloroform	0.90 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
0.90 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloroethane	0.90 U	UG/KG	Isopropylbenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.90 U	UG/KG	n-Propylbenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloropropene	0.90 U	UG/KG	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Carbon Tetrachloride .	0.90 U	UG/KG	tert-Butylbenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Bromodichloromethane	0.90 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	0.90 U	UG/KG	sec-Butylbenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloropropane	0.90 U	UG/KG	p-Isopropyltoluene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Methylcyclohexane	1.8 U	UG/KG	n-Butylbenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Dibromomethane	4.5 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
0.90 U	UG/KG	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.8 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	0.90 U	UG/KG	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Benzene	1.8 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
0.90 U	UG/KG	Dibromochloromethane.	12	%	% Moisture
0.90 ป	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		-	

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7839 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0007 / APQ-SS01-1

Media: SURFACE SOIL

Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 08:20

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
1.1 U	UG/KG	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Chloromethane	5.4 U	UG/KG	Bromoform
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1:1 U	UG/KG	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromomethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
1.1 U	UG/KG	Cyclohexane	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.1 U	UG/KG	Vinyl Chloride	1.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.1 U	UG/KG	Chloroethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	Toluene
0.24 J	UG/KG	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	1.1 U	UG/KG	Chlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methylene Chloride	1.1 U	UG/KG	Ethyl Benzene
440 J	UG/KG	Acetone	2.2 U	UG/KG	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Carbon Disulfide	1.1 U	UG/KG	o-Xylene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl Acetate	1.1 U	UG/KG	Styrene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethane	2.2 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1.1 U	UG/KG	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.1 U	UG/KG	o-Chlorotoluene
1.1 U	UG/KG	2,2-Dichloropropane	2.2 U	UG/KG	p-Chlorotoluene
1.6 J	UG/KG	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2.2 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromochloromethane	2.2 U	UG/KG	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
5.4 U	UG/KG	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Chloroform	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	Isopropylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	n-Propylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Carbon Tetrachloride	1.1 U	UG/KG	tert-Butylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromodichloromethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.1 U	UG/KG	sec-Butylbenzene
1.1 Ü	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.1 U	UG/KG	p-lsopropyltoluene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methylcyclohexane	2.2 U	UG/KG	n-Butylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Dibromomethane	5.4 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.1 U	UG/KG	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	2.2 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.1 U	UG/KG	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Benzene	2.2 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Dibromochloromethane	33	%	% Moisture
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

All results below the MQL, but above the MDL reported as J. Acetone reported as J due to results above the calibration curve.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high, Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7840 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0008 / APW-SS02-1

Media: SURFACE SOIL

Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER
Beginning: 08/10/2005 08:30

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
0.96 U	UG/KG	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.96 U	UG/KG	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Chloromethane	4.8 U	UG/KG	Bromoform
0.96 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	0.96 U	UG/KG	Bromobenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.96 U	UG/KG	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
0.96 U	UG/KG	Bromomethane	0.96 U	UG/KG	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
0.96 U	UG/KG	Cyclohexane	0.96 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichloropropane
0.96 U	UG/KG	Vinyl Chloride	0.96 U	UG/KG	Methyl Butyl Ketone
0.96 U	UG/KG.	Chloroethane	0.96 U	UG/KG	Toluene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Trichtorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	0.96 U	UG/KG	Chlorobenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	0.96 U	UG/KG	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
0.96 U	UG/KG	Methylene Chloride	0.96 U	UG/KG	Ethyl Benzene
330 J	UG/KG	Acetone	1.9 U	UG/KG	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
0.55 J	UG/KG	Carbon Disulfide	0.17 J	UG/KG	o-Xylene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Methyl Acetate	0.96 U	UG/KG	Styrene
0.96 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.9 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
0.96 U	UG/KG	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.96 U	UG/KG	o-Chlorotoluene
0.96 U	UG/KG	2,2-Dichloropropane	1.9 U	UG/KG	p-Chlorotoluene
3.8	UG/KG	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.9 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Bromochloromethane	1.9 U	UG/KG	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
4.8 U	UG/KG	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.96 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Chloroform	0.96 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
0.96 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloroethane	0.96 U	UG/KG	Isopropylbenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.96 U	UG/KG	n-Propylbenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloropropene	0.39 J	UG/KG	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Carbon Tetrachloride	0.96 U	UG/KG	tert-Butylbenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Bromodichloromethane	0.96 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	0.96 U	UG/KG	sec-Butylbenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloropropane	0.96 U	UG/KG	p-Isopropyltoluene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Methylcyclohexane	1.9 U	UG/KG	n-Butylbenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Dibromomethane	4.8 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
0.96 U	UG/KG	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.9 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	0.96 U	UG/KG	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Benzene	1.9 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
0.96 U	UG/KG	Dibromochloromethane	25	%	% Moisture
0.96 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

All results below the MQL, but above the MDL reported as J. Acetone reported as J due to results above the calibration curve.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | Reporting limit is an estimate. | N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. | K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate, Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7841 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0009 / APW-SS03-1

Media: SURFACE SOIL

Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 08:35

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS		ANALYTE	RESULTS		ANALYTE
0.97 U	UG/KG	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.97 U	UG/KG	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
0.97 U -		Chloromethane	4.9 U	UG/KG	Bromoform
0.97 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	0.97 U	UG/KG	Bromobenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.97 U	UG/KG	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
0.97 U	UG/KG	Bromomethane	0.97 U	UG/KG	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
0.97 U	UG/KG	Cyclohexane	0.97 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichloropropane
0.97 U	UG/KG	Vinyl Chloride	0.97 U	UG/KG	Methyl Butyl Ketone
0.97 U	UG/KG	Chloroethane	0.97 U	UG/KG	Toluene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	0.97 U	UG/KG	Chlorobenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	0.97 U	UG/KG	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
0.97 U	UG/KG	Methylene Chloride	0.97 U	UG/KG	Ethyl Benzene
9.7 U	UG/KG	Acetone	1.9 U	UG/KG	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Carbon Disulfide	0.97 U	UG/KG	o-Xylene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Methyl Acetate	0.97 Ū	UG/KG	Styrene
0.97 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.9 Ú	·UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
0.97 U	UG/KG	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.97 U	UG/KG	o-Chlorotoluene
0.97 U	UG/KG	2,2-Dichloropropane	1.9 U	UG/KG	p-Chlorotoluene
1.9 U	UG/KG	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.9 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Bromochloromethane	1.9 U	UG/KG	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
4.9 U	UG/KG	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.97 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Chloroform	0.97 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
0.97 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloroethane	0.97 U	UG/KG	Isopropylbenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.97 U	UG/KG	n-Propylbenzene
0.97 ป	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloropropene	0.97 U	UG/KG	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Carbon Tetrachloride	0.97 U	UG/KG	tert-Butylbenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Bromodichloromethane	0.97 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	0.97 U	UG/KG	sec-Butylbenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloropropane	0.97 U	UG/KG	p-Isopropyltoluene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Methylcyclohexane	1.9 U	UG/KG	n-Butylbenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Dibromomethane	4.9 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
0.97 U	UG/KG	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.9 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	0.97 U	UG/KG	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Benzene	1.9 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
0.97 U	UG/KG	Dibromochloromethane	11	%	% Moisture
0.97 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7842 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0010 / APW-SED-1

Media: SEDIMENT

Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:20

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

		·			
RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
1.2 U	UG/KG	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.2 U	UG/KG	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Chloromethane	6.1 U	UG/KG	Bromoform
1.2 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.2 U	UG/KG	Bromobenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1.2 U	UG/KG	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.2 U	UG/KG	Bromomethane	1.2 U	UG/KG	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
1.2 U	UG/KG	Cyclohexane	1.2 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.2 Ū	UG/KG	Vinyl Chloride	1.2 U	UG/KG	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.2 U	UG/KG	Chloroethane	1.2 U	UG/KG	Toluene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	1.2 U	UG/KG	Chlorobenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.2 U	UG/KG	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.2 U	UG/KG	Methylene Chloride	1.2 U	UG/KG	Ethyl Benzene
20 U	UG/KG	Acetone	1.2 U	UG/KG	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
0.83 J	UG/KG	Carbon Disulfide	1.2 U	UG/KG	o-Xylene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Methyl Acetate	1.2 U	UG/KG	Styrene
1.2 U	UG/KG	1.1-Dichloroethane	2.4 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1.2 U	UG/KG	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.2 U	UG/KG	o-Chlorotoluene
1.2 U	UG/KG	2,2-Dichloropropane	2.4 U	UG/KG	p-Chlorotoluene
4.3	UG/KG	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2.4 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1,2 U	UG/KG	Bromochloromethane	2.4 U	UG/KG	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
6.1 U	UG/KG	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1,2 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Chloroform	1.2 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
1.2 U	UG/KG	1.2-Dichloroethane	- 1.2 U	UG/KG	Isopropylbenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.2 Ú	UG/KG	n-Propylbenzene
1.2 U	· UG/KG	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.2 U	UG/KG	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Carbon Tetrachloride	1.2 Ū	UG/KG	tert-Butylbenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Bromodichloromethane	1.2 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Methyl isobutyl Ketone	1.2 Ū	UG/KG	sec-Butylbenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloropropane	0.50 J	UG/KG	p-Isopropyltoluene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Methylcyclohexane	2.4 U	UG/KG	n-Butylbenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Dibromomethane	6.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.2 U	UG/KG	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	2.4 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.2 U	UG/KG	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Benzene	2.4 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.2 U	UG/KG	Dibromochloromethane	37	%	% Moisture
1.2 U	UG/KG	1.1.2-Trichloroethane			· · · · ·

All results below the MQL, but above the MDL reported as J.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7843 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0011 / APW-SED-2

Media: SEDIMENT

Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:35

Endina:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS UNITS	ANALYTE
1.4 U	UG/KG	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.4 U · UG/KG	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Chloromethane	7.0 U UG/KG	Bromoform
1.4 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.4 U UG/KG	Bromobenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1.4 U UG/KG	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.4 U	UG/KG	Bromomethane	1.4 U UG/KG	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
1.4 U	UG/KG	Cyclohexane	1.4 U UG/KG	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.4 U	UG/KG	Vinyl Chloride	1.4 U UG/KG	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.4 U	UG/KG	Chloroethane	1.4 U UG/KG	Toluene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	1.4 U UG/KG	Chlorobenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.4 U UG/KG	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.4 U	UG/KG	Methylene Chloride	1.4 U UG/KG	Ethyl Benzene
14 U	UG/KG	Acetone	2.8 U UG/KG	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
1.1 J	UG/KG	Carbon Disulfide	1.4 U _ UG/KG	o-Xylene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Methyl Acetate	1.4 U UG/KG	Styrene
1.4 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethane	2.8 U UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1.4 U	UG/KG	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.4 U UG/KG	o-Chlorotoluene
1.4 U	UG/KG	2,2-Dichloropropane	2.8 U UG/KG	p-Chlorotoluene
1.3 J	UG/KG	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2.8 U UG/KG	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Bromochloromethane	2.8 U UG/KG	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
7.0 U	UG/KG	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.4 U UG/KG	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Chloroform	1.4 U UG/KG	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
1.4 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.4 U UG/KG	Isopropylbenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.4 U UG/KG	n-Propylbenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.4 U UG/KG	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Carbon Tetrachloride	1.4 U UG/KG	tert-Butylbenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Bromodichloromethane	1.4 U UG/KG	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.4 U UG/KG	sec-Butylbenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.4 U UG/KG	p-Isopropyltoluene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Methylcyclohexane	2.8 U UG/KG	n-Butylbenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Dibromomethane	7.0 U UG/KG	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.4 U	UG/KG	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	2.8 U UG/KG	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.4 U UG/KG	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Benzene	2.8 U UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.4 U	UG/KG	Dibromochloromethane	44 %	% Moisture
1.4 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		

All results below the MQL, but above the MDL reported as J.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7844 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0012 / APW-SED-3

Media: SEDIMENT

Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:40

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
1.1 U	UG/KG	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1.1 Ŭ	UG/KG	Chloromethane	5.3 U	UG/KG	Bromoform
1.1 Ŭ	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromobenzene
1.1 Ŭ	UG/KG	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.1 Ŭ	UG/KG	Bromomethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
1.1 Ŭ	UG/KG	Cyclohexane	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.1 U	UG/KG	Vinyl Chloride	1.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.1 Ū	UG/KG	Chloroethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	Toluene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	1.1 U	UG/KG	Chlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methylene Chloride	1.1 ປ	UG/KG	Ethyl Benzene
11 U	UG/KG	Acetone	2.1 U	UG/KG	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Carbon Disulfide	1.1 U	UG/KG	o-Xylene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl Acetate	1.1 U	UG/KG	Styrene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethane	2.1 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1.1 U	UG/KG	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.1 U	UG/KG	o-Chlorotoluene
1.1 U	UG/KG	2,2-Dichloropropane	2.1 U	UG/KG	p-Chlorotoluene
2.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2.1 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromochloromethane	2.1 U	UG/KG	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
5.3 U	UG/KG	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Chloroform	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	Isopropylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	n-Propylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Carbon Tetrachloride	1.1 U	UG/KG	tert-Butylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromodichloromethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.1 U	UG/KG	sec-Butylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.1 U	UG/KG	p-Isopropyltoluene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methylcyclohexane	2.1 U	UG/KG	n-Butylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Dibromomethane	5.3 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.1 U	UG/KG	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	2.1 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.1 U	UG/KG	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Benzene	2.1 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Dibromochloromethane	33	%	% Moisture
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7845 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0013 / APW-SED-4

Media: SEDIMENT

Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:45

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
1.0 U	UG/KG	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0 U	UG/KG	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Chloromethane	5.0 U	UG/KG	Bromoform
1.0 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.0 U	UG/KG	Bromobenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1.0 U	UG/KG	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 U	UG/KG	Bromomethane	1.0 U	UG/KG	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
1.0 U	UG/KG	Cyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.0 U	UG/KG	Vinyl Chloride	1.0 U	UG/KG	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.0 U	UG/KG	Chloroethane	1.0 U	UG/KG	Toluene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	1.0 U	UG/KG	Chlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.0 U	UG/KG	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 U	UG/KG	Methylene Chloride	1.0 U	UG/KG	Ethyl Benzene
10 U	UG/KG	Acetone	2.0 U	UG/KG	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Carbon Disulfide	1.0 U 🕴	UG/KG	o-Xylene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Methyl Acetate 1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/KG	Styrene
1.0 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethane	2.0 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1.0 U	UG/KG	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	. 1.0 U	UG/KG	o-Chlorotoluene
1.0 U	UG/KG	2,2-Dichloropropane	2.0 U	UG/KG	p-Chlorotoluene
2.0 U	UG/KG	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2.0 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Bromochloromethane	2.0 U	UG/KG	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
5.0 U	UG/KG	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Chloroform	1.0 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
1.0 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/KG	Isopropylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/KG	n-Propylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.0 U	UG/KG	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Carbon Tetrachloride	1.0 U	UG/KG	tert-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Bromodichloromethane	1.0 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/KG	sec-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0 U	UG/KG	p-Isopropyltoluene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Methylcyclonexane	2.0 U	UG/KG	n-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Dibromomethane	5.0 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.0 U	UG/KG	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	2.0 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.0 U	UG/KG	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Benzene	2.0 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/KG	Dibromochloromethane	26	%	% Moisture
1.0 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. Reporting limit. Reporting limit is an estimate. N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. Reported value is an estimate. K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7846 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0014 / APW-SED-5

Media: SEDIMENT

Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/10/2005 09:50

Ending:

DATA REPORTED ON DRY WEIGHT BASIS

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
1.1 U	UG/KG	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Chloromethane	5.6 U	UG/KG	Bromoform
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromomethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
1.1 U	UG/KG	Cyclohexane	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.1 U	UG/KG	Vinyl Chloride	1.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.1 U	UG/KG	Chloroethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	Toluene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	1.1 U	UG/KG	Chlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methylene Chloride	1.1 U	UG/KG	Ethyl Benzene
11 U	UG/KG	Acetone	2.2 U	UG/KG	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Carbon Disulfide	1.1 U	UG/KG	o-Xylene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methyl Acetate	1.1 U	UG/KG	Styrene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloroethane	2.2 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1.1 U	UG/KG	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.1 U	UG/KG	o-Chlorotoluene
1.1 U	UG/KG	2,2-Dichloropropane	2.2 U	UG/KG	p-Chlorotoluene
2.2 U	UG/KG	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2.2 U	UG/KG	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromochloromethane	2.2 U	UG/KG	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
5.6 U	UG/KG	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Chloroform .	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	Isopropylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	n-Propylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Carbon Tetrachloride	1.1 U	UG/KG	tert-Butylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Bromodichloromethane	1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Melhyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.1 U	UG/KG	sec-Butylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.1 U	UG/KG	p-Isopropyltoluene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Methylcyclohexane	2.2 U	UG/KG	n-Butylbenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Dibromomethane	5.6 U	UG/KG	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.1 U	UG/KG	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	2.2 U	UG/KG	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.1 U	UG/KG	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Benzene	2.2 U	UG/KG	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.1 U	UG/KG	Dibromochloromethane	27	%	% Moisture
1.1 U	UG/KG	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | Reporting limit is an estimate. | N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | Reported value is an estimate. | K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

Sample 7847 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry . Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0015 / APW-EB01
Media: EQUIPMENT RINSE BLANK

Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 08:00

Ending:

				·	
RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
1.0 U	UG/L	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Bromoform
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.0 U	UG/L	Bromobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 UJ	UG/L	Bromomethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
1.0 U	UG/L	Cyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.0 U	UG/L	Vinyl Chloride	2.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloroethane	0.21 J	UG/L	Toluene
1.0 U	UG/L	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	1.0 U	UG/L	Chlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 U	UG/L	Methylene Chloride	1.0 Ú	UG/L	Ethyl Benzene
2.0 U	UG/L	Acetone	0.086 J	UG/L	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
1.0 U	UG/L	Carbon Disulfide	1.0 U	UG/L	o-Xylene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Acetate	1.0 U	UG/L	Styrene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1.0 U	UG/L	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0 U	UG/L	o-Chlorotoluene
1:0 U	UG/L	2,2-Dichloropropane	1.0 U	UG/L	p-Chlorotoluene
5.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Bromochloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloroform	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	`UG/L	Isopropylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	n-Propylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Carbon Tetrachloride	1.0 U	UG/L	tert-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Bromodichloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl isobutyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/L	sec-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0 U	UG/L	p-Isopropyltoluene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methylcyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/L	n-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Dibromomethane	2.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.0 U	UG/L	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.0 UJ	UG/L	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
1.0 U	UG/L	Benzene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Dibromochloromethane			
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

Bromomethane J-qualified due to low recovery in CCV J-qualified compound values less than 1.0 are >MDL but <MQL

Hexachlorobutadiene % recovery was low in LCSD.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | Reporting limit is an estimate. | N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte reported as tentative identification. | Reported value is an estimate. | K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.

Sample 7848 FY 2005 Project: 05-0790

Volatiles Scan

Facility: Former Accurate Plating & Weaponry Clearwater, FL

Program: SF

Id/Station: D0016 / APW-TB01 Media: TRIP BLANK - WATER Produced by: Hale, Sallie

Requestor:

Project Leader: WJOYNER Beginning: 08/09/2005 08:00

Endina:

RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE	RESULTS	UNITS	ANALYTE
1.0 U .	UG/L	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
0.24 J	UG/L	Chloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Bromoform
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	1.0 U	UG/L	Bromobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl T-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1.0 UJ	UG/L	Bromomethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Tetrachloroethene (Tetrachloroethylene)
1.0 U	UG/L	Cyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichloropropane
1.0 U	UG/L	Vinyl Chloride	2.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Butyl Ketone
1.0 U	UG/L	Chloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Toluene
1.0 U	UG/L	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	1.0 U	UG/L	Chlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-Dichloroethylene)	1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
	UG/L	Methylene Chloride	1.0 U	UG/L	Ethyl Benzene
2.0 U	UG/L	Acetone	2.0 U	UG/L	(m- and/or p-)Xylene
1.0 U	UG/L	Carbon Disulfide	1.0 U	UG/L	o-Xylene
	UG/L	Methyl Acetate	1.0 U	UG/L	Styrene
	UG/L	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
	UG/L	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0 U	UG/L	o-Chlorotoluene
	UG/L	2,2-Dichloropropane	1.0 U	UG/L	p-Chlorotoluene
	UG/L	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
	UG/L	Bromochloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
	UG/L	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
	UG/L	Chloroform	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
	UG/L	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L	Isopropylbenzene
	UG/L	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0 U	UG/L .	n-Propylbenzene
	UG/L	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
	UG/L	Carbon Tetrachloride	1.0 U	UG/L	tert-Butylbenzene
	UG/L	Bromodichloromethane	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.0 U	UG/L	sec-Butylbenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0 U	UG/L	p-isopropyltoluene
	UG/L	Methylcyclohexane	1.0 U	UG/L	n-Butylbenzene
	UG/L	Dibromomethane	2.0 U	UG/L	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)
1.0 U	UG/L	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
	UG/L	Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	1.0 UJ	UG/L	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
1.0 U	UG/L	Benzene	1.0 U	UG/L	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
1.0 U	UG/L	Dibromochloromethane			
1.0 U	UG/L	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			

Bromomethane J-qualified due to low recovery in CCV Chloromethane J-qualified because value is >MDL but <MQL

Hexachlorobutadiene % recovery was low in LCSD.

U-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | J-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value is an estimate. | UJ-Analyte not detected at or above reporting limit. | Reporting limit is an estimate. | N-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | NJ-Presumptive evidence analyte is present; analyte reported as tentative identification. | Reported value is an estimate. | K-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased high. Actual value expected to be less than the reported value.

L-Identification of analyte is acceptable; reported value may be biased low. Actual value expected to be greater than reported value.

NA-Not Analyzed. | NAI-Not Analyzed due to Interferences. | A-Analyte analyzed in replicate. Reported value is "average" of replicates.

R-Presence or absence of analyte can not be determined from data due to severe quality control problems. Data are rejected and considered unusable.



Diana.Wood@stb.dot.gov 09/26/2005 03:43 PM

To William Joyner/R4/USEPA/US@EPA

CC

bcc

Subject Greenville County Railroad Abandonment

Mr. Joyner -

As you are aware from our discussion last Friday September 23rd, the Greenville County Economic Development Corporation has filed a petition with the US Surface Transportation Board (STB) seeking abandonment of approximately 11.8 miles of rail line between milepost 0.0 in Greenville. SC. and milepost 11.8 in Travelers Rest, SC ("The Northern Segment"), and discontinuance of service over 3.29 miles of line, between milepost AJK 585.34 in East Greenville, SC, and milepost 588.63 in Greenville County ("The Southern Segment"). According to the Service list provide by the applicant's attorney, the Environmental and Historic Report was submitted to the Region 4 EPA and the Columbia office of the SC Dept of Health and Environmental Control for comment. Although we didn't receive comments from the EPA, the SC Dept of Health and Environmental Control commented that salvage activities could cause a release of contaminants into neighboring waterways. They suggested forwarding a copy of the Environmental and Historic Report to the SC Dept of Health and Environmental Control, Bureau of Land and Waste Management for further review. I followed up with a request to the applicant's attorney, and then proceeded (under specified deadlines associated with the EA process) to write an Environmental Assessment (EA), based on all available information. Since the Bureau of Land and Waste Management had yet to respond, I added a condition that required the Greenville County Economic Development Corp to consult with the SC Dept of Health and Environmental Control prior to commencement of any salvage activities, and to report the results to the STB.

During the comment period, this office received comments from two parties stating that there was contamination adjacent to portions of the Northern Segment, and that three sites were listed in the EPA CERCLIS data base as Superfund sites (Union Bleachery, Kerr Manufacturing, and a Quarry). In response, I contacted Chris Bartley in the Greenville office of SC Dept of Health and Environmental Control, Bureau of Waste Management. Mr. Bartley drafted a letter (with map) that discussed the Union Bleachery site. Although monitoring revealed the presence of contamination in the immediate vicinity of the tracks, Mr. Bartley stated in a telephone conversation that no conclusions could be rendered as to the actual contamination of the railroad right-of-way because the area in question had never been tested. Last Friday, I met with my section Chief, Victoria Rutson, and our in-house attorney, Evelyn Kitay, to draft language that would ensure that salvage activities are conducted in accordance with applicable environmental and safety regulations. We determined that prior to salvage of any track materials (removal of track, ties and ballast) adjacent to the portions of the identified sites of contamination (see attached letter from Mr. Hawkins), the Greenville Economic Development Corp shall consult with the appropriate parties and take the appropriate measures recommended by the SC Dept of Health and Environmental Control, Bureau of Waste Management, and the EPA Region 4, and report the results of the consultation to the STB.

Due to the time constraints associated with the EA process, I am required by law to finalize comments tomorrow, September 27, 2005. Please review this request, the attached EA and letter from Mr. Hawkins, as well as the letter from Chris Bartley I sent you last Friday, and let me know by COB today if you have any changes to the wording. The docket number is AB 490 1X, should you want to review the file on our web site at www.stb.dot.gov (under e-filings and environmental correspondence).

Thanks

Diana Wood Environmental Protection Specialist Section of Environmental Analysis US Surface Transportation Board 1925 K Street NW, Suite 500 Washington, DC 20423 202-565-1552







AB4901XEA.doc EI-1670.pdf Letter from SCDHEC Chris Bartley.pdf

SITE INSPECTION WORKSHEETS

CERCLIS	IDENTIFIC	CATION 1	NUMBE	R
FLD	·			

		SI	TE LO	CATION				
SITE NAME: LEG	GAL, COMMON, C	OR DESCRIPTIVE N	AME	OF SITE				
Former Accurate	Plating and Wea	ропгу	•	·				<u>.</u>
STREET ADDRE	SS, ROUTE, OR S	PECIAL LOCATION	IDEN	TIFIER				
1937 Calumet St	reet			•				• • •
CITY			STA	TE	ZII	CODE	TE	LEPHONE
Clearwater	•	· · · ·	FLO	DRIDA]- "	
COORDINATES:	LATITUDE AND	LONGITUDE	TOV	WNSHIP, RAN	VGE,	AND SEC	TION	
27° 59' 7" N	82° 45	5' 27" W	SE					
		OWNER/OPEI	RATOI	R IDENTIFICA	1TIO	N		-
OWNER				OPERATOR	₹ .			
Clearwater Tops	, Inc.					•••	-	
OWNER ADDRES	SS			OPERATOR	RAD	DRESS		
1937 Calumet St	reet	- •				•		
CITY				CITY				
Clearwater	••							• •
STATE	ZIP CODE	TELEPHONE		STATE		ZIP COD	Е	TELEPHONE
FLORIDA				FLORIDA	.	· ·		
	<u> </u>	<u></u>		L				
		SITE	EEVAL	LUATION				
AGENCY/ORGAN	NIZATION					 -		
Bureau of Waste	Cleanup/Florida	Department of Envi	ironm	ental Protecti	ion		•	•
INVESTIGATOR								
Craig Feeny						- '	•	
CONTACT								
Barbara Dick						·		
ADDRESS								
61 Forsyth Street	, S.W.					· 		
CITY			STA	TE			ZIP CO	
Atlanta			Geo	rgia			32399-	2400
TELEPHONE								
404-562-8923								

GENERAL INFORMATION

Site Description and Operation History: Provide a brief description of the site and its operation history. State the site name, owner, operator, type of facility and operations, size of property, activities that have or may have occurred at the site; note whether these activities are documented or alleged. Identity all source types and prior spills, floods, or fires. Summarize highlights of the PA and other investigations. Cite references.

The site is located at 1937 Calumet Street in a commercial/industrial area in Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida(Fig. 1)[1-4]. The southern portion of the site is occupied by a one-story concrete block building, while unpaved parking lot occupies the northern portion of the site. Allen's Creek, a 15 feet wide and 10 feet deep drainage canal, borders the eastern boundary of the site and a 4 feet wide and 3 feet deep swale runs along the southern boundary of the site[7 (p. 1)].

Circa 1977, Accurate Plating and Weaponry (APW) operated a gun refinishing facility in the eastern portion of the on-site building. Activities conducted by APW included dismantling firearms, chemically removing the finish from firearms, rinsing parts, immersing parts in phosphoric acid solutions (i.e., "blueing") or electroplating gold, nickel or hardchrome finishes onto firearm parts. Firearm parts were rinsed either immersing the parts in overflow rinse water tanks of by hosing the parts by hand and allowing rinse water to discharge onto the floor. The rinse water was subsequently directed outside of the building and onto the ground via discharge ports located near the base of the eastern wall of the building[7 (pp. 1-2, Plate 2)].

In 1986, FDEP conducted a site inspection at the facility. During the inspection, a slight soil discoloration was observed near the base of the northeastern discharge port. A cracked and leaking polypropylene drum of spent chrome solution was also observed on a concrete pad outside of the southeast corner of the building[7 (p. 2)].

During 1993 & 1994, HSA Environmental conducted on-site sampling investigations that included the installation of several soil borings and monitoring wells and the collection of several on-site soil and ground water samples. Analyses of the ground water samples revealed evidence of PCE (47.57 ug/l) and TCE (45.64 ug/l) in HSAMW-3), while benzene (0.47 ug/l) and trans-1,2-dichloroethylene (0.73 ug/l) were detected in HSAMW-6 and HSAMW-7, respectively[6, 7 (p. 2)].

Sediment and surface water samples were also collected from two locations in a canal that lies along the eastern border of the site (Allen's Creek). Follow-up analyses documented a lead concentration in one sediment sample that exceeded the Florida SGAQ-TEL, but other analytical results for the sediment and surface water samples were unremarkable [6, 14].

On 10/29/98, QORE supervised the installation of a permanent shallow monitoring well to evaluate water quality in the vicinity of HSAMW-3 [7 (p. 3)]. The new monitoring well (MW-7) was installed approximately six feet east of the HSAMW-3 well and finished a depth of 13 feet below land surface (bls)[7 (p. 3)]. The new well was sampled on 10/30/98, and the ensuing analyses revealed contamination by cis-1,2-dichloroethylene (11,000 ug/l), PCE (1,700 ug/l) and TCE (580 ug/l). Each of the latter concentrations exceeded applicable Federal MCLs, but the source of the contamination was not identified[7 (p. 3), 12].

During 10-11/00, QORE conducted a follow-up contamination assessment, in which near-surface soil samples (0-1 ft. bls) were collected and screened for VOCs; two piezometers and two monitoring wells (MW-8 and MW-9) were installed; ground water elevations were measured in piezometers, as well as existing and newly installed wells; ground water samples were collected from six of the monitoring wells; a sediment sample was collected from a swale on the southern border of the site; and a sediment sample and a surface water sample were collected from the canal on the eastern border of the site[7 (pp. 10-12; Plate #2)].

All samples were subjected to analyses for volatile organics and volatile halocarbons. Metals analyses were only performed on soil and sediment samples. [7 (pp. 10-12)].

No volatiles were detected in soil samples and metals concentrations and soil samples—with the exception of chromium¹—were below leachability SCTLs[7 (p. 11; Tables 3 & 4),11]. No volatiles were detected in a sediment sample collected from the swale on the southern border of the site or in surface water or sediment samples collected from the creek on the eastern border of the site[7 (Tables 3-5)]. No metals exceeded SCTLs or SQAGs in either of the sediment samples[7 (Table 4), 11,14].

In contrast to the analytical results for soil, sediment and surface water samples, volatiles, were detected in several ground water samples (i.e, MW-7, HSAMW-4, MW-8 and MW-9). The highest concentrations of such contaminants, including cis-1,2-dichloroethylene (4,200 ug/l), PCE (300 ug/l), TCE (170 ug/l), and vinyl chloride (4.8 ug/l) concentrations exceeding MCLs, were detected in a pair of ground water samples collected from MW-7. Also, a ground water sample collected nearby (HSAMW-4) contained cis-DCE and PCE concentrations (1,000 and 3.2 ug/l, respectively) in excess of MCLs. Cis-1,2-dichloroethylene, PCE, TCE and vinyl chloride were absent from the MW-9 background sample, located approximately 120 feet west (up-gradient) of the MW-7 and HSAMW-4 monitoring wells[7(p. 12; Table 6; Plates # 2-4)]. Numerous other contaminants were concurrently detected in shallow ground water samples (e.g., 1,2-dichlorobenzene, 1,4-dichlorobenzene, chlorobenzene, 1,1-dichloroethylene, trans-1,2-dichloroethylene, toluene, xylene. chloroform, and bromochloromethane), but none of the latter contaminants exceeded regulatory standards[7 (p. 12), 12].

¹ Total chromium exceeded the leachability SCTL for hexavalent chromium[7 (p. 11)], but trivalent chromium is generally predominant in most soils[13]

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Site Sketch: Provide a sketch of the sites. Indicated all pertinent features of the site and nearby environments including sources of wastes, areas of visible and buried wastes, buildings, residences, access roads, parking areas,					
fences, fields, drainage patterns, water bodies, vegetation, wells, sensitive environments, and other features.					
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GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

SOURCE DESCRIPTION: Describe all source at the site. Identify source type and relate to waste disposal operations. Provide source dimensions and the best available waste quantity information. Describe the condition of sources and all containment structures. Cite references.

SOURCE TYPES

Landfill:

A man-made (by excavation or construction) or natural hole in the ground into which wastes have come to be disposed by backfilling, or by contemporaneous soil deposition with waste disposal.

Source Impoundment:

A natural topographic depression, man-made excavation, or diked area, primarily formed from earthen materials (lined or unlined) and designed hold an accumulation of liquid wastes, waste containing free liquids, or sludges not backfilled or otherwise covered; depression may be wet with exposed liquid or dry if deposited liquid has evaporated, volatilized or leached; structures that may be described as lagoon, pond, aeration pit, settling pond, tailing pond, sludge pit; also a surface impoundment that has been covered with soil after the final deposition of waste materials (i.e., buried or backfilled).

Drum:

A portable container designed to hold a standard 55-gallon volume of wastes.

Tank and Non-Drum Container:

Any device, other than drum, designed to contain an accumulation of waste that provided structural support and is constructed primarily of fabricated materials (such as wood, concrete, steel, or plastic); any portable or mobile device in which waste is stored or otherwise handled.

Contaminated Soil:

An area or volume of soil onto which hazardous substance have been spilled, spread, disposed, or deposited.

Pile:

Any non-containerized accumulation above the ground surface of solid, non-flowing wastes; includes open dumps. Some types of waste piles are:

• Chemical Waste Pile: A pile consisting primarily of discarded chemical products, by-

products, radioactive waste, or unused feedstocks.

• Scrap Metal or Junk Pile: A pile consisting primarily of scrap metal or discarded durable

goods (such as appliances, automobiles, auto parts, batteries, etc.) composed of materials containing hazardous substances.

Tailings Pile: A pile consisting primarily of any combination of overburdened

from a mining operation and tailings from a mineral mining,

beneficiation, or processing operation.

• Trash Pile: A pile consisting primarily of paper, garbage, or discarded non-

durable goods containing hazardous substances.

Land Treatment:

Landfarming or other method of waste management in which liquid wastes or sludges are spread over land and tilled, or liquids are injected at shallow depths into soils.

Other:

Sources not in categories listed above.

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Source Description:	Include description	of containment	per pathway	for g	ground v	water ((see HRS	Table 3-2), surface
water (see HRS Table	4-2), and air (see H	RS Tables 6-3 a	nd 6-9).					•	

Available evidence suggest an on-site release to ground water by chlorinated solvents. However, no area of contaminated soil has been identified[7(p. 12; Table 6; Plates # 2-4)].

Hazardous Waste Quantity (HWQ) Calculation: SI Tables 1 and 2 (See HRS Table 2-5, 2-6, and 5-2)

			SING	LE SOL	RCE			
TIER TYPE	A: Hazardous Constituent Quan	ntity	B: Hazardous Wastestream Q	uantity	C: Volume		D: Area	
Quantity		lbs		lbs				
SOURCE TYPE	Landfill		Surface Impoun	dment	Drums		Tanks an Containe	d Non-drum r
	Contaminated So	oil	Pile		Land treatment		Others	
			MULT	IPLE SC	DURCE			
TIER	SOURCE TYPE			QUA	NTITY		UNIT	WQ
D .	Contaminated so	il		unkno	own		N/A	10
_							·	
_							· · ·	
_								
						TOT	AL WQ:	10

	<u> </u>		
Attach additional pages, if necessary	HWQ	10	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
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SI TABLE 1: HAZARDOUS WASTE QUANTITY (HWQ) SCORES FOR SINGLE SOURCE SITES AND FORMULAS FOR MULTIPLE SOURCE SITES

			Source Sites HWQ scores)
(Column 1)	(Column 2)	(Column 3)	(Column 4)
TIER	Source Type	HWQ = 10	HWQ = 100
A Hazardous Constituent Quantity	N/A	HWQ = I if Hazardous Constituent Quantity data are complete HWQ = I0 if Hazardous Constituent Quantity data are NOT complete	>100 to 10,000 lbs
B Hazardous Wastestream Quantity	N/A	≤500,000 lbs	>500,000 to 50 million lbs
	Landfill Surface Impoundment	≤6.75 million ft ³ ≤250,000 yd ³ ≤6,750 ft ³ ≤250 yd ³	>6.75 million to 675 million ft ³ >250,000 to 25 million yd ³ >6,750 to 675,000 ft ³ >250 to 25,000 yd ³
	Drums	≤1,000 drums	>1,000 to 100,000 drums
C Volume	Tanks and Non-drum Container	≤50,000 gallons	>50,000 to 5 million gallons
	Contaminated Soil	≤6.75 million ft ³ ≤250,000 yd ³	>6.75 million to 675 million ft ³ ≥250,000 to 25 million yd ³
	Pile	≤6,750 ft ³ ≤250 yd ³	>6,750 to 675,000 ft ³ >250 to 25,000 yd ³
	Other	≤6,750 ft ³ ≤250 yd ³	>6,750 to 675,000 ft ³ >250 to 25,000 yd ³
	Landfill	≤340,000 ft ² ≤7.8 acres	>340,000 to 34 million ft ² >7.8 to 780 acres
	Surface Impoundment	≤1,300 ft ² ≤0.029 acres	>1,300 to 130,000 ft ² >0.029 to 2.9 acres
D Area	Contaminated Soil	≤3.4 million ft ² ≤78 acres	>3.4 million to 340 million ft ² >78 to 7,800 acres
	Pile	≤1,300 ft ² ≤0.029 acres	>1,300 to 130,000 ft ² >0.029 to 2.9 acres
	Land Treatment	≤27,000 ft ² ≤0.62 acres	>27,000 to 2.7 million ft ² >0.62 to 62 acres

SI TABLE 1: (CONTINUED) HAZARDOUS WASTE QUANTITY (HWQ) SCORES FOR SINGLE SOURCE SITES AND FORMULAS FOR MULTIPLE SOURCE SITES

Single Source Sites (assigned HWQ scores)		Multiple Source Sites		
(Column 5)	(Column 6)	(Column 7) Divisor for	(Column 2)	(Column 1)
HWQ = 10,000	HWQ = 1,000,000	Assigning Source	Source Type	TIER
>10,000 to 1 million lbs	>1 million lbs	lbs ⊅ 1	N/A	A Hazardous Constituent Quantity
>50 million to 5 billion lbs	>5 billion lbs	lbs & 5,000	N/A	B Hazardous Wastestream Quantity
>675 million to 67.5 billion ft ³ >25 million to 2.5 billion yd ³	>67.5 billion ft ³ >2.5 billion yd ³	ft ³ & 67,500 yd ³ & 2,500	Landfill	
>675,000 to 67.5 million ft ³ >25,000 to 2.5 million yd ³	>67.5 million ft ³ >2.5 million yd ³	ft ³ \$\times 67.5 yd ³ \$\times 2.5	Surface Impoundment	
>100,000 to 10 million drums	>10 million drums	drums ♂ 10	Drums	
>5 million to 500 million gallons	>500 million gallons	gailons & 500	Tanks and Non-drum Container	C Volume
>675 million to 67.5 billion yd ³ >25 million to 2.5 billion yd ³	>67.5 billion yd ³ >2.5 billion yd ³	ft ³ & 67,500 yd ³ 2,500	Contaminated Soil	Volume
>675,000 to 67.5 million ft ³ >25,000 to 2.5 million yd ³	>67.5 million ft ³ >2.5 million yd ³	ft³ & 67.5 yd³ & 2.5	Pile	
>675,000 to 67.5 million ft ³ >25,000 to 2.5 million yd ³	>67.5 million ft ³ >2.5 million yd ³	ft ³	Other	
>34 million to 3.4 billion ft ² >780 to 78,000 acres	>3.4 billion ft ² >78,000 acres	ft ² ♂ 3,400 acres ♂ 0.078	Landfill	
>130,000 to 13 million ft ² >2.9 to 290 acres	>13 million ft ² >290 acres	ft ² & 13 acres & 0.00029	Surface Impoundment	
>340 million to 34 billion ft ² >7,800 to 780,000 acres	> 34 billion ft ² >780,000 acres	ft ² ♂ 34,000 acres ♂ 0.78	Contaminated Soil	D Area
>130,000 to 13 million ft ² >2.9 to 290 acres	>13 million ft ² >290 acres	ft ² & 13 acres & 0.00029	Pile	
>2.7 million to 270 million ft ² >62 to 6,200 acres	>270 million ft ² >6,200 acres	ft ² ♂ 270 acres ♂ 0.0062	Land Treatment	

HAZARDOUS WASTE QUANTITY (HWQ) CALCULATION

For each migration pathway, evaluate HWQ associated with sources that are available (i.e., incompletely contained) to migrate to that pathway. (Note: If Actual Contamination Targets exist for ground water, surface water, or air migration pathways, assign the calculated HWQ for one or more of the four tiers (SI Table 1; HRS Table 2-5) for which data exist: constituent quantity, wastestream quantity, source volume, and source area. Select the tier that gives the highest value as the source HWQ. Select the source volume HWQ rather than source area HWQ if data for both tiers are available.

Column 1 of SI Table 1 indicates the quantity tier. Column 2 lists source types for the four tiers. Columns 3, 4, 5 and 6 provide ranges of waste amount for sites with only one source, corresponding to HWQ scores at the tops of the columns. Column 7 provides formulas to obtain source waste quantity (WQ) values at sites with multiple sources.

- 1. Identify each source type.
- 2. Examine all waste quantity data available for each source. Record constituent quantity and waste stream mass or volume. Record dimensions of each source.
- 3. Convert source measurements to appropriate units for each tier to be evaluated.
- 4. For each source, use the formulas in the last column of SI Table 1 to determine the waste quantity value for each tier that can be evaluated. Use the waste quantity value obtained from the highest tier as the quantity value for the source.
- 5. Sum the values assigned to each source to determine the total site waste quantity.
- 6. Assign HWQ score from SI Table 2 (HRS Table 2-6).

Note these exceptions to evaluate soil exposure pathway HWQ (see HRS Table 5-2):

- * The divisor for the area (square feet) of a landfill is 34,000.
- * The divisor for the area (square feet) of a pile is 34.
- * Wet surface impoundments and tanks and non-drum container are the only sources for which volume measurements are evaluated for the soil exposure pathway.

SI TABLE 2: HWQ SCORES FOR SITES

Site WQ Total	HWQ Score	
0	0	
1ª to 100	1 ^b	
>100 to 10,000	100	
>10,000 to 1 million	10,000	
>1 million	1,000,000	

^a If the WQ total is between 0 and 1, round it to 1.

^b If the hazardous constituent quantity data are not complete, assign the score of 10

SI TABLE 3: WASTE CHARACTERIZATION WORKSHEET

Site	Name: Clearwater Top, Inc.		References: [7(p. 12; Table 6; Plates # 2-4)].
Soui	ce:		
1.	Contaminated soil	4. ·	7.
2.	Contaminated soil	5.	8.
3.		6.	9.

			GRO	UND				SURF	ACE WA	TER PA	THWAY				
SOURCE	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	TOXICITY		TER IWAY		0	VERLAN	ID/FLOOD N	MIGRA	rion			OUND URFAC		
	÷		GW Mobilit y (HRS Table 3-8)	Tox/ Mobilit y Value (HRS Table 3-9)	Per (HRS Tables 4-10 & 4-11)	Tox/Per Value (HRS Table 4-12)	Bioac Pot. (HRS Table 4-15)	Tox/Per/Bio ac Value (HRS Table 4-16)	Ecotox (HRS Table 4-19)	Ecotox/ Pers (HRS Table 4-20)	Ecotox/ Pers/ Bioacc Value (HRS Table 4-21)	Tox/ Mob/ Pers/ Value (HRS Table 4-26)	Tox/ Mob/ Pers/ Bioacc Value (HRS Table 4-28)	Ecotox /Mob/ Pers Value (HRS Table 4-29)	Ecotox /Mob/ Pers/ Bioacc Value (HRS Table 4-30)
1.	PCE	100	1-71	100	To the second								la egr		
	TCE	10	1	10											
	Vinyl chloride	10,000	27 1	10,000						17.2 m (1 12.1 12.1 17.33 12.1 12.1 17.33					
	Cis-1,2-DCE	100	1	100											
					1 . 14										
		ong or gare your orthogonal and the second of the second o							1 · 10 · 1	26 m 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			., .: (1 / -) (1 -) (2 / -) (3 / -) (3 / -)	17. 1944 1 11	
			É: T						er ever er eveler er evele <u>r</u>				10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		
			7				1 1 4 7 1 1 1 1 1			7 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				 8
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								m and more or a company of the compa						1

F: Water Type - Fresh, K: Karst, L: Water Body - Lake, O: Observed Release, Q: Deposit as Liquid R: Water Body - River S: Water Type - Salt

Ground Water Observed Release Substances Summary Table

On SI Table 4, list the hazardous substances associated with the site detected in ground water samples for that aquifer. Include only those substances directly observed or with concentrations significantly greater than background levels. Obtain toxicity values from the Superfund Chemical Data Matrix (SCDM). Assign mobility a value of 1 for all observed release substances regardless of the aquifer being evaluated. For each substance, multiply the toxicity by the mobility to obtain the toxicity/mobility factor value; enter the highest toxicity/mobility value for the aquifer in the space provided.

Obtain benchmark, cancer risk, and reference dose concentrations from SCDM. For FDAAL benchmarks, determine the highest percentages of benchmark obtained for any substance. For cancer risk and reference dose, sum the percentages for the substances listed. If benchmark, cancer risk, or reference dose concentrations are not available for a particular substance, enter N/A for the percentage. If the highest benchmark percentage sum calculated for cancer risk or reference dose equals or exceeds 100%, evaluate this portion of fishery as subject to Level I concentrations. If the percentages are less than 100% or all are N/A, evaluate the fishery as Level II target.

Ground Water Actual Contamination Targets Summary Table

If there is an observed release at a drinking water well, enter each hazardous substance meeting the requirements for an observed release by well and sample ID on SI Table 5 and record the detected concentration.

Obtain benchmark, cancer risk, and reference dose concentrations from SCDM. For MCL and MCLG benchmarks, determine the highest percentage of benchmark obtained for any substances.

For cancer risk and reference dose, sum the percentages for the substances listed. If benchmark, cancer risk, or reference dose concentrations are not available for a particular substance, enter N/A for the percentage. If the highest benchmark percentage or the percentage sum calculated for cancer risk or reference dose equals or exceeds 100 %, evaluate the population using the well as a **Level I** target. If these percentages are less than 100%, or all are N/A, evaluate the population using the well as a **Level II** target for that aquifer.

SI TABLE 4: GROUND WATER OBSERVED RELEASE SUBSTANCES (BY AQUIFER)

Sample ID	Hazardous Substance	Backgrd. Conc	Toxicity/Mobility	References
MW-1	Vinyl chloride	BDL	10,000	[7(p. 12; Table 6; Plates # 2-
-,		<u> </u>		
		H. Series and Series and Series	n ga i 1945 de la composició de la compo	
	Highest Toxicity	/Mobility Values		

Highest Toxicity/Mobility Values

SI TABLE 5: GROUND WATER ACTUAL CONTAMINATION TARGETS

Well ID		Le	vel I Level	I II Po	pulation Served		References	
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance	Conc.(ug/L)	Benchmark Conc. (MCL or MCLG)	% of Benchmark	Cancer Risk Concentration	% of Cancer Risk Conc.	RfD	% of RfD
		to three to the second of the	erander (m. pr. etc.) etc. engg. etc. Grand Seller (m. etc.) etc. etc.	w · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		e no post an ordinate negative solitical services of the servi		and description of the second
			Highest Percent		Sum of Percents		Sum of Percents	

Well ID			evel I Leve	I II Po	pulation Served	References				
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance	Conc.(ug/L)	Benchmark Conc. (MCL or MCLG)	% of Benchmark	Cancer Risk Concentration	% of Cancer Risk Conc.	RfD	% of RfD		
							* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #			
			Highest Percent		Sum of Percents		Sum of Percents			

SI TABLE 6 (FROM HRS TABLE 3-12): VALUES FOR POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION GROUND WATER TARGET POPULATIONS SI TABLE 6A: OTHER THAN KARST AQUIFERS

		NEAREST WELL	POPULATION SERVED BY WELLS WITHIN DISTANCE CATEGORY												
DISTANCE FROM SITE	POP.	(CHOOSE HIGHEST)	1 TO 10	11 TO 30	31 TO 100	101 TO 300	301 TO 1000	1001 TO 3000	3001 TO 10,000	10,001 TO 30,000	30,001 TO 100,000	100,001 TO 300,000	300,001 TO 1,000,000	1,000,000 TO 3,000,000	POP. VALUE
0 TO 1/4 MILE		20	4	17	53	164	522	1,633	5,214	16,325	52,137	163,246	521,360	1,632,455	_
>1/4 TO 1/2 MILE	3,310	18	2	11	33	102	324	1,013	3,233	10,122	- 32,325	101,213	323,243	1,012,122	3,233
>1/2 TO 1 MILE	6,620	9	1	5	17	52	167	523	1,669	5,224	16,684	52,239	166,835	522,385	1,669
>1 TO 2 MILES	5,675	5	.7	3	10	30	94	294	939	2,939	9,385	29,384	93,845	293,842	939
>2 TO 3 MILES	41,781	3	.5	2	7	21	68	212	678	2,122	6,778	21,222	67,777	212,219	6,778
>3 TO 4 MILES	3,723	2	.3	1	4	13	42	131	417	1,306	4,171	13,060	41,709	130,596	417
		18		L	1		1	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1		SUM=	13,036

SI TABLE 6B: KARST AQUIFERS

		NEAREST WELL		P	POPULATION SERVED BY WELLS WITHIN DISTANCE CATEGORY										
DISTANCE FROM SITE	POP.	(CHOOSE HIGHEST)	1 TO 10	11 TO 30	31 TO 100	101 TO 300	301 TO 1000	1001 TO 3000	3001 TO 10,000	10,001 TO 30,000	30,001 TO 100,000	100,001 TO 300,000	300,001 TO 1,000,000	1,000,000 TO 3,000,000	POP. VALUE
0 TO 1/4 MILE		20	4	17	53	164	522	1,633	5,214	16,325	52,137	163,246	521,360	1,632,455	
>1/4 TO 1/2 MILE	3,310	20	2	11	33	102	324	1,013	3,233	10,122	32,325	101,213	323,243	1,012,122	3,233
>1/2 TO 1 MILE	6,620	20	2	9	26	82	261	817	2,607	8,163	26,068	81,623	260,680	816,227	2,607
>1 TO 2 MILES	5,675	20	2	9	26	82	261	817	2,607	8,163	26,068	81,623	260,680	816,227	2,607
>2 TO 3 MILES	41,781	20	2	9	26	82	261	817	2,607	8,163	26,068	81,623	260,680	816,227	26,068
>3 TO 4 MILES	3,723	20	2	9	26	82	261	817	2,607	8,163	26,068	81,623	260,680	816,227	2,607
<u>. </u>	_	20		I	<u> </u>	1	·	1	1	1,	L	1	-	SUM=	37,122

REFERENCE: 1, 15,16,18-20,24-26

GROUND WATER PATHWAY GROUND WATER USE DESCRIPTION

Describe Ground Water Use Within 4 miles of the Site::

Describe generalized stratigraphy, aquifers, municipal and private wells

This site is located within the Gulf Coastal Lowlands Geomorphologic Feature of the Central Geomorphologic Province of Florida. This area also comprises various karst terrain features, such as: sinkholes (predominantly covercollapse) and sinkhole lakes. Three hydrostratigraphic units—the surficial aquifer system, intermediate aquifer system/confining unit and the Floridan aquifer system—exist in the site area [15,16,18-20].

The surficial aquifer is used primarily for lawn irrigation and is of limited use in domestic applications. Small diameter wells, open to the aquifer, yield between 5 to 30 gallons per minute. The water from this aquifer generally contains high levels of iron which results in staining of fixtures and utensils [15,16,20,21]. Moreover, shallow ground water at the site is not potable, due to a locally high chloride content (270 mg/kg)[13 (Table 4), 14 (p. 5)].

Underlying the surficial aquifer system is the intermediate aquifer system/confining unit [15,16,17,20,21]. Low permeability beds within the Middle and Upper Miocene Deposits and/or Hawthorn Group restricts the vertical movement of water to and from the overlying surficial aquifer and underlying Floridan aquifer system[15,16,17,20,21].

The Floridan aquifer system is the major source of potable groundwater in the area. The system consists of a series of limestones of Eocene to early Miocene age, which collectively function as a single hydrologic unit. The aquifer ranges in thickness from 1,000 feet (north Pinellas County) to 1,200 feet (southern Pinellas County) throughout the county[15,20]. Water in the Floridan aquifer system exists under water-table conditions north of Palm Harbor and west of Lake Tarpon. An 8-inch diameter well open the Upper Floridan aquifer system can yield several hundred gallons per minute (gpm) of water. Water from the Floridan aquifer is generally hard, particularly water from the Suwannee Limestone. In addition, local Floridan aquifer ground water is not potable (chloride concentration ~584 ppm), due to saltwater intrusion[13 (Table 4), 15 (p. 4), 15 (Fig. 16)].

Show Calculations of Ground Water Drinking Water Populations for each Aquifer:

Provide apportionment calculations for blended supply systems.

	<u> </u>		·
County average number of persons per		Referenc 1,24-26	

Population served by supply wells located within four miles of site. Clearwater Top Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

Well Type	# of wells/ 0- 1/4 mile population	# of wells/ 1/4- 1/2 mile population	# of wells/ 1/2-1 mile population	# of wells/ 1-2 mile population	# of wells/ 2- 3 mile population	# of wells/ 3-4 mile population
Commercial/Co mmunity				1/297	2/425	
City of Clearwater		2/3,310*	4/6,620*	1/1,655*	8/13,240*	
City of Dunedin				2/3,723	12/28,116	2/3,723
Total Pop.		3,310	6,620	5,675	41,781	3,723

Total population served within 4 miles = 61,109

<u>Clearwater system</u>: 15 supply wells, 77.3 % of water purchased from County, population = 109,350

(109,350 people/15 wells)22.7% = 1,655 people per well

<u>Dunedin system</u>: population 37,227/20 supply wells = 1,861.35 people/well

Ground Water Pathway

15

^{*} Apportioned population considering that approximately 77.3 % of the supply is purchased from Pinellas County Supply [24].

GROUND WATER PATHWAY WORKSHEET

LIKELIHOOD OF RELEASE	Score	Data Type	Reference
1. OBSERVED RELEASE:			
If sampling data or direct observation support a release to the aquifer, assign a score of 550. Record observed release substance on SI Table 4.			
2. POTENTIAL TO RELEASE: Depth to aquifer: feet.			
If sampling data do not support a release to the aquifer, and the site is in	340		•
karst terrain or the depth to aquifer is 70 feet or less, assign a score of	340		
500; otherwise, assign a score of 340.			
. OPTIONAL: evaluate potential to release according to HRS Section 3.			
LR =			
TARGETS			
Are any wells part of a blended system? Yes x No			
If yes, attach a page to show apportionment calculations.			
3. ACTUAL CONTAMINATION TARGETS: If analytical evidence indicates that any target drinking water well for the aquifer has been	0		
exposed to a hazardous substance from the site, evaluate the factor score for the number of people served (SI Table 5).	_		
Level I: People * 10 =			
Level II: People * 1 = TOTAL =			
4. POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION TARGETS: Determine the	13,036 => 1,303.6 (non-		1,24-26
number of people served by drinking water wells for the aquifer or	karst)		
overlying aquifers that are not exposed to a hazardous substance from the site; record the population for each distance category in SI Table 6A	$37,122 \Rightarrow 3,712.2 \text{ (karst)}$		
or 6B. Sum the population values and multiply by 0.1.			
5. NEAREST WELL: Assign a score of 50 for any Level I Actual			1
Contamination Targets for the aquifer or overlying aquifer. Assign a			
score of 45 if there are Level II targets but no Level I Targets. If no Actual Contamination Targets exist, assign the Nearest Well score from SI	18 (non-karst) or 20		
Table 6A or 6B. If no drinking water wells exist within 4 miles, assign	(karst)		
0.			
6. WELLHEAD PROTECTION AREA (WHPA): If any source lies			
within or above a WHPA for the aquifer, or if a ground water observed release has occurred within a WHPA, assign a score of 20; assign 5 if	0		
neither condition applies but a WHPA is within 4 miles; otherwise assign			
0.			
7. RESOURCES: Assign a score of 5 if one or more ground water			1
resource applies; assign 0 if none applies. • Irrigation (5 acre minimum) of commercial food crops or	-		
commercial forage crops	5		
Watering of commercial livestock	3		
 Ingredient in commercial food preparation Supply for commercial aquaculture 			
Supply for a major or designated water recreation area,			
excluding drinking water use			
SUM OF TARGET T =	1,327 or 3,712	<u>, </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

GROUND WATER MIGRATION PATHWAY SCORESHEET

:	550		
	}	1	
se			
nt (Table 3-2)	10	10	
tation (Figure 3-2)	10	3	
quifer (Table 3-5)	5		
e (Table 3-6, Table 3-7)	35		
Release: 2a * (2b + 2c + 2d)	500		
score (Higher Value of 1 and 2e)	550		
	tation (Figure 3-2) quifer (Table 3-5) e (Table 3-6, Table 3-7) Release : 2a * (2b + 2c + 2d)	tation (Figure 3-2) 10 quifer (Table 3-5) 5 e (Table 3-6, Table 3-7) 35 Release: 2a * (2b + 2c + 2d) 500	tation (Figure 3-2) 10 3 quifer (Table 3-5) 5 e (Table 3-6, Table 3-7) 35 Release: 2a * (2b + 2c + 2d) 500

GROUND WATER PATHWAY WORKSHEET (CONCLUDED)

WASTE	CHARACT	ERIST	TICS			Score	Data Type
assign is grea	If any Actual Contamination Targets exist for the aquifer or overlying aquifers, assign the calculated hazardous waste quantity score or a score of 100, whichever is greater; if no Actual Contamination Targets exist, assign the hazardous waste quantity score calculated for sources available to migrate to ground water.						7
9. Assign the highest ground water toxicity/mobility value from SI Table 3 or 4.						10,000	7
Assign		Charact		ity and hazardous waste quantitwC) from the table below:	ty scores.		
	Waste Characteristics Product			WC Score]		
	0			0		18	
	>0	to	<10	1			
	10	to	<100	2			
	100	to	<1,000	3			
	1,000	to	10,000	. 6			
	10,000	to	<1 E + 05	10			
	1 E + 05	to	<1 E + 06	18			
	1 E + 06	to.	<1 E + 07	32	}		
	1 E + 07	to	<1 E + 0.8	56		İ	
	1 E + 08	to	<1 E + 09	100			·
	1 E + 09	to	<1 E + 10	180			
	1 E + 10	to	<1 E + 11	320	!		
	1 E + 11	to	<1 E + 12	560			
	1 E + 12	or	Greater	1,000			
_							
					WC =	18	Fo

Multiply LR by T and by WC. Divide the product by 82,500 to obtain the ground water pathway score for each aquifer. Select the highest aquifer score. If the pathway score is greater than 100, assign 100.

GROUND WATER PATHWAY SCORE:

$$\frac{340 \times 3,712 \times 18}{82,500} = 275.36 \Rightarrow 100 \text{ (karst)}$$

$$\frac{340 \times 1,327 \times 18}{82500} = 98.44 \text{ (non-karst)}$$

SITE FINAL SCORE

SITE SCORE CALCULATION	S	S ²
GROUND WATER PATHWAY SCORE (S _{GW})	100	10,000
SURFACE WATER PATHWAY SCORE (S _{sw})		
SOIL EXPOSURE SCORE (S _S)		
AIR PATHWAY SCORE (S _A)		
SITE SCORE: $((S_{GW}^2 + S_{SW}^2 + S_S^2 + S_A^2)/4)$		50

COMMENTS

The site was once occupied by a gun refinishing facility that had been involved in chemically stripping off finishes, rinsing gun parts and electroplating on nickel. Hardchrome or gold or blueing finishes, using phosphoric acid. Rinsewater was discharged to the ground then allowed to discharge on the ground outside of the building[7]. During recent site investigations, high concentrations of TCE, PCE, cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride have been repeatedly detected in ground water samples collected south of the "blueing area". In the absence of similarly high concentrations in up-gradient ground water samples, an observed release of chlorinated solvents to the surficial aquifer was implicitly established that the site was the source of the contaminants. However, no evidence of significant on-site soil contamination by chlorinate solvents was documented among many on-site soil and sediment samples collected in the vicinity of the site. Chromium was detected above the leachability SCTL in a soil sample collected beneath the foundation of an on-site building, and a lead concentration exceeding the SQAG-TEL was detected in a sediment sample collected from an adjacent, down-gradient creek (Allen's Creek). But neither of the two metals exceeded standards in any other samples[7].

Two of 15 municipal supply wells operated by the City of Clearwater are located within ½-mile of the site. Four additional Clearwater municipal supply wells are located between ½-1 mile of the site; another supply well is located approximately 2 miles from the site; and the remaining 8 wells that serve that system are located between 2-3 miles of the site. The Clearwater municipal water system provides drinking water to an estimated service population of 109,350 Approximately 22.7% of the water supply is derived from municipal wells, while the bulk of the system's drinking water is purchased from Pinellas County[1, 7 (p. 13), 24,26].

The City of Dunedin operates 20 municipal supply wells within a 4-mile radius of the site. Water drawn from the wells is treated by reverse osmosis prior to distribution to a service population of 37,227[25,26]. Five of the wells are located between 1-2 miles of the site. Another 12 of the wells are located between 2-3 miles of the site. The remaining two municipal supply wells are located between 3-4 miles of the site[1,25,26]

All of the Clearwater or Dunedin municipal wells are finished in the Floridan aquifer and none are located directly down-gradient the site[1,24-26].

Although an observed release to the surficial aquifer was apparent, all alternative off-site sources of contamination were not investigated. Accordingly, the site was scored using the Floridan aquifer as the aquifer of concern and applying the default Potential to Release Factor Value of 340. The waste quantity for the source was not known, so a minimal quantity of 10 was associated with the site and a toxicity factor of 10,000 was associated with vinyl chloride (a component of the apparent observed release), yielding a Waste Characteristics Factor Category Value of 18. A Targets Factor Value of 3,712 was calculated for the 38 Floridan aquifer system wells located within 4 miles of the site. The resulting product of the Likelihood to Release, Waste Characteristics and Targets Factor Values was more than 100, so the final score for the ground Water Migration Pathway was truncated at 100. No additional exposure pathways were evaluated, because the overall Site Score was 50.

APPENDIX C

SITE INSPECTION WORKSHEETS

This appendix consist of worksheets that can be used to generate an SI site score.

Completion of these worksheets is not required, but the SI investigator must evaluate an SI score, either by these worksheets, PREscore, or other Regional scoring tools.

The worksheets consist of instructions and data tables to be filled in with scores from HRS reference tables. The data table may also call for Data Type and References.

DATA TYPE: The Data Type columns should by filled in with an H, Q, or if the data are HRS quality and well documented. The Data type column should be filled in with an E, X, or - if the data represent estimates, approximations, or are not fully documented. This type identifies data gaps for the expanded SI to investigate.

REFERENCES: The Reference columns should be filled in with coded reference numbers. The numbered reference list should be attached to the numbering should be cross-referenced to the SI Narrative Report.

The SI investigator will need the current Superfund Chemical Data Matrix(SCDM) OSWER Directive 9345.1-13 (revised semi-annually) to complete these worksheets

U.S. EPA REGION IV

SDMS

Unscannable Material Target Sheet

DocID:	10557523	Site ID:	ELD05148274	?
Site Name:	Formes Ge	curate	- Weaponing	
	- V			
Nature of M	<u> 1aterial:</u>			
	:: :::			
Map:		-	Computer Disks:	
Photos:		-	CD-ROM:	
Blueprint	s:	_	Oversized Report:	
Slides:		-	Log Book:	
Other (de	scribe): Ze	·	ney	
Amount o	of material:			·
Please	contact the appr	opriate R	ecords Center to view t	he material.

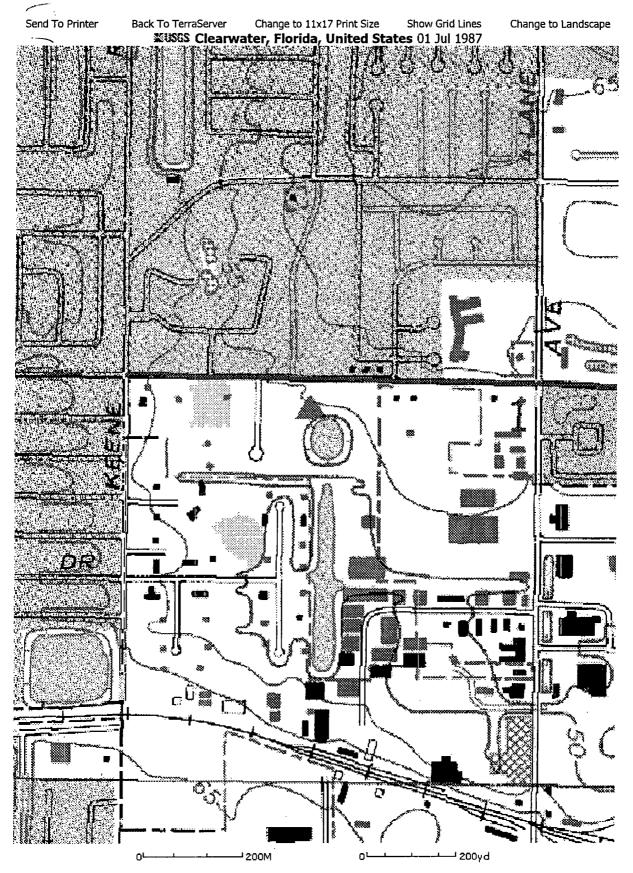


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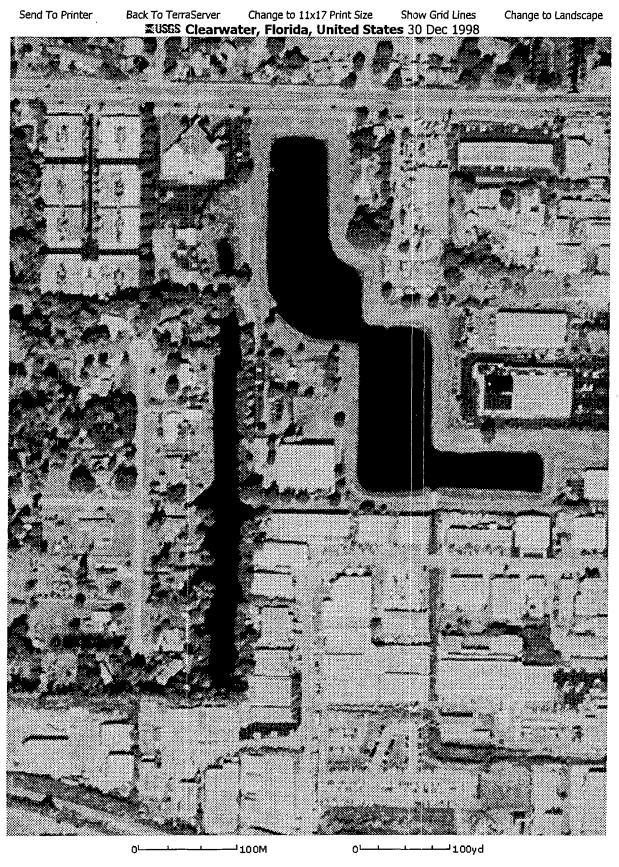


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Acmade Plating & 12/2



atlanta testing & engineering

1211 tech blvd., suite 200 / tampa, florida 33619 / phone (813) 623-6646 / fax (813) 623-3795

February 12, 1999

Florida Department of Environmental Protection 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

Attention:

Ms. Kimberly D'Arcy

Hazardous Waste Section

Re:

Ground Water Quality Sampling Results

Clearwater Top Company, Inc.

Clearwater, Florida

For Clearwater Top Company, Inc.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Atlanta Testing & Engineering (AT&E) is pleased to present the results of the ground water quality sampling conducted at the Clearwater Top Company, Inc. facility in Clearwater, Florida. The work was performed according to AT&E's October 28, 1998 proposal to Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, owner of the property. The project background, field investigation procedures, laboratory results and conclusions are included herein.

BACKGROUND

As directed by Ms. Kimberly D'Arcy of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP), AT&E attempted to collect a ground water sample from an existing temporary monitor well designated MW-3. During sampling, AT&E identified that the well was plugged above the water table and that an unknown substance had apparently been poured into the well casing above the plug. Due to health and safety considerations, AT&E collected a sample of the unknown liquid for analysis by Savannah Laboratories and Environmental Services, Inc. (SLES). The results indicate that other than a high pH, the unknown liquid did not contain detectable concentrations of the contaminants of concern. The liquid was biled from the well and containerized for proper disposal. AT&E then attempted to install a temporary well adjacent to well MW-3 using a hand auger to complete the sampling directed by Ms. D'Arcy. Due to subsurface debris, AT&E was unable to install this temporary well. Based on these results, AT&E prepared a proposal to Ms. Fedorsyn to install a permanent monitor well and collect a ground water sample for analysis of purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons, as directed by Ms. D'Arcy. This report described the additional assessment activities conducted at the Clearwater Top Company site.

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Florida Department of Environmental Protection February 12, 1999 Page 2

FIELD INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

Per our proposal to Ms. Fedorsyn, AT&E personnel installed a shallow monitor well on October 29, 1998, to evaluate the ground water quality beneath the site in the vicinity of existing monitor well MW. The new monitor well (designated MW-7), was installed approximately six feet east of existing well MW-3. The well was constructed by the hollow-stem auger method using two-inch diameter, threaded, PVC screen and casing to a depth of approximately 13 feet below the ground surface. A filter pack consisting of 20/30-size silica sand was placed in the annulus around the screened interval. An 8-inch steel manhole and a 2-foot by 2-foot concrete protective pad were installed around the well. The well was developed and purged according to procedures described in AT&E's FDEP-approved Comprehensive Quality Assurance Plan (CompQAP). Also per the proposal, the existing, unusable temporary well MW-3 was removed and the hole filled to the surface with grout.

On October 30, 1998, AT&E collected a ground water sample from well MW-7 for laboratory analysis of purgeable halocarbons using EPA Method 601. Prior to sample collection, the well was purged to remove stagnant water from the well. A ground water sample was collected according to procedures identified in AT&E's Florida Department of Environmental Protection-approved Comprehensive Quality Assurance Plan (CompQAP).

RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

The results of the laboratory analysis of the ground water sample collected from MW-7 indicate the presence of cis-1,2-dichloroethylene at 11,000 micrograms per liter (ug/l); tetrachloroethylene at 1,700 ug/l; and, trichloroethylene at 580 ug/l. According to Chapter 62-550, Florida Administrative Code, the Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) in Class G-II ground water for these constituents are: 70 ug/l, 3 ug/l, and 3 ug/l, respectively.

The laboratory results indicate that the ground water quality in the vicinity of existing wells MW-3 and new well MW-7 has been affected by chlorinated solvent constituents. No existing source of the solvent constituents could be identified; therefore, it is not known whether these constituents originated from past or present tenants onsite, or from offsite activities. Additional activities to identify the source of the solvent constituents in ground water are, therefore, warranted.

Florida Department of Environmental Protection February 12, 1999 Page 3

If you have any questions concerning the results of the ground water quality sampling conducted at Clearwater Top Company, Inc., please call at 813-623-6646.

Yours very truly,

Atlanta Testing & Engineering

Z-1Z-99

Jonathan E. Hull, P.G. Principal Consultant

Attachments

Cc: Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn - Clearwater Top Company, Inc.

6712 Benjamin Road • Suite 100 • Tampa, FL 33634 • (813) 885-7427 • Fax (813) 885-7049

LOG NO: B8-32950 Received: 30 OCT 98

Reported: 09 NOV 98

Mr. Jon Hull Atlanta Testing & Engineering

2963 Gulf to Bay Blvd, Ste 267 Clearwater, FL 34619 Client PO. No.: FACE/P8212

Project: P8212/Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 15388119

REPORT OF RESULTS

Page 1

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ,	LIQUID SAMPLES	DATE/ TIME SAMPLED	rage 1
32950-1	MW-7 103098	•	10-30-98/0940	
PARAMETER		32950-1		
Purgeable	Halocarbons (601)			
_	nloromethane, ug/l	<100	-	
Bromoform	n, ug/l	<500		
Bromometh	nane, ug/l	<100		
Carbon Te	etrachloride, ug/l	<100		
Chloroben	nzene, ug/l	<100		
	nane, ug/l	<100		
	thylvinyl Ether, ug/l	<1000		
Chlorofor	- '	<100		
	hane, ug/l	<100		
	lloromethane, ug/l	<100		
	orobenzene, ug/l	<100		
	orobenzene, ug/l	<100		
-	orobenzene, ug/l	<100		
4	lifluoromethane, ug/l	<100		
	oroethane, ug/l	<100		
	oroethane, ug/l	<100		
	oroethylene, ug/l	<100		
	ichloroethylene, ug/l	11000	•	
	-Dichloroethylene, ug/l			
	oropropane, ug/l	<100		
	ichloropropene, ug/l	<100		
	-Dichloropropene, ug/l	<100		
	Chloride, ug/l etrachloroethane, ug/l	<500		
Area 1134 to 3154 at the second	roethylene, ug/l	<100 1700	•	
The state of the s	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
	chloroethane, ug/l chloroethane, ug/l	<100		
	ethylene, ug/l	<100 - 100 - 100		
والمراجع المراجع	fluoromethane, ug/l	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR		
		<100		
vinyi chi	oride, ug/l	<100		

SAVANNAH LABORATORIES & ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

6712 Benjamin Road • Suite 100 • Tampa, FL 33634 • (813) 885-7427 • Fax (813) 885-7049

LOG NO: B8-32950 Received: 30 OCT 98

Reported: 09 NOV 98

Mr. Jon Hull

Atlanta Testing & Engineering

Client PO. No.: FACE/P8212

2963 Gulf to Bay Blvd, Ste 267 Clearwater, FL 34619

Project: P8212/Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 15388119

REPORT OF RESULTS

Page 2

					DATE/	_
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , Q	C REPORT	FOR LIQUID	SAMPLES	TIME SAMPLE)
32950-2 32950-3 32950-4 32950-5	Method Blank Accuracy (%Rec) Precision (%RPD) Date Analyzed					
PARAMETER			32950-2	32950-3	32950-4	32950-5
Purgeable Ha	alocarbons (601)					
Bromodichle	oromethane, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
Bromoform,	ug/l		<5.0			11.09.98
Bromometha	ne, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
Carbon Tet:	rachloride, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
Chlorobenze	ene, ug/l		<1.0	58 %	6.9 %	11.09.98
Chloroetha	ne, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
2-Chloroeth	nylvinyl Ether, ug/l		<10			11.09.98
Chloroform	, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
Chlorometha	ane, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
Dibromochlo	promethane, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
	robenzene, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
	robenzene, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
	cobenzene, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
	fluoromethane, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
	roethane, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
•	coethane, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
	coethylene, ug/l		<1.0	67 %	6.0 %	11.09.98
	chloroethylene, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
	Dichloroethylene, ug/l		<1.0		. 	11.09.98
	copropane, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98
	chloropropene, ug/l		<1.0	.=		11.09.98
trans-1,3-I	Dichloropropene, ug/l		<1.0			11.09.98

6712 Benjamin Road • Suite 100 • Tampa, FL 33634 • (813) 885-7427 • Fax (813) 885-7049

LOG NO: B8-32950 Received: 30 OCT 98

Reported: 09 NOV 98

Mr. Jon Hull Atlanta Testing & Engineering 2963 Gulf to Bay Blvd, Ste 267 Clearwater, FL 34619

Client PO. No.: FACE/P8212

Project: P8212/Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 15388119

REPORT OF RESULTS

Page 3

DATE/
LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , QC REPORT FOR LIQUID SAMPLES TIME SAMPLED

32950-2 Method Blank 32950-3 Accuracy (%Rec) 32950-4 Precision (%RPD) 32950-5 Date Analyzed

PARAMETER	32950-2	32950-3	32950-4	32950-5
Methylene Chloride, ug/l	<5.0			11.09.98
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/l	<1.0			11.09.98
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0			11.09.98
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/l	<1.0			11.09.98
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/l	<1.0			11.09.98
Trichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	72 %	11 %	11.09.98
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0			11.09.98
Vinyl Chloride, ug/l	<1.0			11.09.98

Method: 40 CFR Part 136 DOH Certification: E84282

Andre Rachmaninoff, Project Manager

	ENVIR	NNAH L CONMENTAL EST AND C	. SERVICES	S, INC.		RD			2 4 9 6	846 Indu 14 SW 1 00 Lake 712 Ben	ustrial Pla I 2th Aver side Driv ijamin Ro	iza Driv nue, Dei e, Mobil nad, Sui	avannah e, Tallah erfield Be ie, AL 36 te 100, T 0, Destre	assee, F each, FL 693 ampa, F	L 32301 33442 L 33634	Ph Ph Ph Ph	one: (91: one: (90- one: (95: one: (33 one: (81: one: (50:	4) 878-3 4) 421-7 4) 666-6 3) 885-7	994 F 400 F 633 F 427 F	ax: (912) 35 ax: (904) 87 ax: (954) 42 ax: (334) 66 ax: (813) 88 ax: (504) 72	8-9504 ¹ 1-2584 6-6696 15-7049
PROJECT REFERENCE PROJECT LOC. SAI (State) CLIENT NAME ATE CLIENT ADDRESS (C. C. MPLER(Palm	PROJECT NO POZI	PHONE FAX DJECT MAN	IAGER				_ l 1	ATRIX TYPE				REQU	IIREDA	ANALYS	SES		Date (EXPEDITE DELIVERY	DARD ORT VERY	
DATE TIME	NO.	S	AMPLE IDEN	TIFICATION	NC						NUMB	ER OF	CONT	AINERS	SUB	AITTEC)	/		REMARK	s
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Received by pesponise americancy law americancy HSA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

Environmental and Engineering Services

December 21, 1993

Instrument Transformers, Inc. 1907 Calumet Street Clearwater, Florida 34625

Attention:

Mr. William D. Johnson

President

Subject:

STATUS UPDATE LETTER

Phase II Environmental Assessment

Accurate Plating & Weaponry

1937 Calumet Street Clearwater, Florida

HSA Project Number 2094-446

Dear Mr. Johnson:

This letter serves to update you with respect to the analytical results of our groundwater and soil quality evaluation performed at the above referenced site. Pursuant to the protocol as outlined within our proposal dated November 23, 1993, HSA installed three (3) shallow groundwater monitoring wells at strategic locations within the site, and collected and analyzed representative groundwater samples from each well for the presence of EPA Method 601 (common solvents). Priority Pollutant Metals (used in metal finishing), and Hexavalent Chromium (used for chrome plating). In addition, HSA collected an upstream and downstream surface water sample from the on-site drainage canal (along the eastern edge of property). These samples were also analyzed for the presence of the above referenced parameters. Finally, HSA collected three (3) soil/sediment samples. Two (2) of the samples were collected from the sediments within the drainage canal (1 upstream and 1 downstream). and the other sample was collected along the north side of the subject building. The following summary table illustrates only the organic contaminants (EPA Method 601 parameters) which were encountered within the groundwater samples:

Analyte	MW-3	MCL ¹
Vinyl Chloride	0.97	1
1,1-dichloroethene	0.49	7
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	1.27	100
1,1-dichloroethane	48.98	2,400 ²
trichloroethene	45.65	3
tetrachloroethene	47.57	3

T - Maximum Contaminant Level in accordance with Chapter 17-550 FAC.

² - Guidance Concentration in accordance with Chapter 17-520 FAC.



As illustrated above, you will note that only MW-3 exhibited elevated levels of organic contaminants. In consideration of alleged improper wastewater discharges within the general area of MW-3 in the past, it is reasonable to expect these elevated groundwater contaminant levels. Although several regulated contaminants were identified within the samples, only tetrachloroethene (PCE) and trichloroethene (TCE) exhibited concentrations above the State Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL).

The following table represents metals contaminants which were encountered within both the groundwater and soil:

			Soil						
Analyte	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	SW-1	MCL ¹	SS-1	SS-2	SS-3	MCL ²
arsenic	ND	ND	ND	ND	50	ND	ND	1.79 /	(10)
chromium	ND	ND	16	ND	100	1.72	17.94	1.93	50
copper	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,000	ND	5.38	ND	NS
nickel	ND	ND	ND	ND	100	ND	6.56	1.33	NS
lead	ND	ND	ND	ND	15	3.99	50.27	1.36	108
zinc	56	16	ND	33	5,000	26.39	22.31	2.47	NS

¹ - Maximum Contaminant Level in accordance with Chapter 17-550 FAC.

As you will note, elevated metals concentrations were detected within the soil and groundwater; however, none of the samples were detected above their respective MCL.

To further ascertain the significance of the presence of chlorinated solvents and slightly elevated metals concentrations within the soil and groundwater, it will be necessary to identify Accurate Plating's former or continued "source" of discharge, along with the areal and vertical extent of impact to the subsurface. In order to accomplish these tasks, we are suggesting the following approach:

Task I - Internal Facility Audit

Perform an Internal Facility Audit at each of the individual warehouse suites located within the subject building on-site. It is anticipated that the results of this investigation will identify the nature and management of former and current waste handling practices. The resultant information may also lead to additional areas on-site which require subsurface investigation.

² - Maximum Contaminant Level in accordance with Chapter 17-775 FAC.

NS - No Referenced Standard



Task II - Delineation of Vertical and Horizontal Extent of Known Contamination

Based on the results of our preliminary investigation, it is anticipated that our scope of work will consist of the installation of three (3) additional shallow groundwater monitoring wells, one (1) deep well screened above the first competent confining unit, and one (1) Standard Penetration Test (SPT) (to evaluate subsurface lithology), Groundwater and soil samples will be analyzed for the presence of petroleum and chlorinated solvents.

Task III - Compilation of all Soil and Groundwater Analytical Data

Once the field efforts have been completed, and the analytical data has been received from the laboratory, HSA will compile the data, and evaluate the horizontal and vertical extent of contamination.

Task IV - Preparation of Report of Findings and Associated Recommendations

HSA will compile the results of Tasks I through IV and generate a comprehensive report of findings. The report will present our conclusions and recommendations in a concise manner, and will provide a preliminary cost estimate for site restoration as applicable.

An estimate for the services is attached. Upon your concurrence, we will commence work immediately. We anticipate completion of the final report on or about January 31, 1994.

If you should have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

HSA Environmental, Inc.

Todd W. Terhune, E.I.

Project Engineer



ENGINEERING SERVICES COST ESTIMATE

Taik I - Internal Facility Audit

Principal: I hr. @ \$125/hr. Professional Engineer: 8 hrs. @ \$85/hr. Graphic Design: I hr. @ \$30/hr.	\$125.00 \$680.00 \$30.00
Task II - Delineation of Vertical and Horizontal Extent of Contamination	
Principal: 1 hr. @ \$125/hr Project Engineer: 4 hrs. @ \$65/hr Environmental Specialist: 8 hrs. @ \$40/hr. Environmental Technician: 8 hrs. @ \$35/hr.	\$125.00 \$260.00 \$320.00 \$280.00
Laboratory Services - ground water - EPA Method 601/602 (5 samples @ \$150)	\$750.00
Equipment Rental & Field Supplies (Well Construction Materials, Cent. Pump, Decon. Materials, etc.)	\$400.00
Drill Rig - Standard Penetration Test/Deep Well	\$500.00
Task III - Compilation of all Soil and Groundwater Quality Data	••
Principal: 1 hr. @ \$125/hr. Project Engineer: 4 hrs. @ \$65/hr.	\$125.00 \$260.00
Task IV - Report Preparation (in addition to hours from Proposal #P553-2093)	
Principal Review: 1 — @ \$125/hr. Professional Engineer: 1 hr. @ \$85/hr. Project Engineer: 5 — . @ \$65/hr Environmental Specialist: 1 hr. @ \$40/hr. Graphic Design: 2 — . @ \$30/hr. Secretarial: 2 hrs. © \$25/hr.	\$125.00 \$85.00 \$520.00 \$40.00 \$60.00 \$50.00
TOTAL:	\$4,735.00

Progress Environmental Laboratories

4420 Pendola Point Road Tampa, Florida 33619 (813) 247-2805 FAX: (813) 248-1537

- CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS -(HRS #E84207 and FDER CompQap #900306G)

To: HSA, Inc.

4019 E. Fowler Ave.

Tampa Fl 33617

Attn: Todd Terhune

Collection Information:

Report Date: 12/15/93

Sample Date: 12/06/93

Sample Time: : Accurate Plating; MW-3 Sampled By :

Project ID

PEL Lab #

Client ID

Location

Matrix : Water

ND = Less than MDL

* Indicates analyses run by an outside lab (HRS#E86240 and CompQap #900376G)

Lab#	Parameter	Method	Results	G _{Units}	MDL
101666	Dichlorofluoromethane	EPA 8010	ND	ug/l	0.45,
	Chloromethane	EPA 8010	ND .	ug/1	۾ 0.53 ۾
	Vinyle Chloride	EPA 8010	0.97-	O ug/1	م 0.70
	Bromomethane	EPA 8010	מא	ug/l	0.38
	Chloroethane	EPA 8010	מא	ug/l	0.537
	Trichlorofluoromethane	EPA 8010	מא	ug/l	0.49
	1,1-dichloroethene	EPA 8010	0.49 -	O ug/1	0.34
	Methylene Chloride	EPA 8010	מא	ug/l	0.48
	trans-1-2-dichloroethens	EPA 8010	1.27	$o_{\text{ug/l}}$	0.15
	1,1-Dichlorosthane	EPA 8010	48.98 -	1.66 ug/1	0.55
	Chloroform	EPA 8010	ND	ug/l	0.19
	1,1,1-trichloroethane	EPA 8010	ND	.51 ug/l	0.12
	Carbontetrachloride	EPA 8010	ND	ug/l	0.19
	1,2-Dichloroethane	EPA 8010	ND	ug/l	0.24
	Trichloroethene	EPA 8010	45.65 -	2.17 ug/1	0.19
	1,2-Dichloropropane	EPA 8010	ND .	ug/1	0.10
	Bromodichloromethane	EPA 8010	ND	ug/1	0.13
	2-Chloroethylvinylether	EPA 8010	ND	ug/1	0.25

Respectfully submitted, Vincent M. Giempa, Laboratory Supervisor

A Florida Progress Company

* 1 licates analyses run by an outside lab (HRS#E86240 and Compgap #900376G)

Lab#	Parameter	Method	Results 4	Units	MDL
101666	cis-1,3-dichloropropene	EPA 8010	מא	ug/l	0.12
•	trans-1,3-dichloropropene	EPA 8010	ND	ug/1	0.20
	1,1,2-trichloroethane	EPA 8010	מא	ug/1	0.09
	tetrachloroethene	EPA 8010	47.57 - 14.36	ug/l	0.09
	dibromochloromethane	EPA 8010	ND	ug/1	0.14
	Bromoform	EPA 8010	ND	ug/1	0.19
	1,1,2,2-tetrachlorosthane	EPA 8010	מא	ug/l	0.16
	Analysis Date	EPA 8010	12/07		0.00
	Antimony	EPA 204.2	ND	ug/l	1.60
	Arsenic	EPA 7060	ND	ug/l	5.17
	Lead	EPA 7421	ND ·	ug/l	1.40
	Mercury	EPA 7471	ND	ug/l	0.20
	Selenium	EPA 7740	ND	ug/l	2.30
	Thallium	EPA 279.2	ND	ug/l	1.20
	Beryllium	EPA 6010	ND	ug/l	1.00
	Cadmium	EPA 6010	ND	ug/l	7.40
	Chromium	EPA 6010	16.00	ug/l	9.30
	Copper	EPA 6010	ND	ug/l	24.10
	Nickel	EPA 6010	מא	ug/l	11.30
	Silver	EPA 6010	ND	ug/l	23.90
	Zinc	EPA 6010	מא	ug/l	14.50
	*Hexavalent Chromium	EPA 3500D	ND	mg/l	0.05

FAX MESSAGE

Progress Environmental Laboratories 4420 Pendola Point Road Tampa, Florida 33619

Phone: (813) 247-2805

Fax: (813) 248-1537

Date:	1-31					·
To:	Todd Terhone					
Company: .	HSA					
	er: 971-156Z					
From:	James					
THIS TRAI	NSMITTAL CONSISTS OF _	9	_ Page(s),	EXCLUSIVE	OF THE	COVER



FACSIMILE TRANSMITTAL SHEET

Date:	February	3,	1994	Number of Pages to Follow	11
Fax Messa	ge To: _	Mr	, Bill	Johnson/Instrument Transformers	
Office or I	Fax No.:	(8)	13)441	-8066	
Message F	rom:	ж	r. Geo:	rge Thomas	·
		<u></u> -			
Commen	ts:				
				g a field note sketch, depicting 11 locations.	
·	As ·I	und	erstan	d, "MW-7" is the deep well.	
	If Jo	can	be of	further assistance, please call.	
	Regar	ds,			
Į.					

If the following message is received poorly or incomplete, please notify us at (813) 971-3882.



Progress Environmental Laboratories

##20 Pensoin Point House Tamps, Floring 33615 (013) 247-8005 EAX: (812) 248-1627

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS -(HRS #E84207 and FDER CompQap #500306G)

To: NSA, Inc.

Environmental and Engineering Services

4019 E. Powler Avenue

Taugin, 77, 33617

"Acth: Todd Terhuno

Report Date: 01/29/94

Collection Information:

Sample Date: 01/24/94 Sample Time: 1505

: 102672 . Accurate Plating:MW-S

Client ID : 2094-446

Fraject ID

PES tob #

Location : Accurate Plating Matrix

: Water

ND = Less than MDL

Sampled by : AB

Lab#	Parameter	Method	Results	unica	นแพ
102572	Dichloroflyoromethane	PPA 8010	כיצ	119/1	0.45
	Chloromethane	KBY 8070		ug/1	0.53
	Vinyle Chloride	EPA 8010	ND	ו/פע	0.70
	Bromomethane	EPA 8010	ND	us/1	0.38
	Chloroethane	BPA 8010	מא	ug/l	0.83
	Trichlorofluoremerhans	ZPA 8010	ND	uy/1	0.49
	1,1-dichloroethene	5PA 8U1U	מע	ug/1	0.34
	Methylene Chloride	EFA 0010	סמ	ug/1	0.48
	trans-1-2-dichloroethene	E57 8010	ND	uq/1	0.15
•	1,1-Dichloroethane	57A 8010	מא	ug/1	U.35
	Chloroform	EPA 8010	סמ	ug/1	0.19
	1,1,1-trichleroethane	EPA 8010	יטא	ug/l	0.13
	Carboncetrachlorida	ZPA 8010	מא	uc/I	0.19
	1, 2: Dichloroethane	EPA 8010	טא	ug/1	0,24
i i ·	Trichlorosthene	EPA 0010	מוא	ug/1	0.19
1 '	1,2-Dichloropropane	EPA BUID	כוא	ug/1	0.10
	Bromodichioromethane	EPA 3010	ND	ug/l	0.13
	2-Chlorosthylvinylether	EPA SOLO	KD D	uy/1	0.23
	cis-1,3-dichloropropene		NO	ug/1	0.12
	trans-1,3-dichloropropene		CITA	ug/1	0.30
			a	-3/-	***

Respectfully submitted, Vincent M. Glampa, Laboratory Supervisor

A Florida Progress Company

Lab#	Parameter	Mathod	Acoults	units	HDL
102572	1,1,2-trichloroethane	EPA 8010	KD	ug/l	0.09
	tctrachloroethene	EPA 8010	D2	ug/1	0.09
	dibromochioromethane	EPA 0010	CH	ug/1	0.14
	Dromoform	RPA 8010	14D	ug/1	0.19
	1,1,2,2-tetrachlorocthane	EPA 8010	MD	Ug/1	0.16
	Analysis Date	ZPA 8010	01/20	•	0.00
	MTRE	DEOR AGE	ND	ug/1	0.08
	Вепхипа	EPA 8020	ND	ug/1	0.13
:	Tolucne	EPA AOZO	ИÜ	1/En	0.37
	Cilarabenzene	50A 8020	HD	ug/1	0.42
	Ethylbensene	RPA 8020	טא	ug/1	C.08
	m,p-xylene	EFA 0020	ND	ug/1	0.09
	o-Xylene	EDW 8010	MD	ug/l	0.80
	1,3-Dichloropensene	EPA \$020	ND	ug/1	0.03
	1.4-Dichlorobenzene	CZOS AGW	ND	ug/1	0.03
	1,7-Dichlorobensens	EPA 8020	סדע	ug/1	0.06
	Analouis Date	878 8020	01/28		0.00



Progress Environmental Laboratories

4420 Pandola Paini Haad Tampa, Florida 33619 (013) 247-2003 FAX. (813) 248-1537

- CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS - (HRS #R84207 and FDER CompQap #900306G)

To: HSA, Inc.

Environmental and Engineering Edryices

1019 E. Povler Avenue

Типра, Ръ 23617

Actn: Todd Terhune

Raport Date: 01/20/94

Collection Information:

Sample Date: 01/24/94 Sample Time: 1440

: 102573 : Accurate Plating;MW-5

Project In : 2094-446

Location : Accurate Plating

Motrix : Water

PUL Lab #

Client ID

NU - Lase than MOL .

Sampled By : AB

Lab#	Parameter	Method	Results	units	MINL
102573	Dichlorofluoromethano	EPA 8010	ND	υg/l	0.45
	Chloromethane	EPA 8010	KD	uq/1	O.53
	Vinyle Chioride	EPA 8010	NO .	ug/1	0.70
	Bromomethane	EPA 8010	ND	ug/1	0.38 .
	Chloroethanc	EPA 8010	ND	45/1	0,53
	Trichlosofluoromerhace	EPA BOLO	NID)	ug/1	Ġ.49
	1,1-dichlorpethene	EPA SOLU	71 D	ug/l	0.34
	Methylene Chloride	EFA 9010	ND)	ug/1	0.49
	trans-1-2-dichlorcelliene	FAY ROID	ND	ug/1	0.15
	1,1-Dichloroethane	EFA 8010	NE	ug/1	U.55
	Chloroform	EPA 8010	ND	ug/l	0.19
	1,1,1-trichlorocthase	EPA 8010	MU	ug/1	0.12
	Carbuntetrachloride	ETA 8010	ND	ug/1	0.19
	1,2-Dichloroethane	EPA 8010	ND	uq/1	0.24
	Trichlorosthene	BPA 6010	מאו	ug/1	0.19
	1,2 Dichloropropaue	RAW 8010	NO	ug/l	0.10
	Hromodichloromethanc	EPA 8010	NC	ug/i	0.13
• •	2-Chloroethylvinylether	EPN 8010	NE	ug/1	0.25
	cis-1,3-dichloropropene	EPA 8010	NU	ug/1	0.12
	trans-1,3-dichloropropena	EPA 8010	מא	11 5 /1	0.20

Respectfully Authoritied, Unit VI C

A Florida Progress Company

Lab#	Parameter	Merhod	Keznīfa	units	MDS
102673	1,1.2-tricklurgethane	EPA 2010	Ν̈́D	ug/l	0.09
	tetrschlosocthenc	EPA 8010	מא	ug/1	0.09
	dibromochloromethane	EPA 8010 ·	מא	ug/l	0.14
	Bromoform	EPA AOIO	pti	U3/1	0.19
	1,1,2,2-tenraphloroethane	EPA 8010	ИD	ug/l	0.15
	Analyois Date	EPA 6010	01/28		0.00
	MTBE	EPA 8020	כמ	ug/l	0.02
	Benzene	722 802C	0.47	ug/1	0.13
	Toluene	JPA 0020	MD	tig/1	0.27
	Chlorobenzeze	EFA 8020	מא	uq/1	0.42
	Ethylbenzene	EPA 8020	מא	ยฐ/1	0.08
	m,p-Xylene	EPA 8020	ND	ug/1	0.09
	c-Xylens	EPA 8020	נוע	ug/1	0.80
	1.3-Dichlorobenzene	ECA 8020	ND	uy/1	0:03
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 8020	ND	ug/1	0.03
	1,2-Dichlorobensene	EFA 8020	ND	ug/1	0.05
	Analysis Date	EPA 8020	01/28	-	0.60

Respectfully submitted, mt M C windows M. Glamps, Laboratory Supervisor



Progress Environmental Laboratories

4-20 Pendole Poshi Head የመካጋል Florida 53619 - የሚገን 847-2005 መካር (613) 248-1637

CHRIFICATE OF ANALYSIS (MRS #E84207 and FDER CompQon #900306G)

To: KSZ Do.

Raport Date: 01/29/94

Environmental and Engineering Edivides

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Respectfully Sulminted, Jut M G. Vincent M. Giampa, Laboratory Supervisor

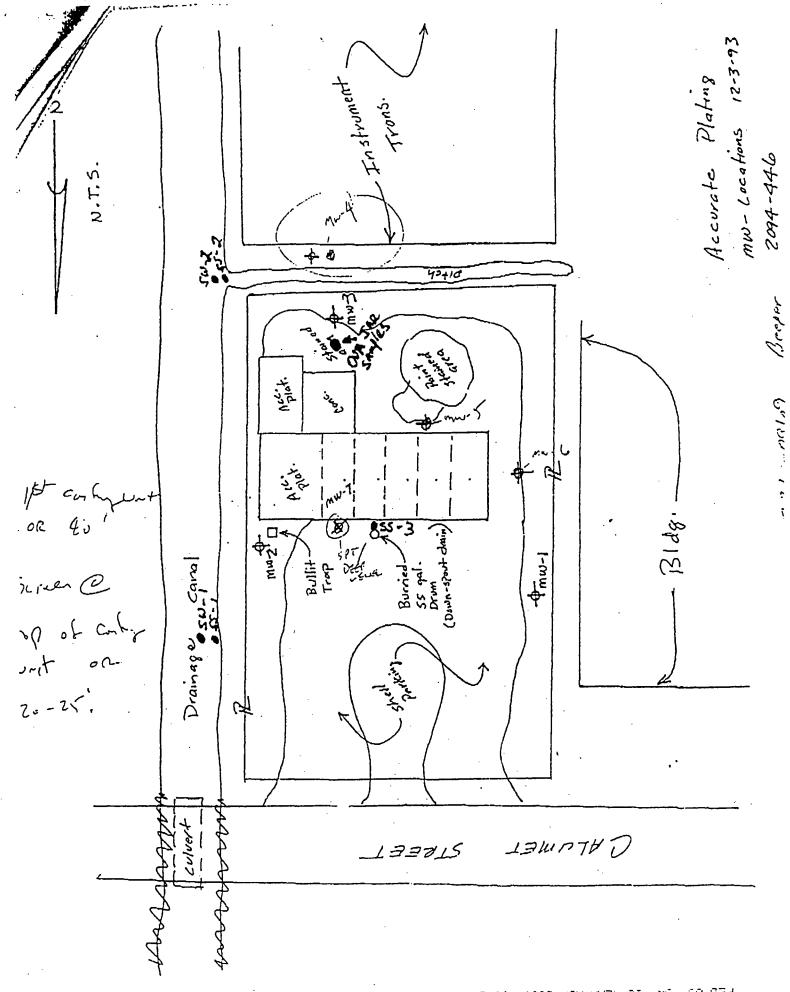
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Lab#	Parameter	Method	Results	units	MDL
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	dibromochloromethane	EPA 8010	ND	ug/l	0.14
	Bromoform	EPA 8010	ND	ug/1	0.19
	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	EPA 8010	ND	ug/1	0.16
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	MIBE	EPA 8020	ND	ug/l	0.08
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	Toluene	EPA 8020	ND	ug/1	0.27
	Chlorobenzene	EPA 8020	ND	ug/l	•
	Ethylbenzene	EPA 8020	ND	ug/l	0.42
	m,p-Xylene	EPA 8020	ND		0.08
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Respectfully submitted, Vat IV by Vincent M. Giampa, Laboratory Supervisor

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8). Process Description

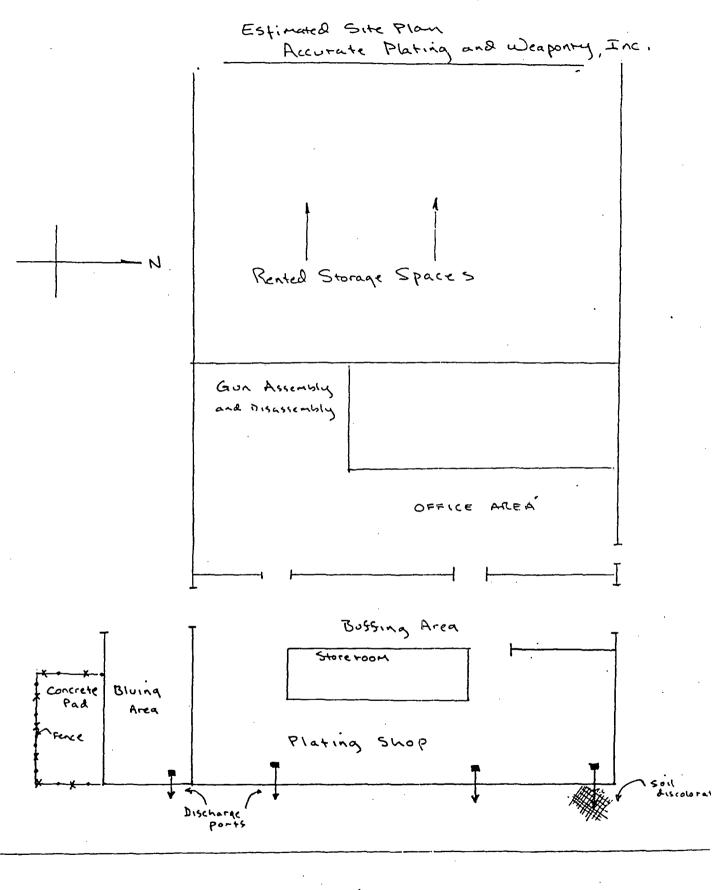
Accurate Plating and Weaponry, Inc. has operated a gun refinishing shop at this location for approximately nine years. The finishing process involves dismantling the guns, stripping off the old finish and then either electroplating a hardchrome, nickel, or gold finish to the piece or "Bluing" the piece by immersion within phosphoric acid based solutions. The business is operated under "job shop" conditions with all electroplating being performed on only one day of the week. The remaining time is devoted to preparing the guns for refinishing and reassembling the guns after they have been refinished.

The operation utilizes chemical stripping, cleaning and plating baths that are typical of electroplating processes. The wastes generated from these processes consist of the various rinsewaters that follow each chemical bath. According to Mr. Cogan, no chemical baths have required disposal since the operation first began nine years ago. Rinsing of the parts is accomplished by immersion into overflow rinsewater tanks and by hosing the pieces by hand and letting the rinsewater fall to the floor. On the east side of the facility, small ports have been broken through the wall to allow the discharge of these rinsewaters and floor washings to the adjacent grounds and drainage ditch. Because of the chemicals being used within the operation (i.e. cyanide stripper, chrome, nickel, etc...) a hazardous waste determination should be conducted upon the soils in the areas that receive these discharges. Inspection of the northeast discharge port did reveal a slight soil discoloration.

In addition to these actual discharge points there is the possibility that the soils on the southeast side of the facility may have been contaminated with a chromium plating solution. According to Mr. Cogan, a barrel of spent chrome solution was stored outside on a concrete pad in this area. Overtime, the polypropylene drum developed cracks and some of the material leaked out. Approximately one week prior to this inspection the solution was transferred to another drum and is now being stored inside of the plating shop. The material is to be used for replenishing the chrome plating bath according to Mr. Cogan. In order to verify whether the solution contaminated this area, a hazardous waste determination should be conducted on the soils adjacent to the pad.

This inspection was conducted in response to a complaint from the City of Clearwater concerning the possible discharge of pollutants to the grounds surrounding Accurate Plating. Based upon the information gathered from this inspection, it was verified that the facility is discharging untreated rinsewaters to the soils and drainage ditch located on the each side of the building.

There is also a possibility that the soils on the south side of the facility may have been contaminated from a leaking container of chromium solution. Figure I is an estimated site plan illustrating the layout of the facility and those areas that have received past discharges. In order to determine the regulatory status of these discharges, a hazardous waste determination should first be conducted upon all those areas that have received discharges. Remedial action with regards to these discharges will be dependent upon the results of this determination.



Drainage Ditch

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December 18, 2000

Florida Department of Environmental Protection 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619 QORE Project No. P8212A

Re: Contamination Assessment Report

Clearwater Top, Inc. 1937 Calumet Street

Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

Attention: Ms. Laura Herron, CHNM, REM

Environmental Specialist II

Dear Ms. Herron:

QORE, Inc. (QORE) is pleased to submit this Contamination Assessment Report (CAR) for the Clearwater Top facility located at 1937. Calumet Street, Clearwater Florida (i.e. subject site). The subject site is located within Section 1, Township 29 South, Range 15 East. A site location map is included as Plate 1. This CAR was prepared in accordance with the Revised Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP) that was submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) on July 13, 2000, which the FDEP approved in a letter to Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, dated September 14, 2000. A copy of the September 14, 2000 CAP approval letter is included as Attachment A. The following sections present the project background, scope of work, and results of assessment activities.

PROJECT BACKGROUND

The Clearwater Top, Inc. site (i.e. subject site) is located at 1937 Calumet Street in Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida. The southern portion of the site is occupied by a one-story concrete block building. The northern portion of the site is occupied by an unpaved parking lot. A drainage canal (approximately 15 feet wide and 10 feet deep), identified as Allans Creek, is present along the eastern property boundary of the subject site. A shallow drainage ditch (approximately 4 feet wide and 3 feet deep) is present along a portion of the southern property boundary of the subject site.

The eastern portion of the Clearwater Top building was occupied by Accurate Plating and Weaponry, Inc. (former Accurate Plating), a gun refinishing facility, from approximately 1977 to an unknown date. Based on a 1986 FDEP RCRA inspection report for the subject site, the finishing

process at the former Accurate Plating facility involved dismantling the guns, chemically stripping off the old finish, rinsing the gun parts, and, then either electroplating hardchrome, nickel or gold finish to the gun parts or "Blueing" the gun piece by immersion within phospohoric acid based solutions. During the 1986 FDEP inspection, it was reported that rinsing of the parts included immersion of the parts into overflow rinse water tanks and by hosing the parts by hand and allowing the rinse water to fall to the floor. The rinse water then flowed out onto the ground surface through discharge ports located near the base of the wall on the eastern side of the building (refer to Plate 1), and slight soil discoloration near the base of the northeastern discharge port was noted in the inspection report. The 1986 FDEP inspection also reported that a polypropylene drum of spent chrome solution was previously stored outside on a concrete pad located near the southeast corner of the building. Cracks were noted in the drum and some of the solution had reportedly leaked out of the drum.

A Phase II Environmental Assessment (EA) was prepared by HSA Environmental in December 21, 1993, for the subject site and reported that elevated concentrations of tetrachloroethylene (47.57 micrograms per liter (μg/l)) and trichloroethylene (of 45.65 μg/l) were detected in a ground water sample collected from former monitor well HSAMW-3, located near the southwest corner of the subject building. No volatile organic halocarbons were reportedly detected in the ground water samples collected from monitor wells HSAMW-1 and HSAMW-2 installed to the northwest and northeast of the subject facility in 1993 (Plate 1).

According to information on file at the FDEP, four additional monitor wells (HSAMW-4, HSAMW-5, HSAMW-6 and HSAMW-7) were installed by HSA in January 1994, with the approximate locations presented on Plate 1. The analytical results for the HSA January 1994 sampling event indicate that benzene (0.47 µg/l) was detected in a ground water sample collected from monitor well HSAMW-6, and Trans 1,2 dichloroethylene (0.73 µg/l) was detected in the ground water sample collected from monitor well HSAMW-7; however, concentrations were below the MCL's of 1 µg/l and 100 µg/l, respectively, for Class G-II ground water. No analyzed compounds were detected in monitor well HSAMW-5 and no analytical results were available in the FDEP file for monitor well HSAMW-4 (located south of the drainage ditch on the southern adjacent property).

Additionally, the Phase II EA conducted by HSA indicates that one surface water and two sediment samples were collected from the drainage canal to the east of the subject site. With the exception of the metals chromium, copper, nickel, lead and zinc (all below State Cleanup Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)), no other analyzed compounds, including volatile organics, were detected in the collected samples.

Directed by FDEP in January 1998, QORE attempted to collect a ground water sample from monitor well HSAMW-3 installed by HSA in 1993. QORE identified that the monitor well was plugged above the water table and that an unknown substance had apparently been poured into the well casing above the plug. Due to health and safety considerations, QORE collected a sample of the unknown liquid for laboratory analysis. The results indicate that, other than a high pH, the unknown liquid did not contain detectable concentrations of the contaminants of concern. The liquid was bailed from the monitor well and containerized for proper disposal. QORE then attempted to install a temporary monitor well adjacent to monitor well HSAMW-3 using a hand auger to complete the ground water sampling. Due to subsurface debris, QORE was unable to install the temporary monitor well.

On October 29, 1998, QORE supervised the installation of a permanent shallow monitor well, to evaluate the ground water quality beneath the site in the vicinity of monitor well HSAMW-3. The new monitor well (designated MW-7) was installed approximately six feet east of former monitor well HSAMW-3 and to a depth of approximately 13 feet below the ground surface. The descriptions of the soils encountered during the installation of the monitor well indicate that the southern portion of the site is generally underlain with a brownish gray, fine-grained silty sand from land surface to approximately 13 feet bgs. Monitor well HSAMW-3 was removed and the borehole filled to the surface with grout. On October 30, 1998, QORE collected a ground water sample from well MW-7 for laboratory analysis of volatile organic halocarbons using EPA Method 601. The results of the laboratory analysis of the ground water sample collected from MW-7 indicate the presence of cis-1,2-dichloroethylene (11,000 ug/l), tetrachloroethylene (1,700 ug/l), and trichloroethylene (580 ug/l) at concentrations above their MCLs of 70 ug/l, 3 ug/l, and 3 ug/l, respectively.

The October 1998 monitor well installation and ground water sampling activities were summarized in a letter report, "Ground Water Quality Sampling Results", submitted by QORE on February 12, 1999. The laboratory results indicate that the ground water quality in the vicinity of monitor well MW-7 (former monitor well HSAMW-3 installed by HSA) installed to the south of the subject facility has been affected by chlorinated solvent constituents at concentrations above State MCLs for Class G-II water in accordance with 62-550 F.A.C. No existing source of the solvent constituents could be identified; therefore, it is not known whether these constituents originated from past or present tenants onsite, or from offsite activities. Therefore, QORE recommended that additional assessment activities were necessary at the site to identify the source of the solvent constituents in ground water.

As stated above, a letter dated May 12, 1999 was prepared by the FDEP responding to the February 12, 1999 report summarizing the October 1998 monitor well installation and ground water sampling activities for MW-7. Subsequently, on June 9, 1999, a *Draft* Consent Order No. 99-0918 was submitted to Clearwater Top, Inc. by the FDEP, which includes a requirement to submit a CAP to address soil and groundwater resulting from the discharges. QORE submitted a CAP to the FDEP on June 24, 1999, and the FDEP responded with a comment letter on September 14, 1999. QORE submitted a CAP Response to Comments letter to the FDEP on July 13, 2000, which the FDEP approved in a letter to Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, dated September 14, 2000.

SCOPE OF WORK

The purpose of the CA is to further evaluate the magnitude, extent and source of the previously identified chlorinated solvent-affected ground water beneath at the subject site. The scope of work at the site, as outlined in the CAP, submitted to the FDEP on June 24, 1999 and the CAP Response to Comments letter submitted to the FDEP on July 13, 2000, is outlined below.

- Construction of a scaled site map illustrating the site layout, existing monitor wells and other notable features of the site.
- Installation of up to four piezometers to evaluate the direction of ground water flow. The
 top of casing of the piezometers and existing monitor wells will be surveyed relative to a
 benchmark with an assumed datum.

- Construction of a ground water elevation map for the site using ground water elevations measured within the existing monitor wells and the newly installed piezometers.
- Collection of soil samples during the piezometer installation for field screening of volatile organic vapors using an organic vapor analyzer (OVA) equipped with a flame ionization detector (FID).
- Collection of up to one soil samples per piezometer installed for laboratory analysis of volatile halocarbons and volatile aromatics and eight RCRA metals. If all OVA/FID readings are approximately equal to background concentrations, no soil samples will be submitted for laboratory analysis.
- Collection of a surface water sample (if present) and a sediment sample from the drainage canal east of the facility in the location where samples had been previously collected by HSA, for analysis of volatile aromatics.
- Collection of a surface water (if present) and a sediment sample from the south ditch for laboratory analysis of volatile halocarbons and volatile aromatics and the eight RCRA metals.
- Installation of a deep soil boring upgradient of the source area to the base of the surficial
 aquifer, with continuous split spoon samples collected to determine the lithology at the
 site. Soil samples will be collected from the soil boring and screened using an OVA/FID.
- Collection of discrete soil samples at 1-foot depth intervals from the ground surface to
 the water table adjacent to each of the four former wastewater discharge ports. The soil
 samples will be screened using an OVA/FID, with submission of a soil sample from each
 soil boring location for analysis of volatile aromatics and volatile halocarbons and eight
 RCRA metals.
- Installation of additional monitor wells at the site to define the extent of affected ground water at the site. The number of wells and their construction is to be determined after the ground water flow evaluation is completed and the site lithology is determined. The well location information will be submitted to the FDEP.
- OVA/FID screening of soil samples collected at five foot intervals during the monitor well
 installation activities.
- Installation of a double cased deep vertical extent well to characterize the vertical extent of affected ground water near MW-7.
- Collection of ground water samples from the existing on-site wells and the newly
 installed monitor wells for laboratory analysis of volatile halocarbons and volatile
 aromatics. Collection of ground water from the deep vertical extent well for laboratory
 analysis of volatile halocarbons, volatile aromatics, and the eight RCRA metals.

- Conduct a well survey to identify any public supply wells or private supply wells within a ½ mile radius of the site.
- Incorporate the list of property owners and/or tenants who have occupied the facility within the last 20 years, as provided by the property owner.
- Provide the locations of all storm sewers, inlets, and sanitary sewers on or near the property on the site diagram.
- Preparation and submission of a CAR based on the results of the assessment activities outlined above.

The results of the investigations are discussed in subsequent sections of this report. Any modifications to the proposed scope of work are discussed below.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY

According to Heath and Smith (1954), Ryder (1985), Causseaux (1985), Gilboy (1985), SWFWMD (1988), and Scott (1988), Pinellas County is located on a peninsula separating Tampa Bay from the Gulf of Mexico and is characterized by gently sloping Pleistocene marine terraces overlying the carbonate Florida Platform. The county is divided into hilly uplands dominated by the Pinellas Ridge in the north central portion and flat uplands and level lowlands in the southern and coastal areas of Pinellas County. The site location is on the coastal Pamlico Terrace in northern Pinellas County. The Soil Survey of Pinellas County (Vanatta, 1972) indicates that the site is located in an area mapped as "Urban Land-Astatula complex." This complex is about 30 to 70 percent Astatula fine sand, of which 10 to 20 percent has been modified by cutting, grading, and shaping. About 25 to 40 percent is Urban land.

The surficial aquifer ranges in thickness from less than 20 feet in the north central portion of the county, to 90 feet in the southern portion of Pinellas County. The thickness of the surficial aquifer at the site ranges from approximately 20 to 50 feet (Causseaux, 1985). The surficial aquifer is separated from the underlying Upper Floridan by the Hawthorne Group. Low permeability units within the Hawthorne Group act as a confining layer for the Upper Floridan and the thickness of the confining layer ranges from less than 25 feet in the north to about 100 feet in southern Pinellas County.

The undifferentiated Hawthorne Group, the Arcadia formation, and the Tampa member of the Arcadia formation make up the Hawthorne Group in the Clearwater Area (Florida Geological Survey Publication "The lithostratigraphy of the Hawthorne Group in Florida", 1988). The thickness of the undifferentiated Hawthorne unit within the area of the site is unknown; however, to the south it ranges in thickness from 10 feet to 50 feet. The Arcadia formation, including the Tampa member, is up to 100 feet thick in the area and consists of primarily limestone and dolostone with varying amounts of quartz sand, clay, and phosphatic grains (Heath and Smith, 1954).

The Hawthorn Group has a diverse lithology, consisting of quartz sand, phosphorite, clay, marl, dolosilt, dolostone, and limestone, reflecting the variety of depositional environments which occurred during the Miocene Epoch (Gilboy 1985 and Scott 1988). Small grains of black and brownish phosphate and angular fragments of chert are irregularly distributed throughout the group (Heath and Smith, 1954)

SWFWMD (1988) reports that the transmissivity (hydraulic conductivity times aquifer thickness) of the surficial aquifer ranges from approximately 300 feet squared per day (ft²/day) for the fine-grained, well-sorted sands to several thousand ft²/day for the shelly sand. This corresponds to a hydraulic conductivity of 6 to 12 feet per day. The specific yield for the surficial aquifer is reported to range from less than 0.1 to 0.3 and averages approximately 0.2. According to SWFWMD (1988), this aquifer is classified as a G-II aquifer and has limited use as a supplemental or alternative source of water for public, industrial, or agricultural supply. Water from the surficial aquifer in Pinellas County is presently used for rural domestic and livestock supply, lawn irrigation, and for heating and air conditioning.

SWFWMD (1988) reports from an average of five aquifer tests that transmissivity values range from 33,422 ft²/day to 1,203,209 ft²/day in the upper Floridan aquifer and storativity ranges from 2 x 10⁻⁴ to 8 x 10⁻³ in the upper Floridan aquifer. The thickness of the Floridan ranges from less than 1,000 feet in northern Pinellas County to more than 1,200 feet in the south (SWFWMD, 1988). The most productive zones of the upper Floridan aquifer are in the Tampa Member and Suwannee Limestone (Hickey, 1982). The Tampa Member of the Arcadia Formation (Hawthorn Group; Scott, 1988) is of Early Miocene age and consists mainly of hard, sandy, fossiliferous limestone. It is approximately 150 feet thick in central Pinellas County (Heath, 1954).

SWFWMD (1988) reports total dissolved solid concentrations from the Floridan aquifer in central Pinellas County to range from 1,336 mg/L to 5,990 mg/L, which would indicate a G-II aquifer classification. However, the Florida Primary Drinking Water Standard for total dissolved solids is 250 mg/L. Therefore, water from the Floridan aquifer in central Pinellas County is expected to be non-potable. Mineralization of groundwater generally increases with depth and toward the coast. SWFWMD (1988) reports that the lower Floridan contains no potable water in southern Pinellas County.

Groundwater use from the upper Floridan aquifer in Pinellas County is limited due to the small amount of good quality water available and the sensitivity of the aquifer to saltwater encroachment. Only ten percent of the total Pinellas County public water supply is withdrawn from within Pinellas County. The remainder is imported from adjacent counties (Stieglitz, 1988). SWFWMD (1988) reports that water produced from the upper Floridan aquifer in Pinellas County is used for municipal supply; agricultural and industrial uses are minor.

ASSESSMENT ACTIVITIES

Field Activities

Piezometer Installation

A total of two piezometers were installed at the site on October 30, 2000. The two piezometers were installed at strategic locations to ensure that the ground water flow pattern at the site could be characterized. The piezometer locations are presented on Plate 2. Each piezometer was installed using a steel hand auger to approximate depths ranging between five and seven feet below ground surface (bgs). The top of each piezometer was completed with a PVC riser approximately one-half to two feet above land surface. Each piezometer was constructed of two inch diameter Schedule 40 PVC screen (slotted at 0.010-inch) and casing. Soil cuttings were used as backfill. Piezometer construction logs are included in Attachment B.

Soil samples were collected at one foot intervals from the ground surface to the water table during the piezometer installation with OVA screening of the collected soil samples using an OVA/FID.

Specifically, at each sample depth, two 16-ounce jars were half-filled with soil and the top sealed with aluminum foil. The headspace in each jar was then screened using the OVA. The soil headspace in the first sample jar at each location was screened using the OVA to measure the concentration of total volatile organic vapors, while the soil headspace in the second sample jar was screened using the OVA equipped with a in-line charcoal filter to provide a reading of the concentration of methane and ethane. The concentration of methane and ethane was subtracted from the concentration of total volatile organic vapors.

Organic vapor screening results are summarized in Table 1. Corrected volatile organic vapor readings were all below detection limits in the soil samples collected from PZ-1 and PZ-2, therefore, there were no soil samples from the piezometer installation submitted for laboratory analysis of volatile halocarbons, volatile aromatics, and the eight RCRA metals.

A scaled site map, illustrating the site layout, existing monitor wells, any identified utilities, and other notable features of the site, was also constructed during the site visit on October 30, 2000 (Plate 2).

Ground Water Flow Evaluation

Water levels in the piezometers and existing monitor wells were measured on October 30, 2000, to the nearest 0.01 foot using an electronic water level indicator, and the top of casing of each piezometer and monitor well was surveyed to an arbitrary datum. The water elevation in the east ditch was also measured by surveying in a marked point on the concrete top of the north culvert and then measuring the water elevation within the ditch from this point down. The existing monitor well MW-7 could not be surveyed as a large truck was parked over the monitor well, which could not be moved. The October 30, 2000 and November 3, 2000 ground water elevation data are summarized in Table 2, with the November 3, 2000 ground water data within the surficial aquifer presented graphically on Plate 3.

The ground water elevation data collected from the monitor wells and piezometers indicate that generally the ground water flow within the surficial aquifer is towards the east at the site, towards the drainage ditch running along the eastern side of the site.

Ground water elevations for the existing on-site wells and the newly installed wells, MW-8 and MW-9, on November 29, 2000, are also shown on Table 2. The ground water flow pattern for the November 29, 2000 monitoring data was comparable to the ground water flow pattern measured on November 3, 2000, with ground water flow within the surficial aquifer towards the east.

Sediment and Surface Water Sampling

On October 30, 2000, a surface water and a sediment sample (S-2) were each collected from the drainage canal east of the facility in the location where HSA previously collected surface water and sediment samples on December 21, 1983 (Plate 2). The surface water sample and sediment sample (S-2) were sent to STL Tampa West for analysis of volatile aromatics using EPA Method 602/8021.

The ditch that was assumed to be present along the southern side of the property was only a small swale and there was no water present within the swale. Therefore, QORE was not able to collect a surface water sample from this location; however, a sediment sample was collected from the south ditch (S-1) at the location shown on Plate 2, and submitted for analysis of volatile halocarbons and volatile aromatics using EPA method 8021 and the eight RCRA metals. An equipment blank (EB-1) was also collected.

Soil Boring Installation

Based on the ground water flow pattern at the site determined from the October 30, 2000 water elevations, soil boring (B-1) was installed on November 3, 2000 near the northwestern corner of the building, upgradient of the source area at MW-7. The soil boring was installed to further characterize the site lithology for the purpose of evaluating contaminant migration pathways beneath the site. The soil boring was installed using a hollow stem auger drill rig with continuous split spoon sampling from land surface to a depth of 18 feet, with the confining Hawthorne Clay unit encountered at a depth of 16 feet below ground surface (bgs). The soil boring log is shown in Attachment B. The soil boring was terminated at the base of the surficial aquifer as originally proposed and grouted to the surface. All cuttings generated during the installation of the soil boring were drummed for future disposal.

Soil samples were collected at one to two foot intervals from the ground surface to the base of the boring during the installation of the soil boring with screening of the collected soil samples for organic vapors using an OVA/FID, as described previously.

Organic vapor screening results are summarized in Table 1. Corrected volatile organic vapor readings were all below detection limits in the soil samples collected from soil boring B-1 from the ground surface to a depth of 14 feet bgs. Corrected OVA concentrations of 23 ppm were detected at a depth of 15 feet and concentrations of 46 ppm were detected at a depth of 16 feet bgs. OVA concentrations were below detection limits with soil samples collected from a depth of 17 and 18 feet bgs within B-1.

Discharge Port Sampling

On November 3, 2000, QORE collected a discrete soil sample adjacent to each of the four former wastewater discharge ports that were previously identified. Soil samples were collected from each location at one-foot depth intervals from the ground surface to the water table and each sample was screened on-site using an OVA/FID. A cracked and broken 1 foot thick concrete slab was present along the northeastern corner of the building, which was cored through to retrieve the soil samples. At a depth of approximately four feet a concrete slab was encountered below soil boring locations B-2 and B-3.

Organic vapor screening results are summarized in Table 1. A total organic vapor reading of 30 ppm was detected at a depth of four feet within B-2; however, this was mostly due to the methane within the sample of 28 ppm. Corrected volatile organic vapor readings were below detection limits within soil collected from borings B-3, B-4, and B-5. Based on the elevated methane concentrations, and the concrete slab present at boring locations B-2 and B-3, it is assumed that an old septic tank is located along the northeastern side of the building, between the building and the eastern ditch.

As the corrected OVA/FID readings were all at background levels or below detection limits, a surficial soil sample was collected from 0-1 foot depth at each of the soil boring locations. Where the concrete slab was present at boring location B-2 and B-3, the soil samples were collected from a depth of one foot, just below the broken edge of the concrete slab. An equipment blank EB-2 was also collected. The soil samples were submitted to the laboratory for analysis of volatile aromatics and volatile halocarbons using EPA Method 8021 and analysis for the eight RCRA metals.

Well Installation and Soil Sampling

On November 9, 2000, QORE provided the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) with the lithologic results of the soil boring and a total of three proposed monitor well locations. The letter report to the FDEP is included as Attachment C. The proposed monitor well locations included one at the northeast corner of the building near the former monitor well HSAMW-2, one at the southwest corner of the subject site, near the location of the drum storage at the adjacent building, and one at the far southeast corner of the property, to the east of monitor well MW-7. The deep well vertical extent monitor well was not proposed at the site, due to the presence of the Hawthorne unit encountered at a depth of only 16 feet within the soil boring B-1.

On November 15, 2000, QORE supervised the installation of shallow monitor wells MW-8 and MW-9, which were installed to a depth of 16 feet and 15 feet respectively, using a hollow stem auger drill rig by Huss Drilling, Inc. The monitor well locations are shown on Plate 2. The proposed well located to the east of monitor well MW-7 could not be installed due to the truck parked at the southeast side of the property and the debris at this location. A soil boring (B-6) was also installed immediately downgradient of the adjacent drum storage area where the curb is broken.

The monitor wells were constructed of 2-inch diameter, Schedule 40 PVC with a 10-foot screened section slotted at 0.010 inch. At each well, the annular space around the PVC pipe was filled with a 20/30 grade silica sand, followed by a fine sand seal and grout. The well was completed with an 8-inch diameter protective steel manhole installed within a 2' X 2' concrete

pad and a locking water-tight cap. Subsequent to installation of the monitor wells, the wells were developed by over pumping to remove fine-grained sediments. The monitor well construction logs are included in Attachment B. Development water was drummed for future disposal. The top of casing of each monitor well was surveyed to the existing monitor wells.

Soil samples were collected at five foot intervals from the ground surface to a depth of 16 to 17 feet during the installation of the two monitor wells and every foot at the soil boring B-6. As described above, the headspace of the soil samples were screened for the presence of volatile organic vapors using an OVA equipped with a FID in accordance with Chapter 62-770 F.A.C.

Organic vapor screening results are summarized in Table 1. Corrected volatile organic vapor readings of 10 ppm and 28 ppm were detected at a depth of 8 feet and 14 feet in soil from monitor well MW-8. Soil samples could not be collected from within the upper seven feet at MW-8 due to large gravel fragments and rubble present within the top three to four feet. A large rock was encountered at approximately five feet depth and there was no recovery below the rock until the eight foot depth. Corrected volatile organic vapor concentrations were below detection limits at 16 and 17 feet at MW-8. Corrected volatile organic vapor concentrations of 390 ppm and 85 ppm were detected in soil from the location of monitor well MW-9 at the 3 and 5 foot depth respectively. Organic vapor concentrations then dropped off to below detection limits from 10 feet to the base of the hole at 16 feet at MW-9. Corrected volatile organic vapor readings of 66 were detected at a depth of five feet within soil collected from B-6, which was installed immediately adjacent to monitor well MW-9. A soil sample was, therefore, collected from a depth of three to four feet within B-6 and sent to the laboratory for analysis of volatile aromatics and volatile halocarbons using EPA method 8021.

Ground Water Sampling and Analysis

On November 29, 2000, ground water samples were collected from monitor wells HSAMW-4, HSAMW-5, MHSAMW-7, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-9 for ground water quality analysis. All samples were collected in accordance with QORE's FDEP approved Comprehensive Quality Assurance Plan (No. 990065). Monitor well purge forms are included in Attachment D. All of the collected ground water samples were submitted to STL Tampa West, for analysis of volatile aromatics and volatile halocarbons using EPA Method 8021. In accordance with QORE's FDEP approved ComQAP, one duplicate ground water sample (identified as Dupe-1) was collected at MW-7, and an equipment blank was collected for volatile aromatics and volatile halocarbon analysis using EPA Method 8021. All purge water was drummed for proper disposal.

Former Tenants

A list of the former tenants that could be compiled by the property owner Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn will be provided to the FDEP under separate cover.

Results

Site Lithology

The soil lithology encountered at the site consists of a brown to gray sand unit with varying amounts of silt and clay, which was present from the ground surface to a depth of 15.5 to 16 feet. Large gravel fragments and rubble were present within the top four to six feet at the monitor well locations MW-8 and MW-9 and within the soil borings B-2 and B-3. A clay unit

with some sand was present at a depth of five to six feet in soil boring B-1, and a clayey sand was also present at a depth of 8 to 15.5 feet at MW-8 and at a depth of 11 to 12 feet within B-1. A pale olive colored very stiff clay unit, which appeared to be the undifferentiated Hawthorne unit was encountered at a depth of 15.5 to 16.5 feet below ground surface within the soil boring and the monitor wells MW-8 and MW-9.

Soil Laboratory Results

Volatile aromatics and volatile halocarbons concentrations were all below detection limits and therefore, below the State Cleanup Target Levels, which were used for reference only, within the four soil samples collected from a depth of one foot bgs at the discharge port sampling locations. The analytical results are listed in Table 3, and the report of results from STL Tampa West is included in Attachment E.

The soil samples from below the discharge ports were also analyzed for the 8 RCRA metals arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, selenium, silver, and mercury. The laboratory results are listed in Table 4, and the report of results from STL Tampa West is included in Attachment E. The metals barium, chromium, lead, and mercury were detected within the soil samples B-2 (one foot), B-3 (one foot), B-4 (one foot), and B-5 (one foot) at concentrations above detection limits, but at concentrations below the Industrial and/or leachability SCTLs (used for reference only). Total chromium concentrations in soil at B-2 (one foot) were above the leachability SCTL, however the SCTL is based on hexavalent chromium, which should be a portion of the total chromium present. Volatile halocarbons, volatile aromatics, and the eight RCRA metals were not detected above laboratory detection limits in QORE's Quality Control (QC) equipment blank (EB-2), indicating that proper sampling and handling procedures were employed.

Volatile aromatics and volatile halocarbons concentrations were also all below detection limits, and therefore, below the Industrial and Leachability State Cleanup Target Levels (used for reference), within soil sample B-7 (three to four feet), which was located adjacent to monitor well MW-9. The metals arsenic, barium, chromium, and lead were also detected in soil sample B-7 (three to four feet); however, concentrations were all well below the Industrial and Leachability SCTLs, (used for reference).

Sediment and Surface Water Sampling Laboratory Results

Sediment sample S-2, which was collected from within the east ditch at the same location where HSA had previously collected a sediment sample, had volatile aromatic and volatile halocarbon concentrations all below detection limits and, therefore, below the Industrial and Leachability State Cleanup Target Levels (used for reference). The metals barium, chromium, and lead were detected in sediment sample S-1; however, concentrations were below the Industrial and Leachability SCTIs (used for reference). The laboratory results are shown in Table 3.

Volatile aromatic concentrations with sediment sample S-1, collected from within the swale located along the southern edge of the property, were also below laboratory detection limits and the Industrial and Leachability SCTLs, used for reference only.

The surface water sample collected from the east ditch had BTEX and MTBE concentrations below the laboratory detection limits (Table 5). Benzene is the only volatile aromatic compound tested that had a Class III surface water criteria of (<71.28), which means benzene

concentrations in surface water must be less than 71.28 at average annual flow conditions. The benzene concentrations were below detection limits and also below the Surface Water Criteria.

Volatile halocarbons, volatile aromatics, and the eight RCRA metals were not detected above laboratory detection limits in QORE's Quality Control (QC) equipment blank (EB-1) indicating that proper sampling and handling procedures were employed.

Ground Water Laboratory Results

A copy of the report of results from STL Tampa West in included in Attachment E and the ground water results are summarized on Table,6.

Ground water from monitor well MW-7 had several detections of volatile halocarbons that were elevated above the Primary and Secondary Drinking Water MCLs. Ground water at monitor well MW-7 had detections of cis, 1,2 – Dichloroethylene (4,200 μ g/l), tetrachloroethylene (300 μ g/l), Trichloroethylene (170 μ g/l), and vinyl chloride (4.8 μ g/l), which were above the Primary and Secondary Drinking Water MCLs. Chlorobenzene, 1,2 – Dichlorobenzene, 1,4-Dichloroethane, 1,1-Dichloroethylene, and trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene were also detected in ground water at MW-7; however, concentrations were below the MCLs. The volatile aromatics toluene (2.8 μ g/l) and total xylenes (1.2 μ g/l) were also detected in ground water at MW-7; however, concentrations were below the MCLs.

Ground water at adjacent monitor well HSAMW-4 had detections of cis-1,2 – Dichloroethylene (cis-DCE) of 1,000 μg/l and tetrachloroethylene (PCE) of 3.2 μg/l, which were above the MCLs of 70 μg/l and 3 μg/l, respectively. Chlorobenzene, 1,2 –Dichlorobenzene, 1,4–Dichlorobenzene, and trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene (trans-DCE) were also detected in ground water at HSAMW-4; however, concentrations were below the MCLs. Volatile aromatics were not detected above the laboratory detection limits in ground water form HSAMW-4.

The volatile halocarbons bromodichloromethane (1.4 $\mu g/l$) and chloroform (10 $\mu g/l$) were detected in ground water from monitor well MW-8, at concentrations slightly above the state carcinogen, organoleptic, and systemic toxicants which are used for reference only. No other volatile halocarbons or volatile aromatics were detected in ground water at MW-8 at concentrations above the laboratory detection limits.

The volatile halocarbons chloroform, 1,1-Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA), and 1,1-Dichloroethylene (1,1-DCE) were detected in ground water from monitor well MW-9, located at the far southwestern corner of the property at concentrations below the MCLs. Voaltile aromatic concentrations in ground water at MW-9 were all below the MCLs.

There were no aromatic or volatile halocarbon detections in ground water above the laboratory detection limits from monitor well HSAMW-5.

The duplicate sample (dupe-1) of MW-7 was acceptable with percent differences of 0 to 91 % difference (calculated as the difference of the percentage of the mean) which are within the acceptable limits for duplicate analysis for the detected parameters (Table 1020:I, Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 1989). Additionally, no volatile halocarbons or volatile aromatics were detected above laboratory detection limits in QORE's Quality Control (QC) equipment blank (EB-1) indicating that proper sampling and handling procedures were employed.

Potable Well Inventory

Based on the Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD) Permits Issued Report dated December 12, 2000, and the City of Clearwater Records, a total of two public supply wells and 20 irrigation wells were identified within a ½-mile radius of the site. The City of Clearwater potable wells are located to the north of the property, with the closest well located approximately 1500 feet to the northeast. The City of Clearwater potable wells are all cased to a depth of at least 83 feet, and are screened to approximately 185 to 300 feet based on a discussion with the City of Clearwater. The public supply wells and irrigation wells are listed in Table 7 and the well locations are presented on Plate 5.

Based on the easterly direction of ground water flow measured in the surficial aquifer at the site on November 3, 2000, there are no potable wells located directly downgradient of the site. The majority of the wells within the area are irrigation wells that are cased to a depth of 40 to 160 feet. There are several irrigation wells located downgradient of the site along Calumet and N Hercules, which are the closest wells to the subject site. These four irrigation wells are cased from a depth of 40 to 100 feet bgs, with a total well depth of 180 feet for all four wells.

Discussion

Total chromium concentrations were slightly elevated above the Leachability SCTL for hexavalent chromium, which was used for reference only, at a depth of one foot below the concrete slab at soil boring B-2. The SCTL is for the hexavalent chromium concentration, rather than the total chromium concentration. Hexavalent chromium is also present in cement, and the soil sample collected beneath the broken concrete may have contained some broken or powdered cement material. The remaining soil samples collected from below the discharge ports and at the southwest corner of the site did not have any metal concentrations above the SCTLs.

There was no evidence of soil impacted by chlorinated solvents above detection limits and, therefore, above the SCTLs (used for reference only) within soil samples collected from beneath the four discharge ports along the eastern side of the building and at the southwestern side of the site close to the drum storage at the adjacent building. Organic vapor concentrations were also below detection limits within most of the soil samples that were screened at the site and, even when the total organic vapor concentrations were elevated, the methane component was quite large indicating that the organic content of the soils is likely quite high.

There were no volatile aromatics or volatile halocarbons detected within the sediment sample collected from within the swale located along the southern side of the site, and no volatile aromatics detected within the sediment sample collected from within the eastern ditch. The eight RCRA metal concentrations within the sediment from the south ditch were also all below the SCTLs (used for reference only). Previous testing by HSA had shown that volatile halocarbons and the eight RCRA metals were below the SCTLs within a soil sample collected from the eastern ditch at the same location. Volatile halocarbons are soluble and it would be unexpected to find them in a sediment sample within the ditch unless there is a continuous discharge through the sediments, metals however, readily bind to soils and sediment and generally have a low solubility in water.

Previous ground water sampling in 1993 had identified the presence of tetrachloroethylene (PCE) and trichloroethylene (TCE) in ground water at concentrations above the MCLs at the former monitor well HSAMW-3, located along the southern side of the site. After the installation of monitor well MW-7, immediately adjacent to this location, ground water sampling in 1998 again showed elevated concentrations of PCE and TCE, along with a breakdown product of PCE and TCE of cis-1,2-dichloroethylene or cis-DCE. The November, 2000, ground water sampling and analysis identified PCE, TCE, and cis-DCE at lower concentrations than those detected in 1998. However, vinyl chloride was also detected in ground water from monitor well MW-7. Vinyl chloride is a breakdown product of TCE and PCE that has a very low MCL of 1μg/l in ground water.

There was a previous detection of Trans 1,2 dichloroethylene (trans-DCE) in 1994 within monitor well HSAMW-7 at a concentration below the MCL. The November, 2000, ground water sampling did not identify any dissolved chlorinated solvents in ground water at monitor well HSAMW-7 above the detection limits. Detected concentrations were below the MCLs.

Chlorinated solvents undergo biodegradation through three pathways: (1) use as an electron acceptor (reductive dechlorination); (2) use as an electron donor (primary substrate); and cometabolism. The most important process for the natural biodegradation of chlorinated solvents is reductive dechlorination, where the chlorinated solvent utilized as an electron acceptor and a chlorine atom is removed and replaced with a hydrogen atom. An appropriate carbon source is also required for microbial growth to occur. The highest rates of reductive dechlorination occur under methanogenic conditions, which occur under anaerobic conditions. As an example, during reductive dechlorination, tetrachlorethylene or PCE is reduced to TCE, and then to any of the three dichloroethylenes, and to vinyl chloride, and then to ethylene and finally to ethane.

The presence of elevated cis-DCE concentrations at the site in relation to PCE and TCE concentrations indicates that the chlorinated solvents at the site are likely undergoing some natural biodegradation and the chlorinated solvents have likely been present for some time. The high methane concentrations at several locations at the site also point towards a high carbon source at these locations which can assist in reductive dechlorination by providing a carbon source and by contributing to anaerobic conditions within the ground water.

The ground water flow pattern within the surficial aquifer is to the east towards the ditch located on the east side of the site. There was no evidence of any volatile aromatics detected in surface water directly downgradient of the impact detected at monitor well MW-7. Previous sampling by HSA at the same location did not show any impact from volatile halocarbons or metals.

The volatile aromatic 1,4-Dichlorobenzene was also detected in ground water at monitor well MW-7; however, concentrations were well below the MCLs. The major source of 1,4 Dichlorobenzene is from use in toilet bowl deodorants, garbage deodorants and moth flakes. The presence of 1,4-Dichlorobenzene at the site is unexplained and may be associated with the on-site septic tank or from the on-site bathroom.

The current property manager at the subject site has verbally identified that the adjacent property to the southwest had excavated the soils in the area where they currently have a drum storage area (Plate 2). This area was then paved with a concrete curb for the current drum storage. The property owner was told that petroleum impact was present. The concrete curb is

broken and there is evidence that some material is washed there, which may run onto the subject site. The former monitor well HSAMW-6, located on the western side of the property, had a benzene detection in ground water, when previously sampled in 1994. However, the new monitor well MW-9, which was installed downgradient of the drum storage area showed no evidence of ground water impacts above the MCLs, although there were detections in ground water (below the MCLs) of the clorinated solvents 1,1-DCA, 1,1-DCE, and the breakdown product chloroform. These detections are present upgradient of the impact detected at MW-7.

The ground water flow within the surficial aquifer is towards the east. There were no potable wells located downgradient of the site to the east. The closest potable well is located a distance of approximately 1500 feet to the northeast of the site.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results of the CA activities performed at the subject site the following summary and conclusions are presented:

- The surficial aquifer at the site consists of a brown to gray sand unit with varying amounts of silt and clay and was present to a depth of 15.5 to 16 feet, at which depth the undifferentiated Hawthorne unit was encountered.
- Volatile aromatics and volatile halocarbons were not detected above the SCTLs (used for reference only) within any of the soil samples collected from below the discharge ports, from the southwestern side of the site, or from the sediment sample collected from the south ditch.
- Volatile aromatic concentrations were also below detection limits from the sediment sample collected from the east ditch.
- The eight RCRA metals were all below the Industrial and Leachability SCTLs (used for reference only) within the soil samples collected from below the discharge ports, from the southwestern corner of the site, and from the sediment sample collected from the south ditch, with the exception of total chromium concentrations at B-2 (one foot). The criteria, however, is based on hexavalent chromium concentrations.
- Ground water was impacted at monitor well MW-7, with concentrations of PCE, TCE, cis-DCE, and vinyl chloride elevated above the MCLs. Ground water was also impacted at adjacent well HSAMW-4 with concentrations of cis-DCE and PCE elevated above the MCLs.
- The presence of biodegradation products of PCE and TCE, such as cis-DCE, and vinyl
 chloride indicates that the chlorinated solvents at the site are likely undergoing some
 natural biodegradation.
- The high methane concentrations detected in soils at several locations at the site also point towards a high carbon source, which can assist in reductive dechlorination by providing a carbon source and by contributing to anaerobic conditions within the ground water.

- Although the ground water flow within the surficial aquifer is easterly, towards the ditch
 located on the east side of the site, there was no evidence of any volatile aromatics
 detected in surface water directly downgradient of the impact detected at monitor well
 MW-7. Previous sampling by HSA at the same location did not show any impact from
 volatile halocarbons or metals.
- The chlorined solvents solvents 1,1-DCA, 1,1-DCE, were detected below the MCLs at the far southwestern corner of the site in ground water at MW-9, downgradient of the adjacent drum storage. The concrete curb for the drum storage is broken and there is evidence that some material is washed there, which may run onto the subject site.
- Two potable wells were identified within a ½-mile radius of the site, with the closest well located approximately 1500 feet to the north, north-east. Ground water flow within the surficial aquifer is to the east. There were no potable wells located downgradient to the east of the site.

If you have any questions, please contact us at 813-623-6646.

Sincerely, QORE, INC.

Christine McKenzie Project Hyrogeologist

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TABLE 1: SOIL SCREENING SUMMARY
Clearwater Top

<u> </u>	SAMPLE		OVA SCREENING RESULTS							
BORING	DATE	SAMPLE	TOTAL	CARBON	NET					
NO.	COLLECTED	INTERVAL	READING	FILTERED	READING	COMMENTS				
		(FBLS)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)					
PZ-1	30-Oct-00	1	0		0					
PZ-1	30-Oct-00	2	0	0	0	 				
PZ-1	30-Oct-00	3	0	<u> </u>	0	ļ				
PZ-1	30-Oct-00	4	0	0	0	 				
PZ-2	30-Oct-00	1	0	0		 				
PZ-2	30-Oct-00	2	0	0	0					
PZ-2	30-Oct-00 30-Oct-00	3	0	0	0					
PZ-2 PZ-2	30-Oct-00	5		0	0	<u> </u>				
B-1	3-Nov-00	3	0	- 0	0					
B-1	3-Nov-00	4		0	0	<u> </u>				
B-1	3-Nov-00	6	0		0					
B-1	3-Nov-00	8	Ö	0	0					
B-1	3-Nov-00	9		0	0					
B-1	3-Nov-00	10	0	0	0					
B-1	3-Nov-00	11	0	0	0					
B-1	3-Nov-00	12	0	0	0					
B-1	3-Nov-00	13	0	0	0					
B-1	3-Nov-00	14	0	0	0					
B-1	3-Nov-00	15	30	6.8	23.2					
B-1	3-Nov-00	16	54	7.4	46.6					
B-1	3-Nov-00	17	0	0	0					
B-1	3-Nov-00	18	8.4	20	0					
B-2	3-Nov-00	0-1	0	0 .	0					
B-2	3-Nov-00	2	0	0	0					
B-2	3-Nov-00	3	0	0 .	0					
B-2	3-Nov-00	4	30	28	2	<u> </u>				
B-3	3-Nov-00	0-1	0	0	0					
B-3	3-Nov-00	2	0	0	0	<u> </u>				
B-3	3-Nov-00	3	0	0	0					
B-3	3-Nov-00	4	0	0	0					
B-4	3-Nov-00	0-1	. 0	0	0					
B-4	3-Nov-00	3	0	0	0					
B-4 B-4	3-Nov-00 3-Nov-00	4	0	0	0					
			0	0						
B-5 B-5	3-Nov-00 3-Nov-00	0-1 2	0	0	0					
B-5 B-5	3-Nov-00	3	0	0	0					
B-5	3-Nov-00	4	0	0	0	 				
B-6	15-Nov-00	0-1	0	0 ;	0					
B-6	15-Nov-00	3	0	0	0					
B-6	15-Nov-00	4	60	80	0					
B-6	15-Nov-00	5	150	84	66					
MW-8	15-Nov-00	8	68	58	10					
MW-8	15-Nov-00	14	48	20	28					
MW-8	15-Nov-00	16	15	32	0					
B-WM	15-Nov-00	17	0	0	0					
MW-9	15-Nov-00	3	>1000	610	390					
MW-9	15-Nov-00	5	450	365	85					
MW-9	15-Nov-00	10	50	48	2					
MW-9	15-Nov-00	12	0	٥	0					
MW-9	15-Nov-00	15	6.5	5	2					
MW-9	15-Nov-00	16	7	3	4					

Page 1 of 1

TABLE 2
GROUND WATER ELEVATION SUMMARY
Clearwater Top

			Octob	er 30, 2000	Noven	nber 3, 2000	Novem	ber 29, 2000
LOCATION	TOP OF CASING ELEVATION (FEET)	Total Well Depth	DEPTH TO WATER (FBTOC)	GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (FBTOC)	DEPTH TO WATER (FBTOC)	GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (FBTGC)	DEPTH TO WATER (FBTOC)	GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (FBTOC)
HSAMW-1	not located	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
HSAMW-2	not located	-	-	-	-		-	-
HSAMW-3	not located	•	-	-	•	-	-	•
HSAMW-4	50.00	10.14	8.02	41.98	8.04	41.96	7.95	42.05
HSAMW-5	47.28	11.71	3.52	43.76	3.80	43.48	3.92	43.36
HSAMW-6	not located	-	-	-	•	-	-	•
HSAMW-7	47.59	16.50	4.31	43.28	4.50	43.09	4.17	43.42
MW-7	NS	13.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
MW-8	47.48	16.00	-	-	-	-	5.56	41.92
MW-9	47.26	16.00	-	-	-	-	3.90	43.36
PZ-1	49.16	6.00	5.72	43.44	5.71	43.45	has be	en removed
PZ-2	48.96	6.00	7.48	41.48	7.56	41.40	has be	en removed
North Culvert	45.62	-	5.60	40.02	-	•	5.58	40.04

Monitor well MW-7 could not be surveyed as a truck was parked over the well Monitor wells MW-8 and MW-9 were installed by QORE on November 15, 2000

TABLE 3: SOIL AND SEDIMENT ANALYTICAL SUMMARY
Clearwater Top

				SAMPLE DESIGNATION								
	STATE C	LEANUP TARGET	LEVELS*				SEDIMENT					
				10/30/2000	10/30/2000	10/30/2000	10/30/2000	11/15/2000	10/30/2000	10/30/2000		
	RESIDENTIAL	INDUSTRIAL	LEACHABILITY	B-2 (1 foot)	B-3 (1 foot)	B-4 (1 foot)	B-5 (1 foot)	B-7 (3-4 feet)	S-1	\$-2		
Volatile Aromatics												
Benzene	1.1	1.6	0.007	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	<0.0061		
Toluene	380	2600	0.5	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	<0.0061		
Ethylbenzene	1100	8400	0.6	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	<0.0061		
Total Xylenes	5900	40000	0.2	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	<0.0061		
MTBE	3200	22000	0.2	<0.057	<0.062	<0.052	<0.052	<0.073	<0.053	<0.0061		
Volatile Halocarbons												
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.4	0.6	0.04	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	NA		
Chloroform	0.4	0.5	0.03	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	NA		
1,1 - Dichloroethane	290	2000	0.4	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	NA		
1,2 - Dichloroethane	0.5	0.7	0.01	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	NA		
1,1 - Dichloroethylene	0.09	0.1	0.06	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	NA NA		
cis • 1,2 - Dichloroethylene	19	130	0.4	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0,0053	NA .		
trans - 1,2 - Dichloroethylene	31	210	0.7	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	.NA		
Tetrachloroethylene	8.9	17	0.03	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	NA		
1,1,1 - Trichloroethane	400	3300	1.9	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	NA NA		
Trichloroethylene	6	8.5	0.03	<0.0057	<0,0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	NA NA		
Vinyl Chloride	0.03	0.04	0.007	<0.0057	<0.0062	<0.0052	<0.0052	<0.0073	<0.0053	NA .		
Methylene Chloride	16	23	0.02	<0.029	<0.031	<0.026	<0.026	<0.036	<0.026	NA NA		

Notes

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

Not Analyzed = NA

soilquality- 8021 Page 1 of 1

< = less than the laboratory Method Detection Level (MDL)</pre>

^{* =} State Soil Cleanup Target levels listed in Table II of Chapter 62-777, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) are used for comparison only

^{*** =} Leachability values may be derived using the SPLP Test to calculate site specific SCTLs or may be determined using TCLP in the event that oily wastes are present.

TABLE 4
METAL CONCENTRATIONS IN SOILS
Clearwater Top

	Soll Target Level	Soll Target Level	SCTL for Leachability			Soll (mg/kg)		Sediment (mg/kg)		
Parameter	Residentiai (mg/kg)	industrial (mg/kg)	Leachability (mg/kg)	B-2 (1 foot)	B-3 (1 foot)	B-4 (1 foot)	B-5 (1 foot)	B-7 (3-4 feet)	S-1	S-2	
Arsenic	0.8	3.7	29	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80	2.8	<0.80	NA	
Barium	110	87000_	1600	6.0	7.3	2.5	2.0	2.4	8.8	NA	
Cadmium	75	1300_	8	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	NA ·	
Chromium *	210	420	38	130	32	21	26	3	5.1	NA	
Lead	400	920	<u>.</u> .	6.2	5.5	2.5	10	2.1	9.1	NA NA	
Selenium	390	10000	5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	NA	
Silver	390	9100	17	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	NA	
Mercury	3.4	26	2.1	0.028	0.027	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	NA	

NOTES

Soil Cleanup Target Levels from Chapter 62-777, F.A.C. Table II used for reference only

^{*} Based on hexavalent chromium

TABLE 5 : SURFACE WATER ANALYTICAL SUMMARY Clearwater Top

Class III Surface V	Nater Quality Criteria	10/30/2000 Surface Water east ditch
Volatile Aromatics (ug/l)		
Benzene	<71.28	<1.0
Toluene	-	<1.0
Ethylbenzene		<1.0
Total Xylenes		<1.0
мтве		. <10

Notes

Surface Water Quality Standards for Recreation, Propagation, Maintenance of a Heathy, Well Balanced Population of Fish and Wildlife (Predominantly Fresh Waters)

TABLE 6: GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL ANALYTICAL SUMMARY
Clearwater Top

		Sample Designation								
Primary and Secondary Drinking	Water MCLs	11/29/2000	11/29/2000	11/29/2000	11/29/2000	11/29/2000	11/29/2000			
		HSAMW-4	HSAMW-S	HSAMW-7	MW-7	MW-8	MW-9			
Volatile Aromatics (uc/l)		1			 	т				
Benzene	1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0			
Toluene	40	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	2.8	<1.0	<1.0			
Ethylbenzene	30	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0			
Total Xylenes	20	<1.0	<1,0.	<1.0	1.2	<1.0	<1.0			
мтве	- 50*	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10			
Volatile Halocarbons (uo/l)										
Bromodichloromethane	0.6 *	<1.0	<1,0	<1.0	<1.0	1.4	<1.0			
Carbon Tetrachloride (CT)	3	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0			
Chloroform (CF)	6.	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	10	3.9			
Chlorobenzene		3.3	<1.0	<1.0	36	<1.0	<1.0			
1,2 Dichlorobenzene	600	28	<1.0	<1.0	78	<1.0	<1.0			
1,3 Dichlorobenzene	10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	5.5	<1.0	<1.0			
1, 4 Dichlorobenzene	75	3.5	<1.0	<1.0	28	<1.0	<1.0			
1,1 - Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA)	700° (systemic)	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	2.4	<1.0	41			
1,2 - Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)	3	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0			
1,1 - Dichloroethylene (1.1-DCE)	7	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	2.2	<1.0	2.0			
cis - 1,2 - Dichloroethylene (cis-DCE)	70	1000	<1.0	<1.0	4200	<1.0	<1.0			
trans - 1,2 - Dichloroethylene (trans-DCE)	100	59	<1.0	<1.0	48	<1.0	<1.0			
1,2 Dichloropropane	400	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0			
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	3	3.2	< 1.0	< 1.0	300	< 1.0	<1.0			
1,1,1 - Trichloroethane (TCA)	200	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	<1.0			
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	5	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	<1.0			
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	3	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	170	<1.0	<1.0			
Vinyi Chloride (VC)	1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	4.8	<1.0	<1.0			
Methylene Chloride (MC)	5	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5			

Notes

Below Detection Limits = BOL

Not Sampled ≈ NS

State Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) from Chapter 62-550, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)

^{*} State carcinogens, organoleptics, and systemic toxicants standards are used for reference only

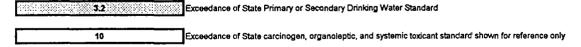
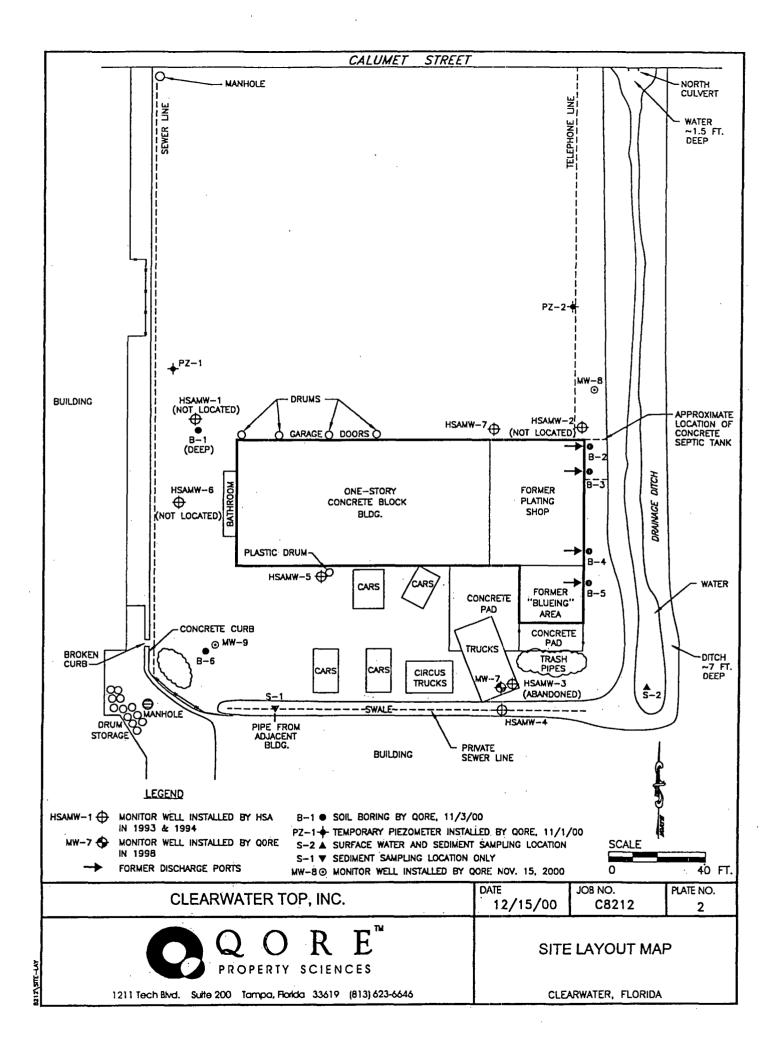
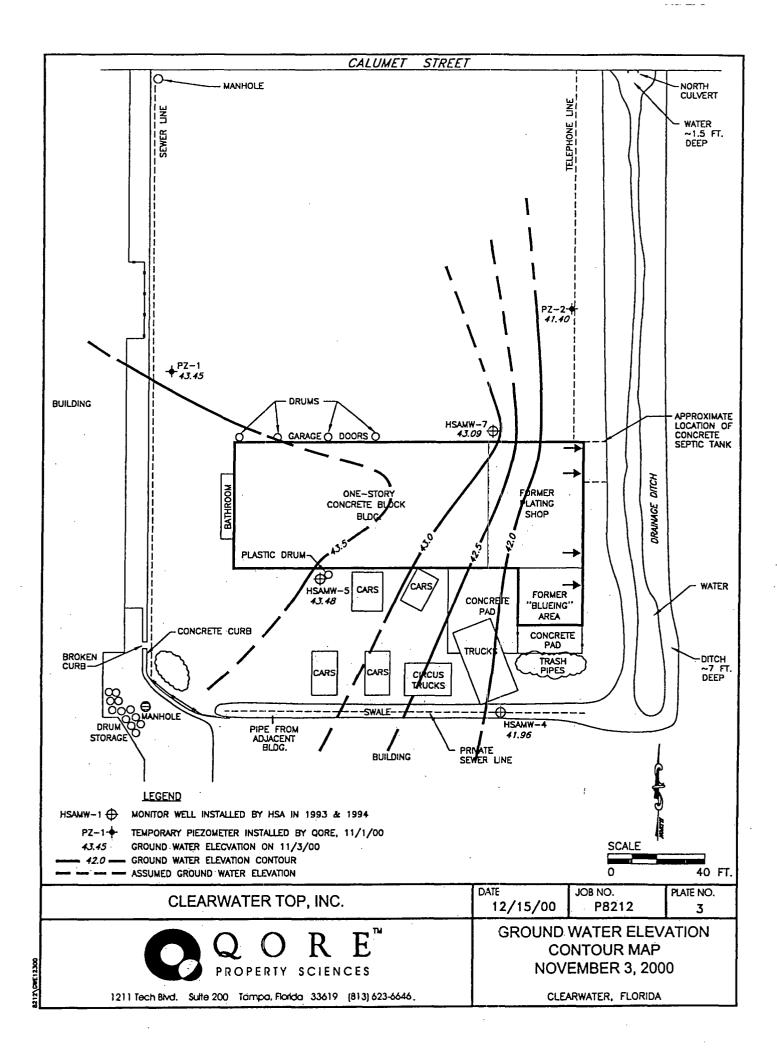
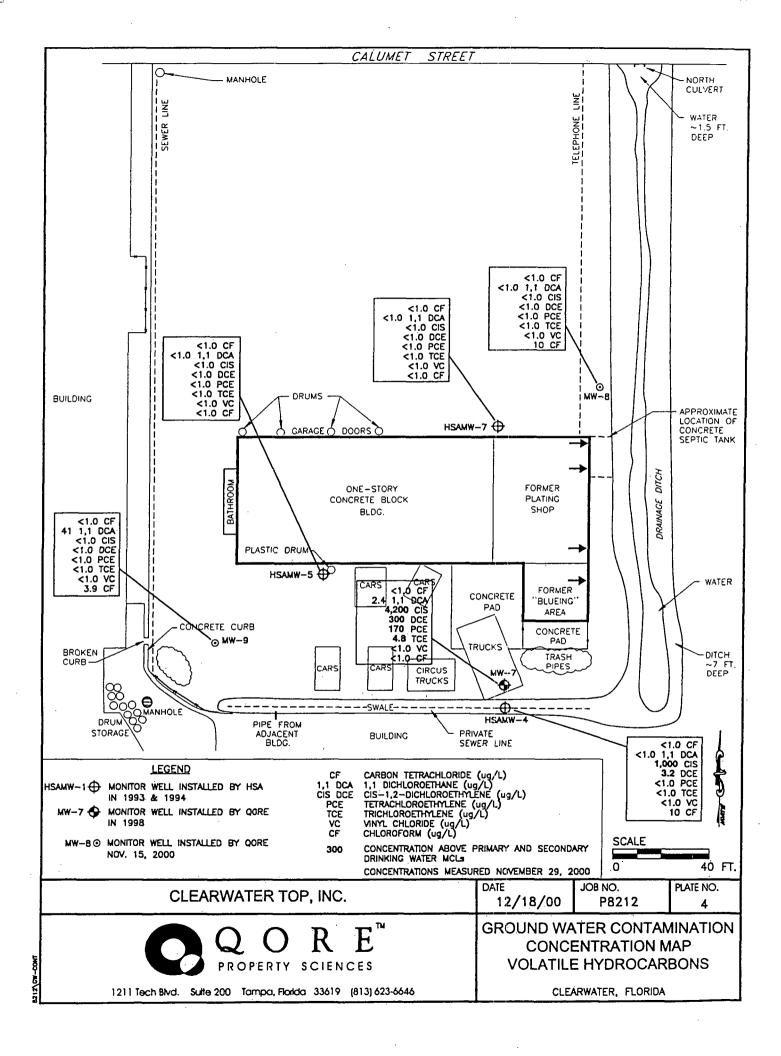


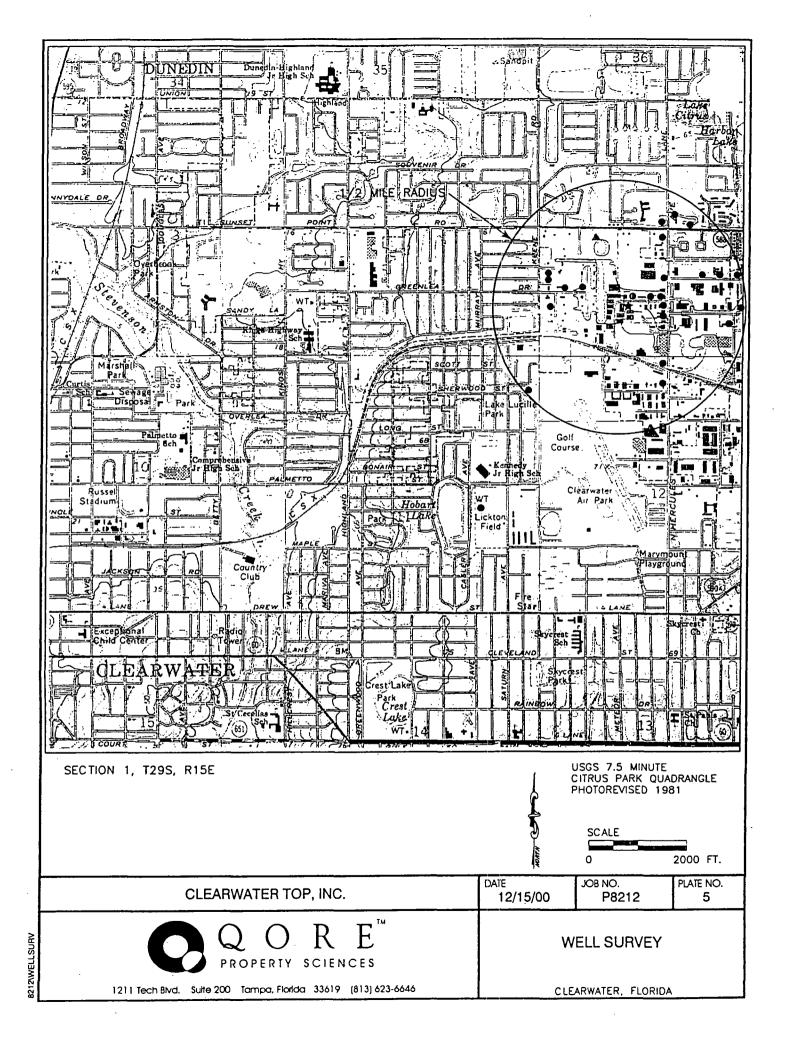
TABLE 7: WELL INVENTORY
Clearwater Top

SWFMD Permit Number	Section Township and Range	Use	Diameter	Depth of Casing	Well Depth	Approximate Location
393110	1/29/15	Public Supply	12	83	185	approximately 1500 feet northeast
409092	1/29/15	Public Supply	4	60	180	1941 Sunset Point Rd
397842	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	60	180	2000 Calumet
429283	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	66	160	1740 Hercules
465869	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	40	180	2005 Calumet
487186	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	90	180	2140 Calumet
524226	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	68	115	1840 Greenlea
527716	1/29/15	Irrigation	1.25	18	28	1310 North Hercules
582847	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	84	122	1934 N Hercules
591770	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	110	130	1335 Keene Rd
596063	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	160	260	2050 Sunnydale Blvd
605007	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	68	110	1841 N Keene Rd
613410	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	84	182	1700 Sunshine Dr
623657	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	80	140	1780 Kenesaw Ln
627240	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	75	140	1860 Hercules Ave N
631988	1/29/15	Irrigation	4	85	160	2090 Sunnydale Blvd
523829	2/29/15	Irrigation	4	100	180	1907 Calumet
579465	2/29/15	Irrigation	1	13	18	1830 Murray Ave
403931	12/29/15	Irrigation	4	70	130	2170 Sunnydale Blvd
462231	12/29/15	Irrigation	4	90	160	1212 N Hercules
546847	12/29/15	Irrigation	5	120	240	2140 Calumet
552744	12/29/15	Irrigation	4	93	180	1351 Arcturas Ave









APPENDIX A CAP APPROVAL LETTER



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

September 14, 2000

Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, Clearwater Top, Inc., P.O. Box 5212, Clearwater, Florida 34618-5212

Re:

Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP) Response to Comments dated and received July 13, 2000, Accurate Plating/Clearwater Top, Inc. 1937 Calumet Street, Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

Dear Ms. Fedorsyn:

The Department is in receipt and approves of the above referenced report and the CAP submitted in June 25, 1999. Please submit the Contamination Assessment Report (CAR) within 90 days of letter receipt (December 18, 2000). It is noted the information requested in items 11 (previous owners/tenants) and 12 (the location of storm sewers, inlets, and sanitary sewers on the property) will be provided upon submission of the CAR.

If you have questions or concerns regarding the above, please contact me at (813)-744-6100, ext. 474.

Sincerely yours,

Laura J. Herron, CHMM, REM

Environmental Specialist II

Bureau of Waste Cleanup

Xam J. Herr

cc: Mr. John Hull, P.G., QORE Property Sciences, 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200, Tampa,

Florida 33619

APPENDIX B SOIL BORING AND MONITOR WELL CONSTRUCTION LOGS

	во		10								JOB NO P8212 LOCATION CLEARWATER	erty Sciences		
											DRILLER HUSS START 0935 FINISH GROUND ELEVATION			
		GGED 8									WATER DEPTH			
		MPLING									DATE			
	ľ	RFACE		-							TIME CASING DEPTH			
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	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS/ PENETRATION	USGS CLASSIFICATI	SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE DEP	20	60 RECOVERED	80	DEPTH (FEET)	GRAPHIC LC	DESCRIPTION	NOTES		
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4-		3							4-	SP	SAND, brown, fine grained, loose, moist, trace silt			
5-		2 3	18" 18"						5-	CL	CLAY, dark brown, medium soft, brown vegetation, trace some sand			
6- - 7-		5 7	18"						5- - 7-	SP	SAND, dark gray brown, fine grained, clayey, loose, moist			
8-		7	18"			_			8-		SAND, dark brown, fine grained, some clay, loose, moist			
9-		9 9	18" 18"						9-		SAND, dark brown, fine grained, little clay, loose, moist, trace black gravel fragments			
10-		7 2	18"					H	10	SP	SAND, brown, fine grained, loose, wet, little clay			
11-		5	18"						11-	SP	black layer @ 11ft. SAND, light gray, fine grained, clayey, loose, wet			
13-		8 9	18" 16"						13-	SP	SAND, dark brown, fine grained, some clay, loose, wet			
14-		13	4.5."						14-					
15-		9	18" 16"						15-		SAND, dark brown, fine to medium grained, loose, wet			
16-		6	18"						16_	CL	CLAY, gray blue, very stiff, low plasticity, moist			
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18-		-							18-		End of Boring			
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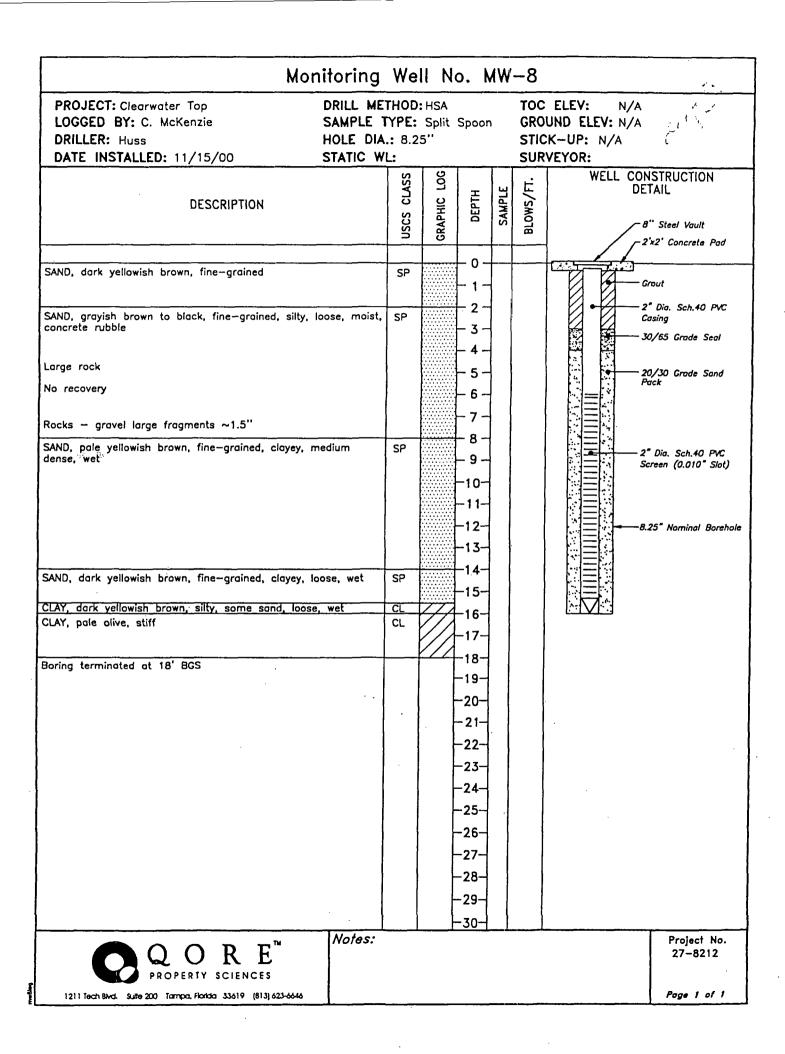
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		BORING NO B-6 CLIENT CLEARWATER TOP LOGGED BY C. McKENZIE										JOB NO P8212 LOCATION CLEARWATER			
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	J	DRILLING METHOD HAND AUGER SAMPLING METHOD										DATE			
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1			Ц				Ш	Ц	Ц	1	SP	SAND, pale yellowish brown, fine grained, trace gravel			
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2-			1		ļ	Н	$oxed{+}$	H	H	2-			1		
-			Н							-	SP	SAND, pale yellowish brown, fine grained, some silt, moist			
3-			Н			\vdash	+	+	H	3-	SP	SAND, moderate brown, fine grained, some silt, moist	1		
-		li	Н							-					
4-							\dagger		Ħ	4-	SP	SAND, dark yellowish orange, fine grained, loose,			
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	BO	BORING LOG BORING NO PZ-1 CLIENT CLEARWATER TOP							SHEET 1 OF 1		Sciences		
		OGGED BY L. DOCKTER								FINISH	NISH		
	<u> </u>								WAT	ER DEPTH			
		DRILLING METHOD HAND AUGER SAMPLING METHOD GRAB								DATE			
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	SU	RFACE CON							CASI	ING DEPTH			
0~	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS/ PENETRATION LENGTH USGS CLASSIFICATION	SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE DEPTH	20 40 N (OR) X	60 RECOVERED	оертн (FEET)	GRAPHIC LOC	DESCRIPTION		NI	OTES	
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-		l H					-	152	SAND, moderate brown, fine grai	ned			
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	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS/ PENETRATION	SS	SS	SAMPLE NO.	딅	2	. E.	DEPTH (FEET)	Jingvao						
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Monitoring Well No. MW-9 DRILL METHOD: HSA **PROJECT:** Clearwater Top TOC ELEV: N/A SAMPLE TYPE: Split Spoon LOGGED BY: C. McKenzie GROUND ELEV: N/A **HOLE DIA.:** 8.25" DRILLER: Huss STICK-UP: N/A DATE INSTALLED: 11/15/00 STATIC WL: SURVEYOR: WELL CONSTRUCTION 9 CLASS SAMPLE **BLOWS/FT** DETAIL DEPTH GRAPHIC **DESCRIPTION** nscs 8" Steel Vault 2'x2' Concrete Pod 0 SAND, dark yellowish brown, fine-grained, loose, moist SAND, cemented, black, fine-grained, rock like fragments 2" Dia. Sch.40 PVC 2 -3 --30/65 Grade Seal SAND, dark dusky yellowish brown, cemented fragments SP 4 -SAND, grayish orange, fine-grained, loose, wet SP 5 -20/30 Grade Sand Pack 6 -7 -8 -2" Dia. Sch.40 PVC 9 -Screen (0.010° Slot) SAND, dark yellowish orange, fine-grained, loose, wet SP -10-SAND, very pale orange, fine-grained, some silt, loose, wet -11--12--8.25" Nominal Borehole -13--14--15-SAND, pale yellowish brown, fine—grained, some silt, loose, wet @15.5 ft. 16-CLAY, pale alive, stiff, moist, trace sand at top 2" of clay CĹ 17-Boring terminated at 17' BGS -18--19--20--21--22--23--24--25--26--27--28--29-Notes: Project No. 27-8212 PROPERTY SCIENCES Page 1 of 1 1211 Tech Blvd. Suffe 200 Tampa, Florida 33619 (813) 623-6646

APPENDIX C MONITOR WELL LOCATION LETTER TO FDEP



November 9, 2000

Florida Department of Environmental Protection Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

RE: Monitor Well Locations

Contamination Assessment (CA)

Clearwater Top, Inc. 1937 Calumet Street

Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

QORE Project No. 27-8212

Attention: Ms. Laura J. Herron, CHNM, REM

Environmental Specialist II

Dear Ms. Herron:

On behalf of Clearwater Top, Inc., QORE, Inc. (QORE) is pleased to provide the proposed monitor well locations to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) for the Contamination Assessment at the Clearwater Top property. QORE has completed Tasks 1, 2, and 3, as outlined in the Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP) submitted to the FDEP on June 24, 1999 and the Response to Comments for the CAP submitted to the FDEP on July 13, 2000.

Based on water elevations measured on October 30, 2000 and November 3, 2000, within the three existing wells at the site and the two piezometers installed by QORE on October 30, 2000, ground water flow at the site is generally to the east (Plate 1). The deep soil boring was installed on November 3, 2000, near the northwestern corner of the building, which is upgradient of the area of known impact at MW-7 (Plate 1). The soil lithology at the location of the deep soil boring consists of a brown to gray sand unit with varying amounts of silt and clay, which was present from the ground surface to a depth of 16 feet. A clay unit with some sand was present at a depth of 5 to 6 feet and a clayey sand was present at a depth of 11 to 12 feet. A gray blue very stiff clay unit, which appears to be the upper undifferentiated Hawthom, was encountered at a depth of 16 feet below ground surface.

A total of three proposed monitor well locations are shown on Plate 1. The locations have been selected based on the ground water flow direction and previously reported laboratory data. Based on the results of the ground water analysis, additional ground water monitor wells may be added at a later date to delineate the zone of impact. The proposed well construction is shown on Plate 2. The monitor wells will be installed to the base of the surficial aquifer, which is estimated at approximately 16 feet, based on the deep soil boring.

The undifferentiated Hawthome unit, the Arcadia formation and the Tampa member of the Arcadia formation make up the Hawthom group in the Clearwater area (Florida Geological Survey Publication "The lithostratigraphy of the Hawthom Group of Florida", 1988). The thickness of the undifferentiated Hawthom within the area of the site is unknown, however to the

east, closer to Tampa it ranges in thickness from 10 feet to 50 feet. The Arcadia formation, including the Tampa member is up to 100 feet thick in the area, and consists of primarily limestone and dolostone with varying amounts of quartz sand, clay and phosphatic grains.

The deep vertical extent well is not proposed at this time, due to the presence of the Hawthom unit at a depth of only 16 feet below ground surface.

QORE is planning to install the three shallow monitor wells at the locations shown on Plate 1 on November 15, 2000 and would appreciate any comments related to the well installation locations prior to this date.

If you have questions or comments regarding the information provided above, please contact me at (813) 623-6646.

Yours very truly,

QORE. Inc.

(/-()-() Jonathan E. Hull, P.G. Principal Consultant

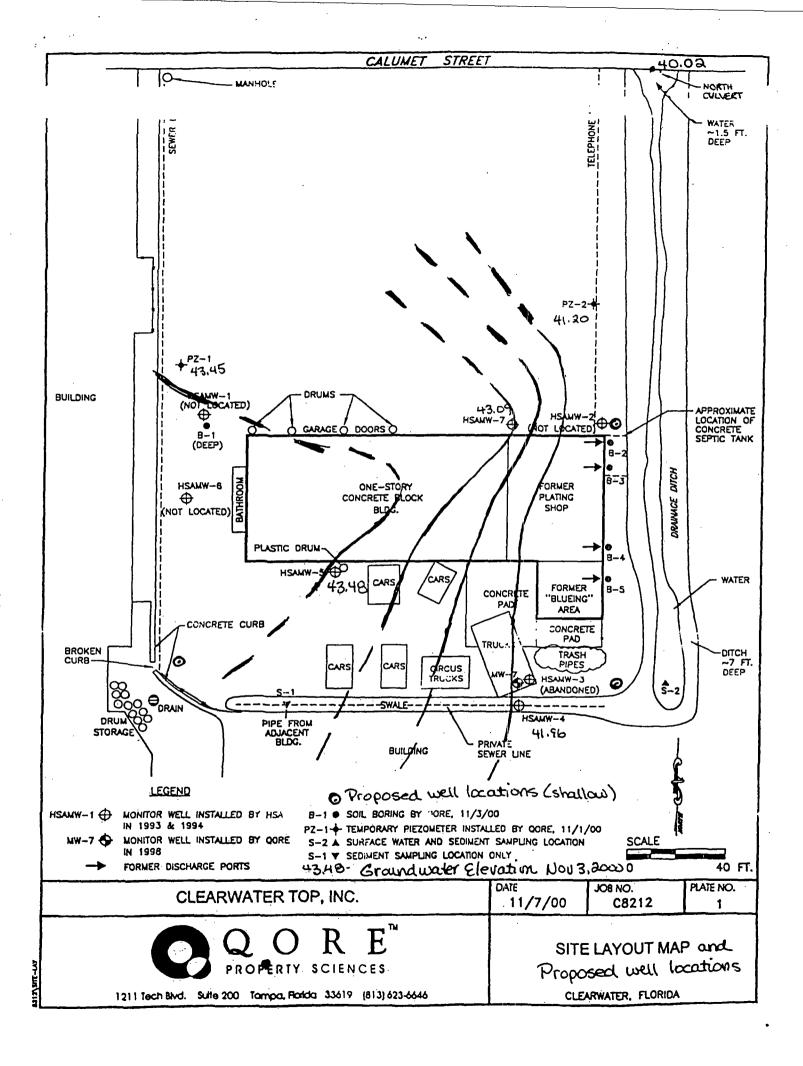
Christine McKenzie Project Hydrogeologist

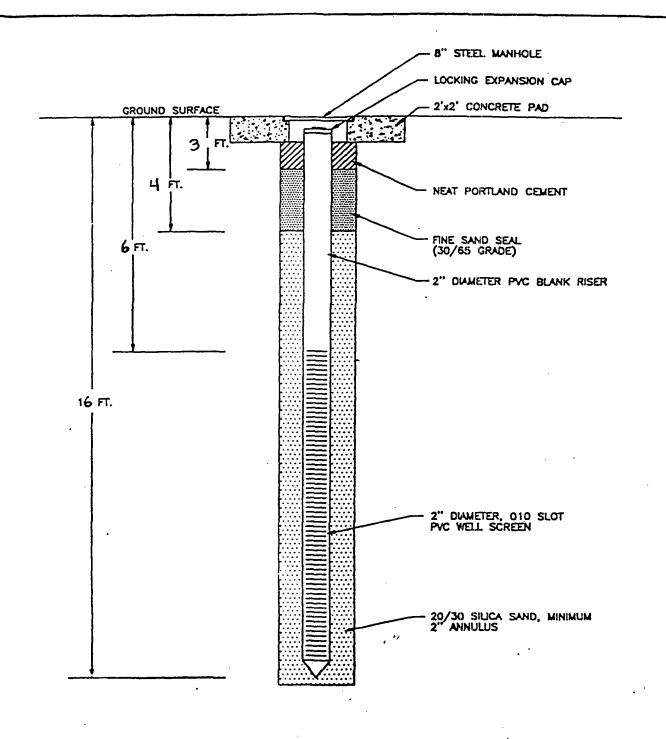
Attachments

cc: Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, Clearwater Top, Inc.

a gillure

G:ENV/projects\P8212\FDEP draft monitor well locations 11.8.00





NOTE: NOT TO SCALE

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CLEARWATER TOP, INC.	DATE 7/13/00	JOB NO. P8212	PLATE NO. 2
QORE PROPERTY SCIENCES	PROPOSED	SHALLOW MONIT TRUCTION DETAI	OR WELL
1211 Tech Bird. Suite 200 Tampa, Florida 33619 (813) 623-6646	Cu.	EARWATER, FLORIDA	

APPENDIX D MONITOR WELL PURGE FORMS



QORE JOB NUMBER
27 P82124

								
FDEP FACILI	TY NO.:		WELL NO.	MW-8	SAMPLE ID: MW-8	112900	DATE: // I	29 100
SITE NAME: (learwa	ter Te	<u> </u>	SITE LOCA	TION: Clearwa	teu FL	· .	
					200 24 74		·	
		I===:	 		RGE DATA			<u>_</u>
WELL DIAMETER (ir	n): Z'	DEPTH (ft):		DEPTH TO WATER (ft):	5-56	WELL CAPACITY (g		
1 14/51 1 1/01 1	IME /asi\ = /T	OTAL WELL	neptu . ne	DTH TO MA	TER) x WELL CAPACITY		o=wc	
/					_	,	8 = 3 Vol	ρ\ .' '
1.	<u>(= (</u>	15.	<u> 15</u>	<u>- 5-50</u>		<u> </u>	5 VO/	<u> </u>
PURGE	Ton	Pump	•		PURGING	846	PURGING	2812
METHOD:	1 SCO	rumi	,		TOURCE		ENDED AT: (9852
Time	VOLUME		TEMP.	COND.	RATE (gpm):	.83	PURGED (gal):	_5
	(gal)	pН	(°c)	(umhos)	COLOR	Turbidity	APPEARANCE	OTHER
0847	1.5	5.87	17.0	633 us	none		Clear	
0850	3_	6.15	18-1	632us	Brown		cldy	
0852	5	6-20	18:4	Valeus	1	هبين.	//	
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METHOD(S):_	Baile	V					ENDED AT: 1/1 3	
FIELD DECON				FIELD-FILTE			DUPLICATE: Y	
	PLE CONTAIN			SAMP	LE PRESERVATION		INTENDED ANAL	VĖIS ANDIOR
	ECIFICATION MATERIAL		PRESE	RVATIVE	TOTAL VOLUME	FINAL	METH	
NO.	CODE	VOLUME		SED	ADDED IN FIELD (ml)	pH		
3_	CG-	40 M	ffc	レ			8021	
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REMARKS:					•			į
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					ITY POLYETHYLENE; 0=011 =2.61 gavit; 12"=5.88 çavit	767		



QORE JOB NUMBER
27 182124

FDEP FACILI	Y NO.:		WELL NO.	:MW-9	SAMPLE ID: MW-	9 112400	DATE: ///	29 100
SITE NAME:]/earw	afer To	P	SITE LOCAT	TON: Clear	water		
				514				
14751 I		TOTAL ME		DEPTH TO	RGE DATA	WELL		
WELL DIAMETER (ir): 2''	TOTAL WEL	14.85	WATER (ft):	3.90	CAPACITY (c	gal/ft): / Le	
DIAMETER (in): $\frac{14.85}{4.85}$ WATER (ft): $\frac{14.85}{4.85}$ WATER (ft): $\frac{14.85}{4.85}$ WATER (ft): $\frac{16.85}{4.85}$ WELL VOLUME (gal) = (TOTAL WELL DEPTH TO WATER) × WELL CAPACITY = $\frac{10.85}{5.2.3}$ WATER (ft): $\frac{14.85}{5.2.3}$ WATER (ft): $\frac{16.85}{5.2.3}$ WATER (f								ار می از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از ای این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این از این ا
PURGE METHOD: 2		ump	<u> </u>	2.70	PURGING INITIATED AT:	917	PURGING ENDED AT:	928
WIC 17100. 2	CUMUL.	C F T T T T T T T T T	Γ	T	PURGE	77	TOTAL VOLUME	
Time	VOLUME PURGED	pH	TEMP. (*c)	COND. (umhos)	RATE (gpm): COLOR	Turbidity	PURGED (gal): APPEARANCE	8,5 OTHER
0919	(gal) 2.	5.86	17.4	739us	Tan		SLC/dx	OTTER
0922	4.	5.79	19-5	64/eus				
0924	le	5-69	19-6	57/ 53	1/		11	
0928	8.5	5.54	19.3	513 05	1/		-/	
Sampl	<u> </u>	= 1 =	/					
1125	ļ	5.65	17-1	587us	SLTan		Clear	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
	<u> </u>						<u> </u>	
2440150.00					LING DATA			
SAMPLED BY AFFILIATION	' Qor	L			SAMPLER(S) SIGNATURE(S)	3. m Z/	ins	
SAMPLING	1				SAMPLING SAMPLING INITIATED AT: 1/25 ENDED AT: 1/28			
METHOD(S): FIELD DECON	TAMINATION	I: (8) N		FIELD-FILTE	INITIATED AT: RED: Y (RO)	ENDED AT: //a	20	
SAM	LE CONTAIN	NER		·	E PRESERVATION			
	ECIFICATION MATERIAL		PRESE	RVATIVE	TOTAL VOLUME FINAL		INTENDED ANAL METH	
NO.	CODE	VOLUME	US	SED	ADDED IN FIELD (m			
3	C C-	40ML	HCL				8021	<u> </u>
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REMARKS:								
MATERIAL CODE	S: AG=AMBER G	LASS: CG=C! F	AR GLASS: HI	DP= HIGH DENS	ITY POLYETHYLENE; O=	OTHER		
		•			=2.61 gal/ft; 12°=5.88 gal/ft			



P8212A

FDEP FACILITY NO.: WELL NO.: HS AN			HSAMW-	SAMPLE ID: HS4MU	-5 112900	DATE: ///	29100	
SITE NAME:	Clearw	ater To	P	SITE LOCA	TION: (/euru	vater		
		·		PII	RGE DATA	 		
WELL	2,11	TOTAL WEL	 .L	DEPTH TO		WELL		
DIAMETER (in	n): d	DEPTH (ft):	11-60	WATER (ft):	3-92	CAPACITY (
1 WELL VOL	JME (gal) = (T	OTAL WELL	DEPTH - DE	PTH TO WAT	TER) x WELL CAPACITY	′= -	7.6= wc	1
1. 6	¬			3.90		16 = 3	:= 5 Vol	
PURGE	T.	0		, 	PURGING (73%	PURGING	-0115-
METHOD:	7500	lurge			INITIATED AT: 0	136	ENDED AT: TOTAL VOLUME	0945
Time	VOLUME				RATE (gpm):	.66	PURGED (gal):	6
	PURGED (gal)	Hq	TEMP.	COND. (umhos)	COLOR	Turbidity	APPEARANCE	OTHER
0938	2	5.52	21.1	590 us	Oark Tan		cldx	
0940	4	5.73	21.0	Stens	1-		-/	
0945	6	5-91	20-5	55/us	~		"	
Same	1/2		<u> </u>					
1140		5.62	17-6	546 us	1. ght Tan/green		Clear	
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	<u> </u>							
				SAM	PLING DATA			
SAMPLED BY	1 Q01	٠ د -			SAMPLER(S)	m W		
AFFILIATION SAMPLING					SAMPLING SAMPLING			
METHOD(S):	Baile			EIELO EU TE	INITIATED AT: 1/40 ENDED AT: 1/42 ERED: Y DUPLICATE: Y DUPLICATE: Y DUPLICATE: Y			
FIELD DECON	PLE CONTAIN			FIELD-FILTE	RED: Y (10) LE PRESERVATION		DUPLICATE: 1	(8/2
SP	ECIFICATION	IS .	DDGGG	RVATIVE	TOTAL VOLUME	FINAL	INTENDED ANAL	
NO.	MATERIAL	VOLUME		SED	ADDED IN FIELD (ml)	pH	, MICITY	
3	CG	YOML	Hol				8021	
							<u> </u>	
					•-		·	
						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
REMARKS:	L						<u></u>	
					ITY POLYETHYLENE; O=OTI =2.61 gal/ft; 12"=5.88 gal/ft	HER		[



QORE JOB NUMBER 27 P82 124

								
FDEP FACILI	TY NO.:		WELL NO.:	HSAMW.	SAMPLE ID: 15441	U-4 1129	DATE: // /	29100
SITE NAME:	leurwa	tes Tot	_)	TION: Clear wa			
					RGE DATA			
		T				1		
WELL DIAMETER (ir): Z'	TOTAL WEL DEPTH (ft):		DEPTH TO WATER (ft):	7-95	WELL CAPACITY (
1 WELL VOLL	JMF (gal) = (T	OTAL WELL	DEPTH - DE	PTH TO WAT	TER) x WELL CAPACITY	' =	2.2=wc	<i>L</i> ".
_	35 =(7.95		,	7.0=3Vol 75=5Vol	· July Com
PURGE		-10-1	/		PURGING	4 /	PURGING	
METHOD:	Per.	Print			INITIATED AT: 10	//	ENDED AT: /	26
	CUMUL.	T T			PURGE	6.2	TOTAL VOLUME	
Time	VOLUME		TEMP.	COND.	RATE (gpm):	,03	PURGED (gal):	, 50
	(gal)	pН	(°c)	(umhos)	COLOR	Turbidity	APPEARANCE	OTHER
1076	.50	LDR	+ Pu	rg e_				
Samp	re							
1155		6-15	15-8	50 Lus	SL Tan		Clear	
								
*								
							1.	
CAMBLED BY	,			SAM	PLING DATA		,	
SAMPLED BY AFFILIATION	Qore	-			SAMPLER(S) SIGNATURE(S) 13	.m 2/	vé	
					SAMPLING ISAMPLING			- ~
SAMPLING METHOD(S): FIELD DECON	DOGGA	/ : (Ŷ) N		FIELD-FILTE	INITIATED AT: //55 ENDED AT: //58			8
	PLE CONTAIN							
SP	ECIFICATION	ıs			PLE PRESERVATION INTENDED ANALYSIS			
NO.	MATERIAL	VOLUME		RVATIVE SED	TOTAL VOLUME ADDED IN FIELD (ml)	FINAL pH	METH	טכ ו
3	CG	40ML	HO				8021	
			*					
		·						
REMARKS:	Poor V	charge	- 11	1,5 u	·11, Dry	Person		
	, ,	· · · /	, ,	/	., .,	rnyt		
			-		SITY POLYETHYLENE; O=OTI =2.61 gal/ft; 12"=5.88 gal/ft	HER		



27-18212A

FDEP FACILIT	TY NO.:	·	WELL NO.	MW-7	SAMPLE ID: MW-	7 1,2900	DATE: //I	29100
SITE NAME:	Clearn	vater To	_	SITE LOCA	- /			
				PU	RGE DATA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
WELL		TOTAL WEL	1	DEPTH TO		WELL		
DIAMETER (in	1): Z	DEPTH (ft):	13,50	WATER (ft):	4.17	CAPACITY (g		
1 WELL VOLL	JME (gal) = (T	OTAL WELL	DEPTH - DE	PTH TO WAT	TER) x WELL CAPACITY	·= 9	.3=wc 4=3vol,	ئى ئىما يى
1.4	= (13.	50	- 4.17)× ./(= 7	= 5 Vol	() J
PURGË METHOD:	Is(o Pun	D		PURGING INITIATED AT: /0	38	PURGING ENDED AT: 10	43
WETTIOD.	CUMUL.	Jun		T	PURGE	<u> </u>	TOTAL VOLUME	
Time	VOLUME	1	75140	00110	RATE (gpm):	(. 0	PURGED (gal):	
	PURGED (gal)	рН	TEMP.	COND. (umhos)	COLOR	Turbidity	APPEARANCE	OTHER
10 39	1-5	4.15	14.5	802 us	Light Tan		clear	
1041	3	4.41	14-5	816us	1/	_	//	
1043	5	6-41	17.0	799us	·/			
	ļ					<u> </u>		
Saul	<u>e</u>	1.25	15.8	717us	SLTan	<u>-</u>	c/ear	
7.01.5		10.00	12.0	1//45	30 /an		CIEUV	
				SAME	PLING DATA		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SAMPLED BY		<u> </u>			SAMPLER(S)	ns 7/	-	-
AFFILIATION SAMPLING	(201c				SIGNATURE(S) 73	medi	SAMPLING	
METHOD(S):	Bail.	er			INITIATED AT: /2/5		ENDED AT: 1218	
FIELD DECON		i: 🚱 N		FIELD-FILTE	RED: Y	DUPLICATE: (8) N		
	PLE CONTAIN ECIFICATION			SAMP	LE PRESERVATION		INTENDED ANAL	YSIS AND/OR
NO.	MATERIAL CODE	VOLUME		RVATIVE	TOTAL VOLUME ADDED IN FIELD (ml)	FINAL pH	METHO	
63	CG-	40 ML	HCL				8021	
	·							
	-							
)								
REMARKS:		Dup	e -/	her	e			
					ITY POLYETHYLENE; O=OTI- =2.61 gal/ft; 12"=5.88 gal/ft	IER		

APPENDIX E STL TAMPA WEST LABORATORIES REPORT OF RESULTS



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63245 Received: 03 NOV 00 Reported: 15 NOV 00

Client PO. No.: P212

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

REPORT OF RESULTS

Project: Clearwater Top Sampled By: Client Code: 085801115

			DATE/	9
LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , S	SOLID OR SEMISOLID	SAMPLES	TIME SAMPLED	
				 -
63245-1 B-2 (1 FT)			11-03-00/12:15	
63245-2 B-3 (1 FT)			11-03-00/12:50	
63245-3 B-4 (1 FT)			11-03-00/13:20	
63245-4 B-5 (1 FT)	B-L	13-3	11-03-00/14:05	رج - ہی
PARAMETER	63245-1	63245-2	63245-3	63245-4
Halogenated and Aromatic Volatile	s (8021)			
Benzene, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Bromoform, ug/kg dw	<29	<31	. <26	<26
Bromomethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Chloroform, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Chloromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Chlorodibromomethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Dichlorodifluoromethane, ug/kg d	w <5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	dw <5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/k		<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg d	w <5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	dw <5.7		<5.2	<5.2



Tampa, FL 33619

STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63245 Received: 03 NOV 00 Reported: 15 NOV 00

Client PO. No.: P212

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 2

> Project: Clearwater Top Sampled By: Client

Code: 085801115

KEPOKI	OF	KESULIS

			Γ	ATE/	.
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOLID OR SE	EMISOLID SA		ME SAMPLED	
63245-1	B-2 (1 FT)		11	-03-00/12:1	.5
63245-2	B-3 (1 FT)		11	-03-00/12:5	0
63245-3	B-4 (1 FT)			-03-00/13:2	
63245-4	B-5 (1 FT)	<i>a</i> >	11	-03-00/14:0	15
PARAMETER		63245-1	63245-2	63245-3	63245-4
Ethylbenz	ene, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Methylene	Chloride, ug/kg dw	<29	<31	<26	<26
1,1,2,2-Te	etrachloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Tetrachlo:	roethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Toluene,	ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
1,1,1-Tri	chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
1,1,2-Tri	chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Trichloro	ethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Trichloro:	fluoromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
Vinyl Chlo	oride, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
o-Xylene,	ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
m&p-Xylene	e, ug/kg dw	<5.7	<6.2	<5.2	<5.2
2-Chloroet	thylvinyl Ether, ug/kg dw	<57	<62	<52	<52
Methyl Te	rt Butyl Ether (MTBE), ug/kg dw	<57	<62	<52	<52
RCRA Metals	s (6010)				
Arsenic, r	ng/kg dw	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80
Barium, mg	g/kg dw	6.0	7.3	2.5	2.0
Cadmium, n	ng/kg dw	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50
Chromium,		130	32	21	26
Lead, mg/l	kg dw	6.2	5.5	2.5	10
Selenium,	-	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Silver, mg		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Mercury, mg	g/kg dw	0.028	0.027	<0.020	<0.020



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63245 Received: 03 NOV 00 Reported: 15 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: P212

Project: Clearwater Top Sampled By: Client

DATE/

Code: 085801115

REPORT OF RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , LIQUID SAMPLES	TIME SAMPLED
63245-5		11-03-00/13:30
PARAMETER		63245-5
	ed and Aromatic Volatiles (8021)	
Benzene,	ug/l	<1.0
Bromodich	nloromethane, ug/l	<1.0
Bromoform	n, ug/l	<5.0
Bromometh	nane, ug/l	<1.0
Carbon Te	etrachloride, ug/l	<1.0
Chloroben	nzene, ug/l	<1.0
Chloroeth	nane, ug/l	<1.0
Chlorofor	m, ug/l	<1.0
	hane, ug/l	<1.0
Chlorodib	promomethane, ug/l	<1.0
-	orobenzene, ug/l	<1.0
	orobenzene, ug/l	<1.0
•	orobenzene, ug/l	<1.0
	lifluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0
	oroethane, ug/l	<1.0
	oroethane, ug/l	<1.0
	oroethylene, ug/l	<1.0
	ichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0
•	-Dichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0
	oropropane, ug/l	<1.0
	ichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0
	-Dichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0
Ethylbenz		<1.0
_	Chloride, ug/l	<5.0
1,1,2,2-T	etrachloroethane, ug/l	<1.0



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63245 Received: 03 NOV 00 Reported: 15 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: P212

Project: Clearwater Top Sampled By: Client

Code: 085801115

REPORT OF RESULTS

Page 4

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , LIQUID SAMPLES	DATE/ TIME SAMPLED				
63245-5	EB-2	11-03-00/13:30	. –			
PARAMETER		63245-5	-			
Tetrachl	oroethylene, ug/l	<1.0				
Toluene,	ug/l	<1.0				
1,1,1-Tr	ichloroethane, ug/l	<1.0				
1,1,2-Tr	ichloroethane, ug/l	<1.0				
Trichlor	oethylene, ug/l	<1.0				
Trichlor	ofluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0				
Vinyl Ch	loride, ug/l	<1.0				
o-Xylene	, ug/l	<1.0				
m&p-Xyle	to the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second	<1.0				
2-Chloro	ethylvinyl Ether, ug/l	<10				
Methyl To	ert Butyl Ether (MTBE), ug/l	<10				
RCRA Meta	ls (6010)					
Arsenic,	mg/l	<0.010				
Barium, n	mg/1	<0.010				
Cadmium,	mg/l	<0.0050				
Chromium	, mg/l	<0.010				
Lead, mg	/1	<0.0050				
Selenium		<0.010				
Silver, t	mg/l	<0.010				
Mercury,	ng/l	<0.00020				



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63245 Received: 03 NOV 00 Reported: 15 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: P212

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client Code: 085801115

REPORT OF RESULTS

			I	DATE/	
LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , Q	C REPORT	FOR SOLID/S	SEMISOLID T	ME SAMPLED	
63245-6 Method Blank					
63245-7 Accuracy (%Rec)					
63245-8 Precision (%RPD)					
63245-9 Date Extracted/Digester	d				
63245-10 Date Analyzed					
PARAMETER	63245-6	63245-7	63245-8	63245-9	63245-10
Halogenated and Aromatic					
Volatiles (8021)					
Benzene, ug/kg dw	<5.0	102 %	6.8 %		11.06.00
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.06.00
Bromoform, ug/kg dw	<25				11.06.00
Bromomethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.06.00
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.06.00
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.0	. 88 %	9.1 %		11.06.00
Chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.06.00
Chloroform, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.06.00
Chloromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.06.00
Chlorodibromomethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.06.00
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.06.00
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.06.00
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.06.00
Dichlorodifluoromethane, ug/kg dw	v <5.0			÷	11.06.00
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0	`			11.06.00
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0	·			11.06.00
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.0	116 %	6.9 %		11.06.00
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg d	lw <5.0		-		11.06.00
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.0	·			11.06.00



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63245 Received: 03 NOV 00 Reported: 15 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: P212

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 085801115

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REPORT OF RESULTS

		NDI ONI				DATE	. /	rage 0
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , QO	REPORT	FOR S	SOLID/	SEMISOLID		•	
63245-6 63245-7 63245-8 63245-9 63245-10	Method Blank Accuracy (%Rec) Precision (%RPD) Date Extracted/Digested Date Analyzed	l						
PARAMETER	6	3245-6	632	45-7	63245-8	6	3245-9	63245-10
1,2-Dichlo	propropane, ug/kg dw	<5.0						11.06.00
cis-1,3-D:	ichloropropene, ug/kg dw	<5.0						11.06.00
trans-1,3- ug/kg dw	-Dichloropropene,	<5.0				,		11.06.00
Ethylbenze	ene, ug/kg dw	<5.0						11.06.00
Methylene	Chloride, ug/kg dw	<10			~			11.06.00
1,1,2,2-Te ug/kg dw	etrachloroethane,	<5.0			~			11.06.00
Tetrachlo	coethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.0						11.06.00
Toluene, ι	ıg/kg dw	<5.0		88 %	10 %			11.06.00
1,1,1-Tric	chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0						11.06.00
1,1,2-Tric	chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0			~			11.06.00
Trichloroe	ethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.0	•	90 %	10 %		-	11.06.00
Trichlorof	luoromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0						11.06.00
Vinyl Chlo	oride, ug/kg dw	<5.0						11.06.00
o-Xylene,	ug/kg dw	<5.0			~			11.06.00
m&p-Xylene	e, ug/kg dw	<5.0						11.06.00
2-Chloroet	hylvinyl Ether, ug/kg d	w <50			~			11.06.00
Methyl Ter (MTBE), u	t Butyl Ether g/kg dw	<50						11.06.00



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63245 Received: 03 NOV 00 Reported: 15 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences

Client PO. No.: P212

1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200

Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top Sampled By: Client

Code: 085801115

REPORT OF RESULTS Page 7

						DATE/	
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	, QC REPORT	FOR SOL	ID/S	SEMISOLID	TIME SAMPLED)
63245-7 63245-8 63245-9 63245-10	Method Blank Accuracy (%Rec) Precision (%RPD) Date Extracted/Dige Date Analyzed	ested					
PARAMETER					•	63245-9	63245-10
RCRA Metals	s (6010)						
Arsenic, r	ng/kg dw	<0.80	96	ક્ર	0.32 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Barium, mg	g/kg dw	<1.0	105	ક	1.0 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Cadmium, n	ng/kg dw	<0.50	101	કૃ	0.30 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Chromium,	mg/kg dw	<1.0	100	ક	0.30 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Lead, mg/k	cg dw	<0.50	98	욯	0.79 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Selenium,	mg/kg dw	<1.0	89	욯	0.18 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Silver, mg	g/kg dw	<1.0	100	ક	1.0 %	11,09.00	11.13.00
Mercury, mg	g/kg dw	<0.020	102	ક	4.9 %	11.10.00	11.13.00



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63245 Received: 03 NOV 00

Reported: 15 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: P212

Project: Clearwater Top Sampled By: Client

Code: 112301115

Page 8

REPORT OF RESULTS

DATE/

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ,	QC REPORT	FOR LIQUII	SAMPLES	TIME SAMPLE	D
63245-11 63245-12 63245-13 63245-14 63245-15	Method Blank Accuracy (%Rec) Precision (%RPD) Date Extracted/Diges Date Analyzed	steđ				
PARAMETER					63245-14	
	and Aromatic (8021)					
Benzene, ug	g/l	<1.0	88 %	4.5 %		11.10.00
Bromodichlo	promethane, ug/l	<1.0	~ - ~			11.10.00
Bromoform,	ug/l	<5.0				11.10.00
Bromomethar	ne, ug/l	<1.0				11.10.00
Carbon Tetr	achloride, ug/l	<1.0				11.10.00
Chlorobenze	ene, ug/l	<1.0	85 %	2.4 %		11.10.00
Chloroethar	ne, ug/l	<1.0	~ ~ ~			11.10.00
Chloroform,	ug/l	<1.0				11.10.00
Chlorometha	ne, ug/l	<1.0				11.10.00
Chlorodibro	omomethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.10.00
1,2-Dichlor	obenzene, ug/l	<1.0				11.10.00
1,3-Dichlor	obenzene, ug/l	<1.0			. 	11.10.00
1,4-Dichlor	obenzene, ug/l	<1.0	~-~			11.10.00
Dichlorodif	luoromethane, ug/l	<1.0	~-~			11.10.00
1,1-Dichlor	oethane, ug/l	<1.0	46 %	0 %		11.10.00
1,2-Dichlor	oethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.10.00
1,1-Dichlor	oethylene, ug/l	<1.0				11.10.00
cis-1,2-Dic	hloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	~			11.10.00
trans-1,2-D	ichloroethylene, ug/	1 <1.0				11.10.00
1,2-Dichlor	opropane, ug/l	<1.0		-; - -		11.10.00



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63245 Received: 03 NOV 00 Reported: 15 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: P212

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 112301115

REPORT OF RESULTS

					DATE/	_
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ,	QC REPORT	FOR LIQUID	SAMPLES	TIME SAMPLE	D
63245-11 63245-12 63245-13 63245-14 63245-15	Method Blank Accuracy (%Rec) Precision (%RPD) Date Extracted/Diges Date Analyzed	ted				
PARAMETER		63245-11	63245-12	63245-13	63245-14	63245-15
trans-1,3-Ethylbenzer Methylene (1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro Toluene, ug 1,1,1-Trick 1,1,2-Trick Trickloroe(Trickloroe(Trickloroe(Vinyl Chloro- C-Xylene, ug m&p-Xylene	Chloride, ug/l trachloroethane, ug/l cethylene, ug/l g/l hloroethane, ug/l hloroethane, ug/l thylene, ug/l luoromethane, ug/l ride, ug/l	<1.0 <5.0	 88 % 105 % 	3.4 % 9.5 %		11.10.00 11.10.00 11.10.00 11.10.00 11.10.00 11.10.00 11.10.00 11.10.00 11.10.00 11.10.00 11.10.00 11.10.00
	Butyl Ether	<10				11.10.00



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63245 Received: 03 NOV 00

Reported: 15 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences

Client PO. No.: P212

1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200

Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

DATE/

Sampled By: Client

Code: 085801115

REPORT OF RESULTS

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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION				TIME SAMPLED	
63245-12 63245-13 63245-14 63245-15	Method Blank Accuracy (%Rec) Precision (%RPD) Date Extracted/Dige Date Analyzed	sted				
PARAMETER		63245-11	63245-12	63245-13	63245-14	63245-15
RCRA Metals						
Arsenic, r	mg/l	<0.010	101 %	0.70 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Barium, mg	g/l	<0.010	104 %	0.48 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Cadmium, n	ng/l	<0.0050	104 %	0.36 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Chromium,	mg/l	<0.010	103 %	0.97 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Lead, mg/	L	<0.0050	102 %	0.49 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Selenium,	mg/l	<0.010	96 %	1.1 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Silver, mg	1/1	<0.010	103 %	0.39 %	11.09.00	11.13.00
Mercury, mg	g/l	<0.00020	96 %	5.2 %	11.08.00	11.13.00

Method EPA SW-846 DOH Certification # E84282

Andre Rachmaninoff, Project Manager

Savannah Laboratories Advision of Severn Trent Laboraturies, Inc.	ANALYSIS REQUEST		I OF CUSTODY		CO,	RD		0000	2846 Ind	Roche Ave dustrial Pla eside Drive njamin Rd	ıza Drive e, Mobile	, Tallaha e. AL 366	ssee, FL 693	32301	ş	Phone: (8: Phone: (3:	12) 354-785 50) 878-399 34) 666-663 13) 885-742	4 Fax: (8	12) 352-0165 50) 878-9504 34) 666-6696 113) 885-7049	
PROJECT REFERENCE Clearwater	TOP PROJECT NO.	212	ECT LOCATION STATE		MATE TYP		A)	Ś		REQU	IRED	ANALY	/SES			P	AGE		OF .	
STL (LAB) PROJECT MANAGER Andre	P.O. NUMBER	LT.	ONTRACTINO.			ETC)	1160	Retach									TANDARD ELIVERY	REPORT	3	1
CLIENT (SITE) PM	VITOHUII BI3623	366	LIENTFAX	INDICATE		AIR NONAQUECUS LIQUID (OIL SOLVENT, ETC)	E										DATE			
SCIENT NAME	CLIENT EMAIL			(3)		SOL	≂	RCKA								jo	XPEDITED ELIVERY SURCHARGE		0	
QORE		(25)		GRAB		Ö	පිටන (8	(KR2)					.		"	DATE			
client address 1211 Tech	Blud.		.	S) OR	ATER)		(W)	0	0			 _					UMBER OF	COOLERS	SUBMITTED PER	ā.
COMPANY CONTRACTING THIS I		-100		SITE (US (W	DECUS				! :			:				HIPMENT:	00022.10		
SAMPLE DATE TIME	SAMPLE	IDENTIFICATIO	N	OMPO	AQUEOUS (WATER) SOLID OR SEMISOLID	AIR		١	NUMBE	R OF C	CONTA	INERS	S SUBI	MITTE	 D			REMAR	RKS	1
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11/3/00 1330	EB-a)			X		†	1	3											1
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			<u> </u>	$\dagger \dagger$	+	\sqcap	†											i		1
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RECEIVED BY: (SIGNATUR	10/31/00 E) DATE	1700 (RECEIVED BY: (SIGN		<u>ll</u>	<u> </u>	لر	DATE	100	TIME		DECE	IVED	0V: /c::	SNATURE	r\	- DA	TE.	TIME	4
HECEIVED DT: (SIGNATUR	E) DATE:	I IIVIC	Bo Pe	ALIUP C		7		11/3		15		70505		DT. (SI	SNA I UHE	=1	.		IIIVIL	
		1	DO 70	ABO	RATO	ORY	USE O			oler		an a	10			·		<u>.</u>	<u>L</u>	4
RECEIVED FOR LABORA	TORY BY: DATE	TIME C	CUSTODY INTACT	CU	STO	DY			3 NO.	LABO	RATO	RY RE	MARK	S:		<u> </u>				1.
(SIGNATURE)	1/10/1 1/3 20	1637	(ES)	SE	AL N	10. S	B	6-3	3245	\$										1



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63379 Received: 15 NOV 00 Reported: 29 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences

1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

REPORT OF RESULTS

Project: Clearwater Top/27-8212a

ent PO. No.: FACE/27-98212a

Sampled By: Client

Code: 115501129 Page 1

D	AI	Ŀ	/	

LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOLID OR	DATE/ SEMISOLID SAMPLES TIME SAMPLED
63379-1 B-7 (3-4 ft)	11-15-00/15:00
PARAMETER	63379-1
Halogenated and Aromatic Volatiles (8021)	
Benzene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Bromoform, ug/kg dw	<36
Bromomethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Chloroform, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Chloromethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Chlorodibromomethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Dichlorodifluoromethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Ethylbenzene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Methylene Chloride, ug/kg dw	. <36
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63379 Received: 15 NOV 00 Reported: 29 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-98212a

Project: Clearwater Top/27-8212a

Sampled By: Client

Code: 115501129

REPORT OF RESULTS

LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOLID OR SI	DATE/ EMISOLID SAMPLES TIME SAMPLED
63379-1 B-7 (3-4 ft)	11-15-00/15:00
PARAMETER	63379-1
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Toluene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Trichloroethylene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/kg dw	<7.3
Vinyl Chloride, ug/kg dw	<7.3
o-Xylene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
m&p-Xylene, ug/kg dw	<7.3
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether, ug/kg dw	√<73 ·
Methyl Tert Butyl Ether (MTBE), ug/kg dw	(<73)
RCRA Metals (6010)	
Arsenic, mg/kg dw	2.8
Barium, mg/kg dw	2.4
Cadmium, mg/kg dw	<0.50
Chromium, mg/kg dw	3.0
Lead, mg/kg dw	2.1
Selenium, mg/kg dw	<1.0
Silver, mg/kg dw	<1.0
Mercury, mg/kg dw	<0.020





STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63379 Received: 15 NOV 00 Reported: 29 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-98212a

Project: Clearwater Top/27-8212a

Sampled By: Client Code: 115501129

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		VELOWI () I I	100110			rage 3
						DATE/	
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , QC	REPORT	FOR	SOLID/	SEMISOLID	TIME SAMPLED	
63379-2	Method Blank				~		
63379-3	Accuracy (%Rec)						
63379-4	Precision (%RPD)						
63379-5	Date Extracted/Digested						
63379-6	Date Analyzed						
PARAMETER	6	 3379-2	 63	- 379-3	63379-4	63379-5	63379-6
				~			
Halogenated	d and Aromatic						
Volatiles	s (8021)						
Benzene, t	ug/kg dw	<5.0		89 %	2.2 %		11.16.00
Bromodich]	loromethane, ug/kg'dw	<5.0					11.16.00
Bromoform	, ug/kg dw	<25					11.16.00
Bromometha	ane, ug/kg dw	<5.0					11.16.00
	rachloride, ug/kg dw	<5.0					11.16.00
Chlorobenz	zene, ug/kg dw	<5.0		84 %	0 %		11.16.00
	ane, ug/kg dw	<5.0					11.16.00
	n, ug/kg dw	<5.0					11.16.00
	nane, ug/kg dw	<5.0					11.16.00
	comomethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0					11.16.00
•	orobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.0					11.16.00
	orobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.0			-		11.16.00
1,4-Dichlo	orobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.0				~	11.16.00
Dichlorodi	fluoromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0					11.16.00
1,1-Dichlo	proethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0					11.16.00
1,2-Dichlo	oroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0					11.16.00
1,1-Dichlo	proethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.0		100 क	O %		11.16.00
cis-1,2-Di	chloroethylene, ug/kg dv	√ <5.0					11.16.00
trans-1,2- ug/kg dw	Dichloroethylene,	<5.0					11.16.00

REPORT OF RESULTS



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63379 Received: 15 NOV 00 Reported: 29 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie
QORE Property Sciences

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-98212a

1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200

Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top/27-8212a

Sampled By: Client

Code: 115501129

REPORT OF RESULTS

				D	ATE/	_
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , QC	REPORT	FOR SOLID/S	EMISOLID TI	ME SAMPLED	
63379-2 63379-3 63379-4 63379-5 63379-6	Method Blank Accuracy (*Rec) Precision (*RPD) Date Extracted/Digested Date Analyzed	1		·		
PARAMETER	. 6	3379-2	63379-3	63379-4	63379-5	63379-6
1,2-Dichle	oropropane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.16.00
cis-1,3-D	ichloropropene, ug/kg dw	<i>i</i> <5.0				11.16.00
	-Dichloropropene,	<5.0				11.16.00
Ethylbenze	ene, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.16.00
Methylene	Chloride, ug/kg dw	<10				11.16.00
1,1,2,2-Te ug/kg dw	etrachloroethane,	<5.0				11.16.00
Tetrachlo	roethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.16.00
Toluene, u	ıg/kg dw	<5.0	77 %	2.6 %		11.16.00
1,1,1-Tric	chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.16.00
1,1,2-Tric	chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.16.00
Trichloro	ethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.0	93 %	2.2 %	÷,- ÷	11.16.00
Trichloro	fluoromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.16.00
Vinyl Chlo	oride, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.16.00
o-Xylene,	ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.16.00
m&p-Xylene	e, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.16.00
2-Chloroet	hylvinyl Ether, ug/kg d	w <50				11.16.00
Methyl Ter (MTBE), u	rt Butyl Ether 1g/kg dw	<50				11.16.00



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63379 Received: 15 NOV 00 Reported: 29 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200

Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-98212a

Project: Clearwater Top/27-8212a

1.7 % 11.21.00 11.22.00

11.21.00

1.4 % 11.21.00 11.22.00

Sampled By: Client Code: 115501129

REPORT OF RESULTS

Page 5

11.22.00

DATE/ LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , QC REPORT FOR SOLID/SEMISOLID TIME SAMPLED _______ 63379-2 Method Blank 63379-3 Accuracy (%Rec) Precision (%RPD) 63379-4 63379~5 Date Extracted/Digested Date Analyzed 63379-6 63379-2 63379-3 PARAMETER 63379-4 63379-5 RCRA Metals (6010) .<0.80 97 % 1.2 % 11.21.00 11.22.00 Arsenic, mg/kg dw 0.83 % 11.21.00 11.22.00 Barium, mg/kg dw 108 % <1.0 Cadmium, mg/kg dw <0.50 102 % 1.7 % 11.21.00 11.22.00 Chromium, mg/kg dw 107 % 1.4 % 11.21.00 11.22.00 <1.0

104 %

92 क्ष

98 %

0.68 %

<0.020 100 % 1.0 % 11.27.00 11.27.00

<0.50

<1.0

<1.0

Method EPA SW-846
DOH Certification # E84282

Lead, mg/kg dw

Selenium, mg/kg dw

Silver, mg/kg dw

Mercury, mg/kg dw

Andre Rachmaninoff, Project Manager



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Methylene Chloride, ug/kg dw

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg dw

Project: Clearwater Top

DATE/

<26

<5.3

Sampled By: Client

Code: 154301114

Page 1

REPORT OF RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOLID OR SEM	ISOLID SAMPLES TIME SAMPLED	
63170-1	S-1	10-30-00/14:25	
PARAMETER		63170-1	
	ed and Aromatic Volatiles (8021)		
Benzene,		<5.3	
	lloromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	ı, ug/kg dw	<26	
	lane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	trachloride, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
Chloroben	zene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
Chloroeth	ane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
Chlorofor	m, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
Chloromet	hane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
Chlorodib	romomethane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
1,2-Dichl	orobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
1,3-Dichl	orobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
1,4-Dichl	orobenzene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	ifluoromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	oroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	oroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	oroethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	ichloroethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	oropropane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	ichloropropene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
	-Dichloropropene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
Ethylbenz	ene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie
QORE Property Sciences
1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200
Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client Code: 154301114

Page 2

REPORT OF RESULTS

DATE/

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOLID OF		
63170-1			10-30-00/14:25
PARAMETER		63170-1	L
Tetrachlo	roethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
Toluene,	ug/kg dw	<5.3	3
1,1,1-Tri	chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	I
1,1,2-Tri	chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	l .
Trichloro	ethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.3	;
Trichloro	fluoromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.3	i e
Vinyl Chl	oride, ug/kg dw	<5.3	•
o-Xylene,	ug/kg dw	<5.3	•
m&p-Xylen	e, ug/kg dw	<5.3	
2-Chloroe	thylvinyl Ether, ug/kg dw	, < 53	
Methyl Te	rt Butyl Ether (MTBE), ug/kg	dw (<53	
RCRA Metal	s (6010)		
Arsenic,	mg/kg dw	<0.80	1
Barium, m	g/kg dw	8.8	
Cadmium, n	mg/kg dw	<0.50	
Chromium,	mg/kg dw	5.1	
Lead, mg/	kg dw	9.1	
Selenium,	mg/kg dw	<1.0	
Silver, m	g/kg dw	<1.0	<i>!</i>
Mercury, mg	g/kg dw	<0.020	



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client Code: 154301114

REPORT OF RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE 1	DESCRIPTION	, soLID o	R SEMISOLID	SAMPLES	DATE/ TIME SAMPLED	1430 3
63170-2						10-30-00/15:00	
PARAMETER					63170-	2	
1,3-Dichlor 1,4-Dichlor Ethylbenzer Toluene, ug o-Xylene, u m&p-Xylene,	g/kg dw ene, ug, robenzer robenzer ne, ug/k g/kg dw ug/kg dw , ug/kg	/kg dw ne, ug/kg dw ne, ug/kg dw ne, ug/kg dw kg dw		dw.	<6. <6. <6. <6. <6. <6. <6.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

> Project: Clearwater Top Sampled By: Client

Code: 154301114

	REPORT OF RESULTS	Page 4
		DATE/
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , LIQUID SAMPLES	TIME SAMPLED
63170-3	EB-1	10-30-00/14:15
PARAMETER		63170-3
Halogenat	ed and Aromatic Volatiles (8021)	
Benzene,	ug/l	<1.0
Bromodic	hloromethane, ug/l	<1.0
Bromofor	m, ug/l	<5.0
	hane, ug/l	<1.0
	etrachloride, ug/l	<1.0
	nzene, ug/l	<1.0
	hane, ug/l	<1.0
Chlorofo		<1.0
	thane, ug/l	<1.0
	bromomethane, ug/l	<1.0
•	lorobenzene, ug/l	<1.0
	lorobenzene, ug/l	<1.0
•	lorobenzene, ug/l	<1.0
•	difluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0
	loroethane, ug/l	<1.0
	loroethane, ug/l	<1.0
	loroethylene, ug/l	<1.0
	Dichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0
•	2-Dichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0
	loropropane, ug/l	<1.0
	Dichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0
•	3-Dichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0
	zene, ug/l	<1.0
_	chloride, ug/l	<5.0
1,1,2,2-	Tetrachloroethane, ug/l	<1.0



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 154301114

Page 5

				DAI	E	i/
SAMPLE	DESCRIPTION	LIOUID	SAMPLES	TIME	3	SAMPLED

REPORT OF RESULTS

	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , LIQUID SAMPLES	TIME SAMPLED	
63170-3		10-30-00/14:15	
PARAMETER		63170-3	
	oroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	
Toluene,	ug/l	<1.0	
1,1,1-Tr	ichloroethane, ug/l	<1.0	
1,1,2-Tr	ichloroethane, ug/l	<1.0	
Trichlor	oethylene, ug/l	<1.0	
Trichlor	ofluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0	
Vinyl Ch	loride, ug/l	<1.0	
o-Xylene	-	<1.0	
m&p-Xyle		<1.0	
	ethylvinyl Ether, ug/l	<10	
Methyl To	ert Butyl Ether (MTBE), ug/l	<10	
RCRA Meta	ls (6010)		
Arsenic,	mg/l	<0.010	
Barium, n	mg/l	<0.010	
Cadmium,	mg/l	<0.0050	
Chromium	, mg/l	<0.010	
Lead, mg	/1	<0.0050	
Selenium	, mg/l	<0.010	
Silver, n	mg/l	<0.010	
Mercury,	mg/l	<0.00020	



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client Code: 154301114

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REPORT OF RESULTS

LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , I	-
63170-4 SURFACE WATER	10-30-00/14:45
PARAMETER	63170-4
Aromatic Volatiles (8021) Benzene, ug/l Chlorobenzene, ug/l 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, ug/l 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, ug/l 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, ug/l Ethylbenzene, ug/l Toluene, ug/l o-Xylene, ug/l m&p-Xylene, ug/l	<1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client Code: 154301114

REPORT OF RESULTS

Page 7 DATE/

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , LIQUID SAMPLES	
63170-5		10-30-00
PARAMETER		63170-5
	ed and Aromatic Volatiles (8021)	
Benzene,		<1.0
	nloromethane, ug/l	<1.0
Bromoform		<5.0
Bromometh	ane, ug/l	<1.0
Carbon Te	trachloride, ug/l	<1.0
Chloroben	zene, ug/l	<1.0
Chloroeth	ane, ug/l	<1.0
Chlorofor	m, ug/l	<1.0
Chloromet	hane, ug/l	<1.0
	romomethane, ug/l	<1.0
	orobenzene, ug/l	<1.0
•	orobenzene, ug/l	<1.0
1,4-Dichl	orobenzene, ug/l	<1.0
	ifluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0
	oroethane, ug/l	<1.0
•	oroethane, ug/l	<1.0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	oroethylene, ug/l	<1.0
	ichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0
•	-Dichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0
-	oropropane, ug/l	<1.0
	ichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0
	-Dichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0
Ethylbenz	_	<1.0
-	Chloride, ug/l	<5.0
1,1,2,2-T	etrachloroethane, ug/l	<1.0



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 154301114

REPORT OF RESULTS

LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , LIQUID SAMPLES	DATE/ TIME SAMPLED
63170-5 TRIP	10-30-00
PARAMETER	63170-5
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/l Toluene, ug/l 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/l 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/l Trichloroethylene, ug/l Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/l Vinyl Chloride, ug/l o-Xylene, ug/l m&p-Xylene, ug/l 2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether, ug/l	<1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0
Methyl Tert Butyl Ether (MTBE), ug/l	<10



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 154301114

REPORT OF RESULTS

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DATE/ LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , QC REPORT FOR SOLID/SEMISOLID TIME SAMPLED _______ 63170-6 Method Blank 63170-7 Accuracy (%Rec) 63170-8 Precision (%RPD) 63170-9 Date Extracted/Digested 63170-10 Date Analyzed ______ 63170-8 63170-6 63170-7 63170-9 PARAMETER Halogenated and Aromatic Volatiles (8021) <5.0 112 % Benzene, ug/kg dw 11 % 11.02.00 Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg dw < 5.0 ------11.02.00 ---Bromoform, ug/kg dw <25 11.02.00 ---_ _ _ Bromomethane, ug/kg dw <5.0 11.02.00 Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg dw <5.0 11.02.00 97 % ---1.5 % Chlorobenzene, ug/kg dw < 5.0 11.02.00 Chloroethane, ug/kg dw <5.0 11.02.00 Chloroform, ug/kg dw <5.0 11.02.00 Chloromethane, ug/kg dw < 5.0 11.02.00 Chlorodibromomethane, ug/kg dw <5.0 ---------11.02.00 <5.0 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw ---------11.02.00 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw <5.0 ---------11.02.00 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, ug/kg dw <5.0 11.02.00 Dichlorodifluoromethane, ug/kg dw < 5.0 _ _ _ ------11.02.00 1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg dw <5.0 ------11.02.00 ---1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg dw <5.0 ------11.02.00 142 % 1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg dw < 5.0 2.9 % 11.02.00 . --cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg dw <5.0 _ _ _ 11.02.00 trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, <5.0 11.02.00 ug/kg dw



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 154301114

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REPORT OF RESULTS

				Γ	ATE/	
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , QC	REPORT	FOR SOLID/S	EMISOLID TI	ME SAMPLED	
63170-6	Method Blank					
63170-7	Accuracy (%Rec)					
63170-8	Precision (%RPD)					
63170-9	Date Extracted/Digested					
63170-10	Date Analyzed					
PARAMETER	63	3170-6	63170-7	63170-8	63170-9	63170-10
1,2-Dichl	oropropane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.02.00
	ichloropropene, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.02.00
· ·	-Dichloropropene,	<5.0				11.02.00
ug/kg dw						
Ethylbenz	ene, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.02.00
Methylene	Chloride, ug/kg dw	<10				11.02.00
1,1,2,2-T	etrachloroethane,	<5.0				11.02.00
ug/kg dw						
Tetrachlo:	roethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.02.00
Toluene,	ug/kg dw	<5.0	94 %	13 %		11.02.00
	chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.02.00
1,1,2-Tri	chloroethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.02.00
Trichloro	ethylene, ug/kg dw	<5.0	108 %	11 %		11.02.00
Trichloro	fluoromethane, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.02.00
Vinyl Chl	oride, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.02.00
o-Xylene,	ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.02.00
m&p-Xylene	e, ug/kg dw	<5.0				11.02.00
	thylvinyl Ether, ug/kg dw	<50				11.02.00
_	rt Butyl Ether	<50				11.02.00
(MTBE), u	ıg/kg dw					



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 154301114

REPORT OF RESULTS

									DATE/	
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	, QC	REPORT	FOR S	SOL	ID/	SEMISOLI	D -	TIME SAMPLED	
63170-6	Method Blank									
63170-7	Accuracy (%Rec)									
63170-8	Precision (%RPD)									
63170-9	Date Extracted/Dige	ested								
63170-10	Date Analyzed									
PARAMETER				631	170-	-7	63170	- 8	63170-9	63170-10
RCRA Metals	s (6010)									
Arsenic, r	ng/kg dw		<0.80		85	욯	1.4	윰	11.02.00	11.04.00
Barium, mg	g/kg dw		<1.0	1	103	용	0.87	ક	11.02.00	11.04.00
Cadmium, r	ng/kg dw		<0.50		97	용	1.4	ક	11.02.00	11.04.00
Chromium,	mg/kg dw		<1.0		95	ક	1.7	ક	11.02.00	11.04.00
Lead, mg/	cg dw		<0.50		91	ક	1.1	용	11.02.00	11.04.00
Selenium,	mg/kg dw		<1.0		81	ક	4.4	ક	11.02.00	11.04.00
Silver, mg	g/kg dw		<1.0	1	101	ક	1.3	용	11.02.00	11.04.00
Mercury, mg	g/kg dw	<	0.020	1	.12	용	13	ક	11.07.00	11.08.00



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 154301114

REPORT OF RESULTS

					DATE/	3 ·
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ,	QC REPORT	FOR LIQUID	SAMPLES	TIME SAMPLED	
63170-11 63170-12 63170-13 63170-14 63170-15	Method Blank Accuracy (%Rec) Precision (%RPD) Date Extracted/Digest Date Analyzed	ced				
PARAMETER		63170-11	63170-12	63170-13	63170-14	63170-15
Volatile	<u>.</u>					
Benzene,	•	<1.0	94 %	0 %		11.02.00
	loromethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
Bromoform	. •	<5.0				11.02.00
Bromometh		<1.0				11.02.00
Carbon Te	trachloride, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
Chloroben	zene, ug/l	<1.0	85 %	2.5 %		11.02.00
Chloroeth	ane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
Chlorofor	m, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
Chloromet	hane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
Chlorodib	romomethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
1,2-Dichl	orobenzene, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
1,3-Dichle	orobenzene, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
1,4-Dichle	orobenzene, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
Dichlorod	ifluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
1,1-Dichlo	oroethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
1,2-Dichlo	oroethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
1,1-Dichle	oroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	100 %	20 %		11.02.00
cis-1,2-D:	ichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
trans-1,2	-Dichloroethylene, ug/	1 <1.0				11.02.00
1,2-Dichlo	oropropane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 154301114

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REPORT OF RESULTS

					DATE/	rage 13
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ,	QC REPORT	FOR LIQUID	SAMPLES	TIME SAMPLED	
63170-11	Method Blank					
63170-12	Accuracy (%Rec)					
63170-13	Precision (%RPD)					
63170-14	Date Extracted/Digest	ted				
63170-15	Date Analyzed					
PARAMETER		63170-11	63170-12	63170-13	63170-14	63170-15
cis-1.3-D	ichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
	-Dichloropropene, ug/l					11.02.00
Ethylbenz		<1.0				11.02.00
-	Chloride, ug/l	<5.0				11.02.00
=	etrachloroethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
	roethylene, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
Toluene,	ug/l	<1.0	81 %	0 %		11.02.00
1,1,1-Tri	chloroethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
1,1,2-Tri	chloroethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
Trichloro	ethylene, ug/l	<1.0	105 %	9.5 %		11.02.00
Trichloro	fluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
Vinyl Chl	oride, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
o-Xylene,	ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
m&p-Xylen	e, ug/l	<1.0				11.02.00
2-Chloroe	thylvinyl Ether, ug/l	<10				11.02.00
Methyl Te: (MTBE),	rt Butyl Ether ug/l	<10				11.02.00



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63170 Received: 31 OCT 00 Reported: 14 NOV 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 154301114

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DATE/

REPORT OF RESULTS

						DATE/	
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	, QC REPOR	T FOR LIC	UID	SAMPLES	TIME SAMPLED	
63170-11	Method Blank						
63170-12	Accuracy (%Rec)						
63170-13	Precision (%RPD)						
63170-14	Date Extracted/Dige	sted					
63170-15	Date Analyzed						
PARAMETER						63170-14	63170-15
RCRA Metals							
Arsenic, r	mg/1	<0.010	99	ષ્ઠ	1.4 %	11.05.00	11.06.00
Barium, mg	g/l	<0.010	105	ક	1.1 %	11.05.00	11.06.00
Cadmium, r	mg/l	<0.0050	104	욯	0.58 %	11.05.00	11.06.00
Chromium,	mg/1	<0.010	100	*	0.49 %	11.05.00	11.06.00
Lead, mg/l	L	<0.0050	100	ક્ષ	0.67 %	11.05.00	11.06.00
Selenium,	mg/l	<0.010	98	*	1.3 %	11.05.00	11.06.00
Silver, mg	_J /1 ·	<0.010	102	ક	0.98 %	11.05.00	11.06.00
Mercury, mg	J/1	<0.00020	92	ક	14 %	11.04.00	11.06.00

Method EPA SW-846
DOH Certification # E84282

Andre Rachmaninoff, Project Manager



STL Tampa West

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

LOG NO: B0-63509 Received: 30 NOV 00 Reported: 06 DEC 00

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-P8212A

Project: 27-P8212A/Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client Code: 120901213

		REPORT C	F RESULTS			Page 1
					DATE/	-
LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ,	LIQUID SA	MPLES		TIME SAMPLED	
63509-1	MW-8				11-29-00/11:1	0
63509-2	MW-9				11-29-00/11:2	5
63509-3	HSA MW-5				11-29-00/11:4	0
63509-4	HSA MW-4				11-29-00/11:5	5
63509-5	MW-7	N~-8	Mw-9	1.15A	11-29-00/12:1	5 Mu-7
PARAMETER		63509-1	63509-2	63509-3	63509-4	63509-5
Halogenated	d and Aromatic					
Volatiles	3 (8021)					
Benzene, u	1g/1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Bromodichl	oromethane, ug/l	1.4	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Bromoform,	ug/l	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
Bromometha	ine, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Carbon Tet	rachloride, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chlorobenz	zene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	3.3	36
Chloroetha	ne, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chloroform	n, ug/l	10	3.9	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chlorometh	nane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Chlorodibr	comomethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
	probenzene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	28	78
1,3-Dichlo	robenzene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	5.5
1,4-Dichlo	robenzene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	3.5	28
Dichlorodi	fluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichlo	roethane, ug/l	<1.0	41	<1.0	<1.0	2.4
1,2-Dichlo	roethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1,1-Dichlo	roethylene, ug/l	<1.0	2.0	<1.0	<1.0	2.2
cis-1,2-Di	chloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1000*F42	1200*F42
trans-1,2-	Dichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	59	48
1,2-Dichlo	ropropane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63509 Received: 30 NOV 00 Reported: 06 DEC 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-P8212A

Project: 27-P8212A/Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 13210126

REPORT OF RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ,	LIQUID SA	MPLES		DATE/ FIME SAMPLEI)
63509-1	MW-8			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11-29-00/11:	10
63509-2	MW-9			:	11-29-00/11:	25
63509-3	HSA MW-5				11-29-00/11:	40
63509-4	HSA MW-4			:	11-29-00/11:	55
63509-5	MW-7	F1~8	Frw.c1	HOD HOW	11-29-00/12: 	15
PARAMETER	,	63509-1			63509-4	
cis-1,3-Dic	chloropropene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
trans-1,3-	Dichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Ethylbenzer	ne, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Methylene (Chloride, ug/l	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
,1,1,2,2-Tet	rachloroethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1 Tetrachloro	ethylene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	3.2	300*F42
Toluene, ug	y /l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	2.8
$\sqrt{1,1,1-Trich}$	loroethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
$\sqrt{1,1,2}$ -Trich	nloroethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
, Trichloroet	hylene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	170*F42
`Trichlorofl	uoromethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
/ Vinyl Chlor	ride, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	4.8
o-Xylene, u	1g/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.2
m&p-Xylene,	ug/1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
2-Chloroeth	ylvinyl Ether, ug/l	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Methyl Tert (MTBE), ug	Butyl Ether 1/1	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63509 Received: 30 NOV 00 Reported: 06 DEC 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie

QORE Property Sciences

1211 Tech Boulevard Suite

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-P8212A

1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: 27-P8212A/Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 13210126

REPORT OF RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , LIQUID SAMPLES		DATE/ TIME SAMPLED	Page 3	
63509-6 63509-7 63509-8	EB-1 DUPE-1 HSA MW-7		11-29-00/11:05 11-29-00 11-30-00/10:12	1/20	Mu-T
PARAMETER		63509-6	63509-7 6		
Halogenate	ed and Aromatic Volatiles (8021)				
Benzene,	ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
Bromodic	hloromethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
Bromoform	m, ug/l	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	
Bromometh	hane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
Carbon Te	etrachloride, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0		38.2
Chlorober	nzene, ug/l	<1.0	5336.	<1.0	JO. 0-
Chloroeth	nane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-
Chlorofor	rm, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
Chloromet	chane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
	oromomethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
•	lorobenzene, ug/l	<1.0		<1.0	
	lorobenzene, ug/l	<1.0		<1.0	۷ ا
	lorobenzene, ug/l	<1.0	29 76	<1.0	5722 91
	difluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	- ,
	loroethane, ug/l	<1.0	2.3 2.9	<1.0	
	loroethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0 ?	<1.0	
	Loroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	1.8 2.3-	<1.0	952 52
	Dichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	· •	<1.0	
•	2-Dichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	40 48	<1.0	
·	oropropane, ug/l	<1.0		<1.0	
	Dichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0	-	<1.0	•
	3-Dichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
Ethylbenz	zene, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63509 Received: 30 NOV 00 Reported: 06 DEC 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-P8212A

Project: 27-P8212A/Clearwater Top Sampled By: Client

Code: 13210126

REPORT OF RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , LIQUID SAMPLES		DATE/ FIME SAMPLED	•
63509-6	EB-1	:	11-29-00/11:	05
63509-7	DUPE-1	:	11-29-00	
	HSA MW-7		L1-30-00/10:	12
PARAMETER			63509-7	63509-8
	Chloride, ug/l		<5.0	<5.0
1,1,2,2-Te	etrachloroethane, ug/l	<1.0		
Tetrachlo	roethylene, ug/l	<1.0	300*F42 30	حد 1.0×
Toluene, u	ıg/l	<1.0	2.7	<1.0
1,1,1-Trio	chloroethane, ug/l	<1.0		
1,1,2-Tric	chloroethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0 180*F42	<1.0
Trichloro	ethylene, ug/l	<1.0	180*F42 \	<1.0
Trichlorof	fluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Vinyl Chlo	oride, ug/l	<1.0	4.0 4	.O <1.0
o-Xylene,	ug/l	<1.0	1.2 /	ে <1.0
m&p-Xylene	e, ug/l	['] <1.0	<1.0	<1.0
2-Chloroet	chylvinyl Ether, ug/l	<10	<10	<10
Methyl Ter	rt Butyl Ether (MTBE), ug/l	<10	<10	<10



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63509 Received: 30 NOV 00 Reported: 06 DEC 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-P8212A

Project: 27-P8212A/Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 08390126

REPORT OF RESULTS

	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , LIQUID SAMPLES	DATE/ TIME SAMPLED	
63509-9		11-30-00	_
PARAMETER		63509-9	-
Halogenate	ed and Aromatic Volatiles (8021)		
Benzene,	-	<1.0	
	hloromethane, ug/l	<1.0	
Bromoform		<5.0	
	hane, ug/l	<1.0	
	etrachloride, ug/l	<1.0	
	nzene, ug/l	<1.0	
	hane, ug/l	<1.0	
Chlorofor	. 5	<1.0	
	thane, ug/l	<1.0	
	bromomethane, ug/l	<1.0	
	lorobenzene, ug/l	<1.0	
·	lorobenzene, ug/l	<1.0	
•	lorobenzene, ug/l	<1.0	
	difluoromethane, ug/l	<1.0	
	loroethane, ug/l	<1.0	
	loroethane, ug/l	<1.0	
	loroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	
	Dichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	
	2-Dichloroethylene, ug/l	<1.0	
	loropropane, ug/1	<1.0	
	Dichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0	
•	3-Dichloropropene, ug/l	<1.0	
_	zene, ug/l	<1.0	
-	e Chloride, ug/l	<5.0	
1,1,2,2-1	Tetrachloroethane, ug/l	<1.0	



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63509 Received: 30 NOV 00 Reported: 06 DEC 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-P8212A

Project: 27-P8212A/Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

Code: 08390126

REPORT OF RESULTS

LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , LIQUID SAMPLES	DATE/ TIME SAMPLED
63509-9 TRIP	11-30-00
PARAMETER	63509-9
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/l Toluene, ug/l 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/l 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/l Trichloroethylene, ug/l Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/l Vinyl Chloride, ug/l o-Xylene, ug/l m&p-Xylene, ug/l 2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether, ug/l Methyl Tert Butyl Ether (MTBE), ug/l	<1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0 <1.0



STL Tampa West

LOG NO: B0-63509 Received: 30 NOV 00

Reported: 06 DEC 00

Ms. Christine McKenzie QORE Property Sciences

1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/l

1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/l

cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/l

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/l

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/l

trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/l

Client PO. No.: FACE/27-P8212A

1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200 Tampa, FL 33619

Project: 27-P8212A/Clearwater Top

Sampled By: Client

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12.01.00

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Code: 08390126

		REPORT (OF RESULTS			Page 7
					DATE/	
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Carbon Tet	trachloride, ug/l		<1.0			12.01.00
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Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

June 24, 2002

Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, Clearwater Top, Inc., P.O. Box 5212, Clearwater, Florida 34618-5212

Re: Accurate Plating/Clearwater Top, Inc. 1937 Calumet Street, Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

Dear Ms. Fedorsyn:

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (the Department) provided a response dated March 28, 2002 to the November 9, 2001 letter and requested a response within 30 days of letter receipt (on or about April 28, 2002). To date the Department has not received a response to its March 28, 2002 letter. Please provide a response to the March 28, 2002 letter within 15 days of letter receipt. Please note, this is the Department's second request for a response. Failure to respond may result in the initiation of enforcement proceedings.

If you have questions or concerns regarding the above, please contact me at (813)-744-6100, ext. 474.

Sincerely yours,

Laura J. Herron, CHMM, REM

Environmental Specialist III

Bureau of Waste Cleanup

cc: David Tarbert, OGC

Mr. John Hull, P.G., QORE Property Sciences, 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200, Tampa, Florida 33619



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor March 28, 2002 Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, Clearwater Top, Inc., P.O. Box 5212, Clearwater, Florida 34618-5212

Re:

Response to Department's February 22, 2001 letter, dated November 9, 2001, received November 16, 2001 Contamination Assessment Report, dated and received December 18, 2000, Accurate Plating/Clearwater Top, Inc. 1937 Calumet Street, Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

Dear Ms. Fedorsyn:

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (the Department) has reviewed the above referenced response and offers the following comments:

Contamination Assessment Completion Comments:

Responses to comments 1, 2, 7, 8, and 10 are acceptable:

- 3. Is the location of sediment sample S-2 as provided in the Contamination Assessment Report prepared by QORE, Inc. in the same location as S-2 provided in HSA's December 21, 1993 report? A sample location figure was not provided for the December 21, 1993 report. If so, please provide documentation and the response to this comment would be acceptable.
- 4. As stated previously, a soil boring should be installed near monitor well MW-7 since this appears to be the area with the highest concentration of ground water contamination. Soil samples should be screened in discrete intervals from the land surface to the ground water table using an organic vapor analyzer equipped with a flame ionization detector (OVA/FID) to assess the sample with the highest reading and this soil sample should be sent to the laboratory for analysis of 8010/8020 (halogenated volatile organics/aromatic volatile organics) and the 8 RCRA metals.
- 5. Soil samples should be collected from the area near boring B-2 at the 2 feet below land surface (bls) interval and analyzed for chromium because the chromium concentration detected at one foot below land surface (130 mg/kg) exceeds the leachability risk based soil guidance concentration (RBSGC) for chromium of 38 mg/kg. A soil sample from the area near B-7 should be collected 1-2 foot below land surface interval to evaluate if arsenic is present as a surface soil contaminant because it was detected at the 3 to 4 foot depth interval at a concentration of 2.8 mg/kg which is elevated above the residential RBSGC of 0.8 mg/kg. The Department must be concerned with all contaminants that exceed the RBSGCs
- 6. It appears monitor well HSAMW-3 was replaced with monitor well MW-7 and abandoned on October 29, 1998. Was this well abandoned according to the Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD) well abandonment procedures? Monitor wells HSAMW-1, HSAMW-2 and HSAMW-6 do not appear to be included on Plate 2 "Site Layout Map" in the Contamination Assessment Report. Why can't these wells be abandoned prior to completion of the contamination assessment since they cannot be located or used for contamination assessment purposes?

9. This comment does not relate to comment No. 8. A shallow monitor well should be proposed on the eastern portion of the property due to the detection of 1,1—dichloroethane in monitor well MW-9 of 41 ug/l. Although this is less than the ground water cleanup target level (GWCTL) of 70 ug/l it is close to the GWCTL. This may be resolved by resampling MW-9 for volatile organics to determine current concentrations.

Specific Comments:

Responses to comments 1 through 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14 through 23, 26 and 27 are acceptable.

- 5. The response to this comment as referenced per the July 13, 2000 letter references soil samples collected during piezometer installation based on OVA/FID results. This response does not mention soil samples based on OVA/FID results during permanent monitor well installation. Please explain why OVA/FID readings were not obtained during the installation of monitor well MW-7.
- 6. Please refer to the response to comment no. 4 for the contamination assessment completion comments above.
- 11. The Department does not appear to have the laboratory analytical results for the soil sample collected from soil boring B-6 that was analyzed for EPA Method 8021. Why wasn't a soil sample collected from B-6 and analyzed for the 8 RCRA metals?
- 12. Please refer to the response to comment no. 5 for the contamination assessment completion comments above.
- 13. Please refer to the response to comment no. 5 for the contamination assessment completion comments above.
- 24. Please provide a response as to how a ground water sample was collected from HSAMW-4 when it was reported to have purged "dry" on the water sample log in Appendix D?
- 25. Please refer to the response to comment no. 6 for the contamination assessment completion comments above.
- 28. Please refer to the response to comment no. 9 for the contamination assessment completion comments above.

Please provide a response to the above comments within 30 days of receipt of this letter. A recommendation for either No further Action (NFA), a Monitoring Only Plan (MOP), a Risk Assessment/Justification proposal (RAJ), a Feasibility Study (FS) or remedial actions requiring a Remedial Action Plan (RAP) should be provided with the response to this letter. Please note, submittals to the Department must bear a signature and seal of a State of Florida licensed professional geologist.

If you have questions or concerns regarding the above, please contact me at (813)-744-6100, ext. 474.

Sincerely yours,

cc:

Laura J. Herron, CHMM, REM

Environmental Specialist III

au of Herr

Bureau of Waste Cleanup

Mr. John Hull, P.G., QORE Property Sciences, 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200, Tampa, Florida 33619



November 9, 2001

Florida Department of Environmental Protection Southwest Direct 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

D.E.P. Southwest District Tampa

Attention:

Ms. Laura Herron, CHMM, REM

Environmental Specialist III Bureau of Waste Cleanup

Re: Response to FDEP Comments

Accurate Plating/Clearwater Top, Inc.

1937 Calumet Street Clearwater, Florida

Dear Ms. Herron:

On behalf of Clearwater Top, Inc., QORE, Inc. (QORE) is pleased to present responses. to the February 22, 2001 Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) comment letter regarding QORE's December 18, 2000 Contamination Assessment Report (CAR). QORE's responses are listed below in the order of FDEP's comments. FDEP's comment letter is attached for reference.

QORE will attempt to access the contents of the onsite septic tank for sampling. 1 Wastewater collected from the septic tank will be submitted for laboratory analysis using EPA Method 8021.

2. The results for the laboratory analysis of sample S-1 are presented in Table 3 of

the CAR. The results indicate that purgeable halocarbons were not detected in

HSA Environmental's December 21, 1993 report provides sediment quality results 3. for the S-2 sample location. The results for metals concentrations are listed as follows: arsenic - ND; chromium - 17.94 mg/kg; copper - 5.38 mg/kg; nickel - 6.56 mg/kg; lead - 50.27 mg/kg; and, zinc - 22.31 mg/kg.

75TEL 31.2) Please explain the Department's purpose for requesting soil quality sampling in the 4. vicinity of well MW-7. _ been my of hoping to a consumer

Please explain the purpose for requesting soil quality sampling at two feet below 4 5. ground surface (ft bgs) in the vicinity of sample B-2. The chromium result in the سيط - soil sample collected at one ft bgs was below the Residential Soil Target Level.

The arsenic concentrations in all soil samples collected from a depth of one foot were below the Residential Soil Target Level. A soil sample will be collected for arsenic analysis, as requested; however, it is not apparent why arsenic is a concern for the Department at this site.

- 6. Following completion of assessment activities, monitor wells will be abandoned according to appropriate standards.
- 7. An upgradient monitor well will be installed along the west property boundary using construction specifications utilized for previous monitor wells onsite.
- 8. QORE concurs with the need for a downgradient monitor well, although the proposed well will likely be installed on the adjacent property to the east. An Instrument Transformers building is located along the southern property boundary of Clearwater Top. If needed, QORE will request assistance from the Department to gain access to the eastern property.
- 9. QORE assumes that Comment 9 relates to Comment 8.
- 10. QORE proposes to use a Geoprobe sampling device and onsite portable gas chromatograph (GC) to assist in the assessment of horizontal and vertical extent of solvent impacts to soil and ground water beneath the site. Both a shallow and deep Geoprobe boring will be installed in the vicinity of well MW-7. The shallow boring will be used to evaluate if a DNAPL is present in the soil matrix above the confining unit identified in boring B-1 at a depth of approximately 15 ft bgs. A deeper Geoprobe boring will also be installed at this location to assess the vertical extent of affected ground water; however, a surface casing will be installed to a depth of 17 ft bgs prior to the installation of this deeper boring to prevent cross contamination from the surficial to deeper aquifer units. Additional shallow Geoprobe borings will be installed to the east of well MW-7 to assist in the selection of permanent shallow monitor well locations.

Following assessment using the Geoprobe device and GC, permanent monitor wells will be installed to confirm the vertical and horizontal extent. It is anticipated that the permanent vertical extent well will be installed in the vicinity of monitor wells MW-7 and HSAMW-4 because of the elevated concentrations of solvent constituents in ground water samples collected from these wells. The exact location and construction (e.g. depth) of additional monitor wells will be proposed to the Department following the evaluation of the results of the Geoprobe/GC sampling events.

- 1. Please clarify this comment. A water table elevation summary table was included in the report (See Table 2).
- 2. Well elevation surveying will be completed for the CAR Addendum.
- 3. See response No. 3. 6
- 4. See response No. 2. &

- 5. QORE's July 13, 2000 letter states that OVA screened would be conducted during piezometer installation and if OVA readings were approximately equal to background concentrations, no soil sample would be submitted for laboratory analysis. As described on Page 7 of the CAR, OVA readings for soil samples collected during piezometer installation were below detection limits; therefore, no soil samples were submitted for laboratory analysis.
- 6. See response No. 4.
- 7. See response No. 1.
- 8. See response No. 1.
- 9. See response No. 10.
- 10. The proposed location for the deep boring was blocked during the field activities; therefore, QORE installed a boring in an upgradient location to evaluate the subsurface conditions up to the depth of the first confining unit encountered beneath the site. Additional assessment activities are proposed to assess the horizontal and vertical extent of affected ground water beneath the site (See response No. 10).

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11. An offsite drum storage area is located to the southwest of boring B-6 at the Instrument Transformer facility. In addition, a Clearwater Top employee reported that a soil removal was conducted in the vicinity of the drum storage area. It is not known the reason for the soil removal, but QORE collected soil samples from boring B-6 for OVA screening. The sample containing the highest OVA readings was submitted for laboratory analysis using EPA Method 8021 to look for upgradient, offsite impacts. No aromatic or halogen compounds were, however, detected in this soil sample.

12. Arsenic was detected at a concentration of 2.8 mg/kg in a soil sample collected from a depth of 3 to 4 ft bgs in boring B-7. Since the Residential and Industrial Target Levels are for direct expose only (first two feet), the result was compared to the leachability SCTL of 29 mg/kg. The laboratory result for arsenic in this sample is less than the leachability standard.

13. See previous responses. 🖖

14. The SCTLs referenced in the report were used for evaluation purposes only. QORE understands these SCTLs are, by rule, the cleanup target levels for petroleum, drycleaning and brownfield program sites only. If agreed, QORE may propose to use these SCTLs for remediation of soil, if necessary, or may propose other risk based corrective action levels for soil at this site.

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- 15. Concrete rubble and other debris were encountered in the first eight feet of well MW-8. This material could not be screened using standard methods for OVA screening of soil.
- 16. QORE felt it was prudent to evaluate the impact of water levels in the ditch on the direction of ground water flow beneath the site. Based on this evaluation, it is likely

that the bottom of the ditch intersects the water table elevation during, at a minimum, the rainy season.

- In the CAR addendum, additional ground water elevation data will be contoured and presented as plates.
- See response No. 12.
- These errors will be corrected in the CAR addendum.
- These errors will be corrected in the CAR addendum. \mathcal{O} 20.
- 21. These errors will be corrected in the CAR addendum. 6%
- 22. These errors will be corrected in the CAR addendum.
- 23. Noted.
- 24.
- See response No. 6. 25.
- 26. Concur
- 27. See response No. 8 and 9
- See response No. 8 and 9

If you have any questions concerning these responses, please call.

Yours very truly,

QORE, Inc.

Jonathan E. Hull, P.G.

Senior Principal Consultant

Attachment

Cc: Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, Clearwater Top, Inc.



Department of Environmental Protection

Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn,

Jeb Bush Governor

Clearwater Top, Inc., P.O. Box 5212.

Clearwater, Florida 34618-5212

Re: Contamination Assessment Report, dated and received December 18, 2000, Accurate Plating/Clearwater Top, Inc. 1937 Calumet Street, Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

Dear Ms. Fedorsyn:

The following items will be required for the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (the Department) to consider the contamination assessment at the above reference site complete:

- 1. The septic tank should be located and it's contents sampled for EPA methods 8010/8020 (halogenated volatile organics/aromatic volatile organics) to assess if this is acting as a continuing source of the ground water contamination. If analysis of the septic tank contents reports concentrations of contaminants, the contents should be proposed for removal and disposed.
- 2. Sediment from sample location S-1 should be analyzed for volatile halocarbons.
- 3. Sediment from sample location S-2 should be analyzed for the 8 RCRA metals
- 4. A soil boring should be installed near monitor well MW-7 since this appears to be the area with the highest concentration of ground water contamination. Soil samples should be screened in discrete intervals from the land surface to the ground water table using an organic vapor analyzer equipped with a flame ionization detector (OVA/FID) to assess the sample with the highest reading and this soil sample with the highest OVA/FID reading should be sent to the laboratory for analysis of 8010/8020 (halogenated volatile organics/aromatic volatile organics) and the 8 RCRA metals.
- 5. Soil samples should be collected from the area near boring B-2 at the 2 feet below land surface interval and analyzed for chromium to assess if chromium is a contamination issue within the soil profile at this location. A soil sample from the area near B-7 should be collected 1-2 foot below land surface interval to evaluate if arsenic is present as a surface soil contaminant.
- 6. Monitor wells HSAMW-1, 2, 3 and 6 must be located and properly abandoned according to the Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD) well abandonment procedures.
- 7. The consultant should propose the installation of a replacement well for HSAMW-1 as this was the site's upgradient well and an upgradient well does not currently exist.
- 8. A monitor well should be installed downgradient of HSAMW-4 to evaluate the downgradient edge of the solvent contamination plume. This may entail the installation of the well on a downgradient adjacent property. Please advise the Department if this is the situation and if access is obtainable.
- 9. A shallow monitor well should be proposed for installation on the eastern portion of the property to complete the horizontal delineation of the surficial aquifer solvent contamination.
- 10. The installation of a deep monitor well to assess the vertical extent (if any) of the solvent contamination present in the ground water at the site near monitor wells MW-7 and HSAMW-4 since the ground water sampled from these well report the highest levels of ground water contamination.

'Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn Clearwater Top Inc.

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (the Department) is in receipt of the above referenced correspondence and offers the following specific comments:

- 1. The depth to the ground water table should be provided during the discussion of the piezometer installation on page 7 of the above referenced report.
- 2. Monitor well MW-7 must be surveyed to obtain a top of casing elevation for its inclusion in the preparation of ground water flow direction maps.
- 3. Why wasn't sediment sample S-2 analyzed for the 8 RCRA metals?
- 4. Why wasn't sediment sample S-1 analyzed for volatile halocarbons?
- 5. Please explain why OVA/FID readings were not obtained during the installation of monitor well MW-7.
- 6. A soil boring should be installed near monitor well MW-7 since this appears to be the area with the highest concentration of ground water contamination. Soil samples should be screened in discrete intervals from the land surface to the ground water table using an organic vapor analyzer equipped with a flame ionization detector (OVA/FID) with the highest sample reading sent to the laboratory for analysis of 8010/8020 (halogenated volatile organics/aromatic volatile organics) and the 8 RCRA metals.
- 7. A concrete slab was encountered during the installation of soil borings B-2 and B-3 as discussed on page 9 in the Discharge Port Sampling section of the report. Figure 2 depicts the location of a concrete septic tank in the area of soil borings B-2 and B-3. Please indicate if concrete encountered is the septic tank.
- 8. The septic tank should be located and it's contents sampled for EPA methods 8010/8020 (halogenated volatile organics/aromatic volatile organics) to assess if the tank is acting as a continuing source of the ground water contamination. If analysis of the septic tank contents reports concentrations of contaminants detected at this site, the contents should be proposed for removal and disposed.
- 9. The proposed well to the east of monitor well MW-7 repeatedly could not be installed due to a vehicle and debris blocking the location as discussed on page 9, "Well Installation and Soil Sampling". Was this the deep well that was to be installed east of MW-7 as referenced on page 2 of the July 13, 2000 response to Department's comments on the CAP? This is confusing because a February 21, 2000 conversation with Ms. Christine McKenzie of QORE indicated that the deep well could not be installed because of the thickness of the Hawthorne Group. Please clarify.
- 10. Why was the proposed deep boring installed at the northwestern portion of the site (B-1) when it was to be installed to the east of monitor well MW-7 as discussed in the July 13, 2000 response to the Department's CAP comments?
- 11. Why was soil boring B-6 installed? Why wasn't a soil sample collected from B-6 and sent to the laboratory for analysis of EPA methods 8010/8020 (halogenated volatile organics/aromatic volatile organics) and the 8 RCRA metals?
- 12. It should be noted the concentration of arsenic was detected in the soil sample collected from boring B-7 at 3-4 feet below land surface at 2.8 mg/kg which is above the residential Soil Cleanup Target Level (SCTL) of 0.8 mg/kg. This should have been discussed in the section "Soil Laboratory Results" on page 11 of the above referenced report.
- 13. Soil samples should be collected from borings B-2 at the 2 feet below land surface interval and analyzed for chromium to assess if chromium is a contamination issue within the soil profile at this location. A soil sample from B-7 should be collected at 1-2 feet below land surface interval to evaluate if arsenic is present as a surface soil contaminant.
- 14. Please explain what the consultant is referring to when a statement is made the SCTLs are "used for reference only" on page 11 and the statement "the state carcinogen, organoleptic, and systemic toxicants which are used for reference only" on page 12 of the above referenced report.
- 15. An explanation should be provided on Table 1 "Soil Screening Summary" regarding the missing OVA/FID data from samples intervals 1 foot to 8 feet below land surface for during installation of monitor well MW-8.
- 16. Explain the purpose of surveying the elevation of the north culvert (which is not depicted on Figure 2, "Site Layout Map" and obtaining depth to water elevations. Does the consultant think this culvert contains ground water and stormwater runoff?

- 17. Why weren't the ground water elevations collected on October 30 and November 29, 2000 contoured and presented as figures as was the elevation data collected on November 3, 2000? It appears from a contouring of the elevation data collected on November 29, 2000 that the ground water flow direction is more towards a southeast direction than an easterly direction as depicted on Figure 3, "Ground Water Contour Elevation Map, November 3, 2000".
- 18. The concentration of arsenic (2.8 mg/kg) detected in the soil sample collected from boring B-7 (3-4 feet) should be highlighted on Table 4 "Metal Concentrations in Soils" as this is elevated above the residential SCTL of 0.8 mg/kg.
- 19. Methyl-tert-butyl-ether (MTBE) was not analyzed for in the surface water sample (S-2). A value of <10 was reported on Table 5, "Surface Water Analytical Summary" for sample S-2 is incorrect. The surface water east ditch should be labeled as S-2 on Table 5.
- 20. The following Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) or Florida Ground Water Guidance Concentrations (FGWGCs) were listed incorrectly on Table 6, "Ground Water Monitoring Well Analytical Summary": Chloroform should be 5.7 ug/l, not 6 ug/l, 1,1-dichloroethane should be 70 ug/l not 700 ug/l, and 1,2-dichloropropane should be 5 ug/l not 400 ug/l. The concentrations of bromodichloromethane and chloroform should be highlighted as exceedances as they exceed their respective FGWGC.
- 21. The concentrations of tetrachloroethene, trichloroethene and vinyl chloride are incorrectly listed for monitor well MW-7 and the concentration of 3.2 dichloroethene should be listed for tetrachloroethene for monitor well HSAMW-4 on Figure 4, Ground Water Contamination Concentration Map Volatile Hydrocarbons".
- 22. The soil boring and monitor well construction logs provided in Appendix B should note the depth to ground water on each log.
- 23. It was noted during a review of the water sample logs provided in Appendix D that many of the monitor wells reported pH secondary MCL violations during the purge events.
- 24. How was a ground water sample collected from HSAMW-4 when it was reported a dry purge occurred on the water sample log in Appendix D? It may be necessary to abandon this monitor well and reinstall another monitor well.
- 25. Monitor wells HSAMW-1, 2, 3 and 6 must be located and properly abandoned according to the Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD) well abandonment procedures.
- 26. The consultant should propose the installation of a replacement well for HSAMW-1 as this was the site's upgradient well and an upgradient well does not exist there currently.
- 27. A monitor well should be installed downgradient of HSAMW-4 to evaluate the downgradient edge of the solvent contamination plume. This may entail the installation of the well on a downgradient adjacent property. Please advise the Department if this is the situation and if access is obtainable.
- 28. A shallow monitor well should be proposed for installation on the eastern portion of the property to complete the horizontal delineation of the surficial aquifer solvent contamination.

Please provide a response to the above comments in the form of a Contamination Assessment Report (CAR) addendum within 30 days of receipt of this letter.

If you have questions or concerns regarding the above, please contact me at (813)-744-6100, ext. 474.

Sincerely yours,

cc:

Laura J. Herron, CHMM, REM Environmental Specialist III

Laure of Auron.

Bureau of Waste Cleanup

Mr. John Hull, P.G., QORE Property Sciences, 1211 Tech Boulevard, Suite 200, Tampa, Florida 33619

D._.P.



Southwest District Tamp Q O R E

November 9, 2000

PROPERTY SCIENCE

Florida Department of Environmental Protection Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

RE: Monitor Well Locations

Contamination Assessment (CA)

Clearwater Top, Inc. 1937 Calumet Street

Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

QORE Project No. 27-8212

Attention: Ms. Laura J. Herron, CHNM, REM

Environmental Specialist II

Dear Ms. Herron:

On behalf of Clearwater Top, Inc., QORE, Inc. (QORE) is pleased to provide the proposed monitor well locations to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) for the Contamination Assessment at the Clearwater Top property. QORE has completed Tasks 1, 2, and 3, as outlined in the Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP) submitted to the FDEP on June 24, 1999 and the Response to Comments for the CAP submitted to the FDEP on July 13, 2000.

Based on water elevations measured on October 30, 2000 and November 3, 2000, within the three existing wells at the site and the two piezometers installed by QORE on October 30, 2000, ground water flow at the site is generally to the east (Plate 1). The deep soil boring was installed on November 3, 2000, near the northwestern corner of the building, which is upgradient of the area of known impact at MW-7 (Plate 1). The soil lithology at the location of the deep soil boring consists of a brown to gray sand unit with varying amounts of silt and clay, which was present from the ground surface to a depth of 16 feet. A clay unit with some sand was present at a depth of 5 to 6 feet and a clayey sand was present at a depth of 11 to 12 feet. A gray blue very stiff clay unit, which appears to be the upper undifferentiated Hawthorn, was encountered at a depth of 16 feet below ground surface.

A total of three proposed monitor well locations are shown on Plate 1. The locations have been selected based on the ground water flow direction and previously reported laboratory data. Based on the results of the ground water analysis, additional ground water monitor wells may be added at a later date to delineate the zone of impact. The proposed well construction is shown on Plate 2. The monitor wells will be installed to the base of the surficial aquifer, which is estimated at approximately 16 feet, based on the deep soil boring.

The undifferentiated Hawthorne unit, the Arcadia formation and the Tampa member of the Arcadia formation make up the Hawthorn group in the Clearwater area (Florida Geological Survey Publication "The lithostratigraphy of the Hawthorn Group of Florida", 1988). The thickness of the undifferentiated Hawthorn within the area of the site is unknown, however to the

east, closer to Tampa it ranges in thickness from 10 feet to 50 feet. The Arcadia formation, including the Tampa member is up to 100 feet thick in the area, and consists of primarily limestone and dolostone with varying amounts of quartz sand, clay and phosphatic grains.

The deep vertical extent well is not proposed at this time, due to the presence of the Hawthorn unit at a depth of only 16 feet below ground surface.

QORE is planning to install the three shallow monitor wells at the locations shown on Plate 1 on November 15, 2000 and would appreciate any comments related to the well installation locations prior to this date.

If you have questions or comments regarding the information provided above, please contact me at (813) 623-6646.

Yours very truly,

QORE, Inc.

11-14-00

Jonathan E. Hull, P.G.

Principal Consultant

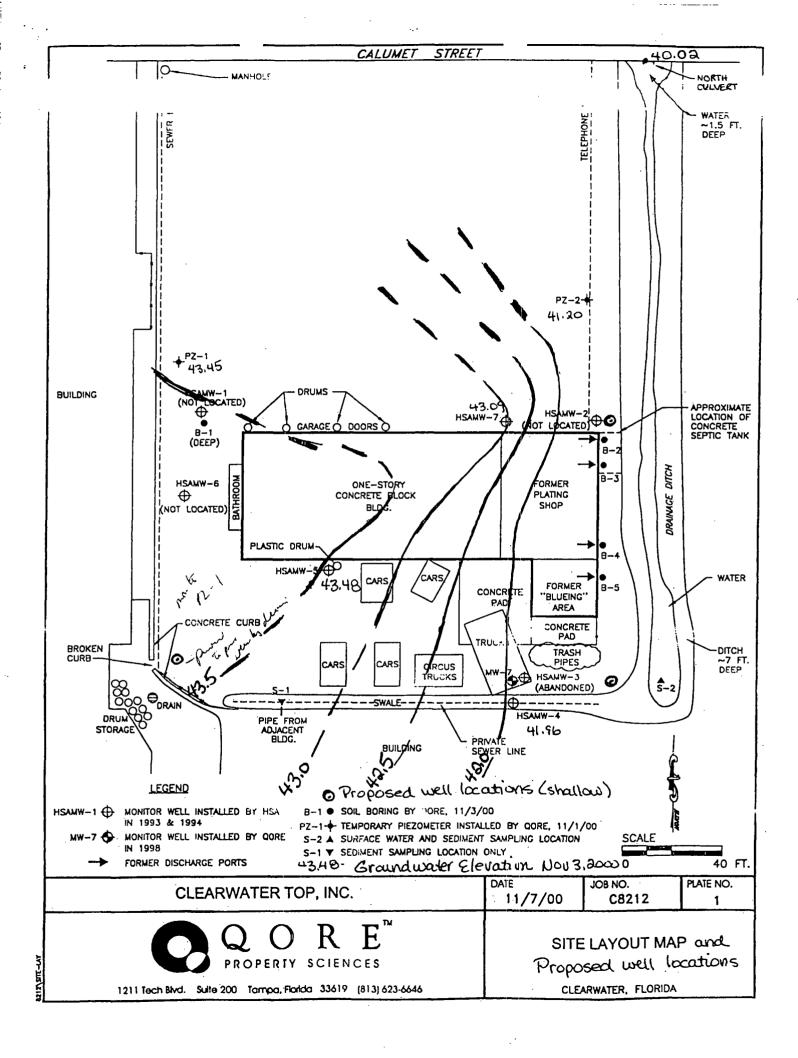
Christine McKenzie

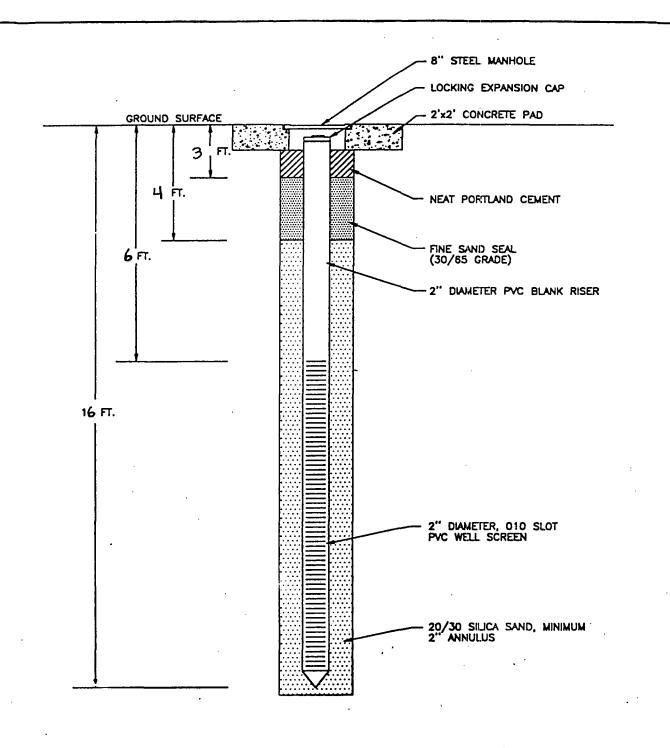
Project Hydrogeologist

Attachments

cc: Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, Clearwater Top, Inc.

G:ENV\projects\P8212\FDEP draft monitor well locations 11.8.00





NOTE: NOT TO SCALE

CLEARWATER TOP, INC.	DATE JOB NO. PLATE NO. 7/13/00 P8212 2
QORE PROPERTY SCIENCES	PROPOSED SHALLOW MONITOR WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
1211 Tech Blvd. Sulle 200 Tompa, Folida 33619 (813) 623-6646	CLEARWATER, FLORIDA



July 13, 2000

Florida Department of Environmental Protection Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

RE: Response to Comments

Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP)

Clearwater Top, Inc. 1937 Calumet Street

Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

QORE Project No. 27-8212

Attention: Ms. Laura J. Herron, CHNM, REM

Environmental Specialist II

Ladies and Gentlemen:

On behalf of Clearwater Top, Inc., QORE, Inc. (QORE) is pleased to present responses to Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) comments contained in a letter to Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn of Clearwater Top, Inc. FDEP's comments are in regard to a June 25, 1999 Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP) prepared by QORE for the Clearwater Top property in Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida. FDEP's comments follow in italics, immediately followed by QORE's response.

- 1. Can a ground water flow direction be determined using the existing monitoring wells on site instead of installing four new piezometers? If not, please indicate on the site plan the location of the proposed for piezometers.
 - QORE proposes to utilize existing monitoring wells, where available, to evaluate the direction of ground water flow beneath the site. It is anticipated that some of the existing monitor wells have been destroyed; therefore, proposed piezometers would be installed to replace destroyed monitor wells where needed to evaluate the direction of ground water flow.
- 2. 6 It is stated in the report that head space of the soil samples collected from the soil cuttings generated during piezometers installation will be screened with an OVA/FID. There is no mention of sending the samples with the highest OVA/FID readings (or a percentage of the soil samples collected) to a laboratory for analysis. Laboratory analysis should be performed for EPA Methods 8010/8021 and eight RCRA metals.

Based on the OVA results obtained during piezometer installation, up to one soil sample will be collected and submitted for laboratory analysis using EPA Methods 8010/8021 and eight RCRA metals per piezometer installed. If all OVA/FID readings in soil samples collected from a piezometer are approximately equal to background concentrations, no soil sample will be submitted for laboratory analysis.



3. Discrete soil samples should be collected to the ground water table beneath each of the former discharge ports and analyzed for EPA Methods 8010/8021 and eight RCRA metals.

As shown on Plate 1 of the CAP, four former wastewater discharge ports have been identified. QORE will collect a discrete soil sample adjacent to each of the four discharge points. Soil samples will be collected from each location at one-foot depth intervals from ground surface to the water table. Each sample will be screened onsite using an OVA/FID. Based on the OVA/FID screening results, one sample from each boring with the highest OVA/FID reading will be collected from each boring and submitted to a laboratory for analysis of purgeable aromatics and purgeable halocarbons utilizing EPA Method 8010/8021 and the eight RCRA metals.

4. One deep soil boring is proposed for installation. Please show the location of this proposed boring on the site plan. Also, please screen the soil sample head space from the soil samples collected during the continuous split spooning procedure for OVA/FID readings.

The proposed location of the deep soil boring is shown on Plate 1. During undisturbed sample collection, QORE will screen soil samples for organic vapors using an OVA/FID.

5. NWhy was 40 feet below land surface chosen as the end point for the deep soil boring.

The purpose of the soil boring is to characterize the lithologic conditions beneath the site. Site-specific lithologic information is currently unknown; therefore, regional lithologic information from literature was evaluated to characterize the expected conditions beneath the site. Although a depth of 40 feet for a deep soil boring was selected, the exact depth of the soil boring will be determined based on the lithology beneath the site. We will terminate the boring at the base of the surficial acquifer (the top of the first confining unit encountered) up to a maximum depth of 60 feet.

6. A deep well should be proposed to characterize the vertical extent of ground water contamination. The deep well must be double cased. Please provide a proposed well construction diagram, based on the lithologic information generated by the deep soil boring. A ground water sample should be collected from the deep well and analyzed for EPA Methods 601/602 and the eight RCRA metals.

A deep well will be installed to characterize the vertical extent of affected ground water near monitor well MW-7. A well construction diagram for the deep well is shown on Plate 3. A Professional Geologist will select the depth of the screened interval for this well based on the results of OVA/FID screening and lithologic data obtained during installation of the deep boring.

7. Show how many and the location of the proposed shallow ground water monitoring wells proposed for Task 4. See Comment 2 regarding laboratory analyses of the soil samples collected from the soil cuttings for the proposed ground water monitoring well installation.

The exact location and number of proposed shallow ground water monitoring wells proposed in Task 4 of the CAP is unknown. The location and number of shallow wells will be determined by a Professional Geologist based on previous ground water quality data and the ground water flow direction characterized during Task 2. At a minimum, one upgradient, one source, and one downgradient well will be installed to characterize the shallow ground water quality conditions beneath the site.

*No. It would be helpful to include previous reports completed by HSA in an appendix as well as the previous results of the ground water analyses performed by QORE.

The requested reports and ground water quality analysis reports are attached.

79. The location of HSAMW-3, with a note abandoned, should be located on Figure 1, site layout. The property boundary should be clearly indicated on the site layout.

A revised site layout map, Plate 1, is attached.

10. It would be prudent to propose surface water and sediment sampling of the drainage canal to the east of the facility and the drainage ditch to the south of the facility. Samples should be collected upstream and downstream from the facility and analyzed for EPA Methods 601/602, and the eight RCRA metals.

Sediment and surface water samples were collected and analyzed by HSA as described in the attached letter dated December 21, 1993. The samples were collected from the drainage canal east of the facility and analyzed using EPA Methods 601 and eight RCRA metals. QORE proposes to collect additional samples from the location shown in the HSA report for analysis of purgeable aromatics using EPA Method 602. In addition, soil and surface water samples (if surface water is present), will be collected from the drainage ditch located along the south property boundary. Soil and surface water samples collected from the south ditch will be submitted for analysis using EPA Methods 601/602, and the eight RCRA metals. Plate 1 shows the locations of proposed surface water and sediment sampling locations.

(11. Please provide a list of property owners and/or tenants who have occupied the facility during the last 20 years.

QORE has asked the property owner, Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, to provide this information. The information will be incorporated into the Contamination Assessment Report. The information obtained will be used, if necessary, to modify the assessment activities at this site. Changes to the assessment will be discussed with FDEP prior to implementation.

12. Provide the locations of all storm sewers, inlets and sanitary sewers on and near the property on a site diagram.

The requested information, including septic systems, if any, will be provided under separate cover.

If you have questions or comments regarding the information provided above, please contact me at (813) 623-6646.

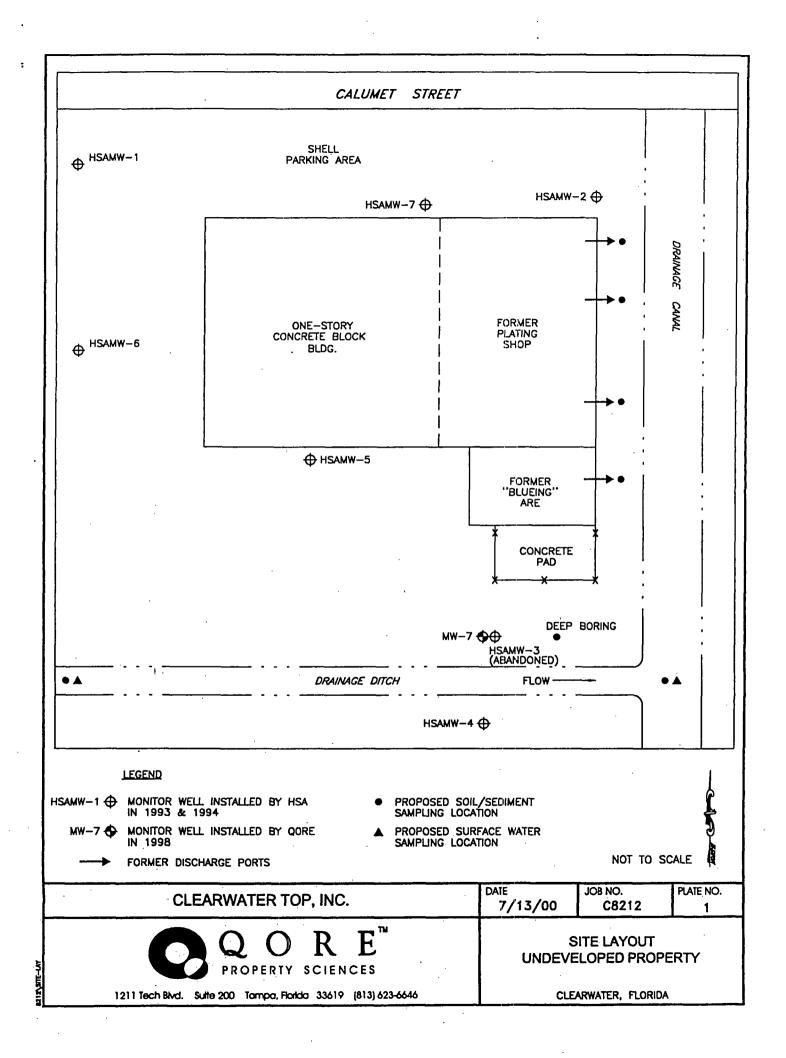
Yours very truly,

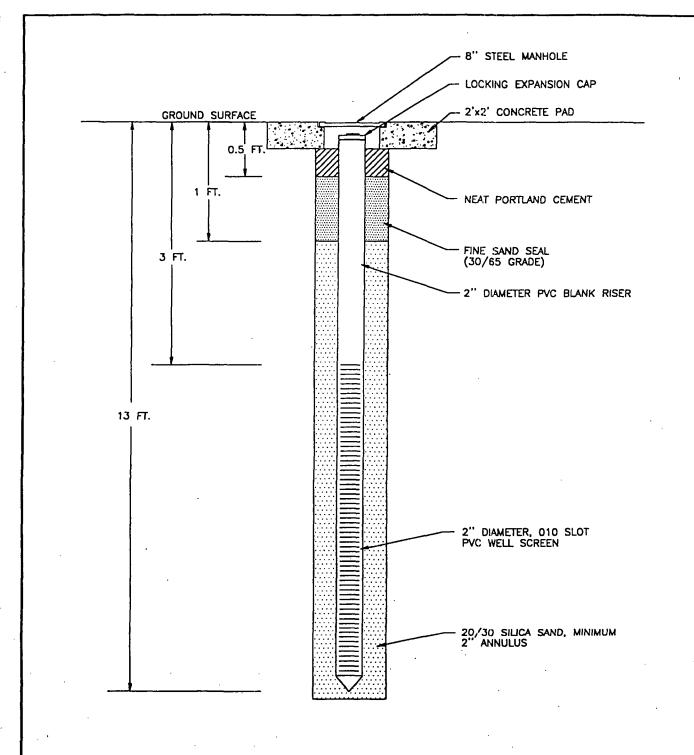
QORE, Inc

Jonathan E. Hull, P.G. Principal Consultant

Attachments

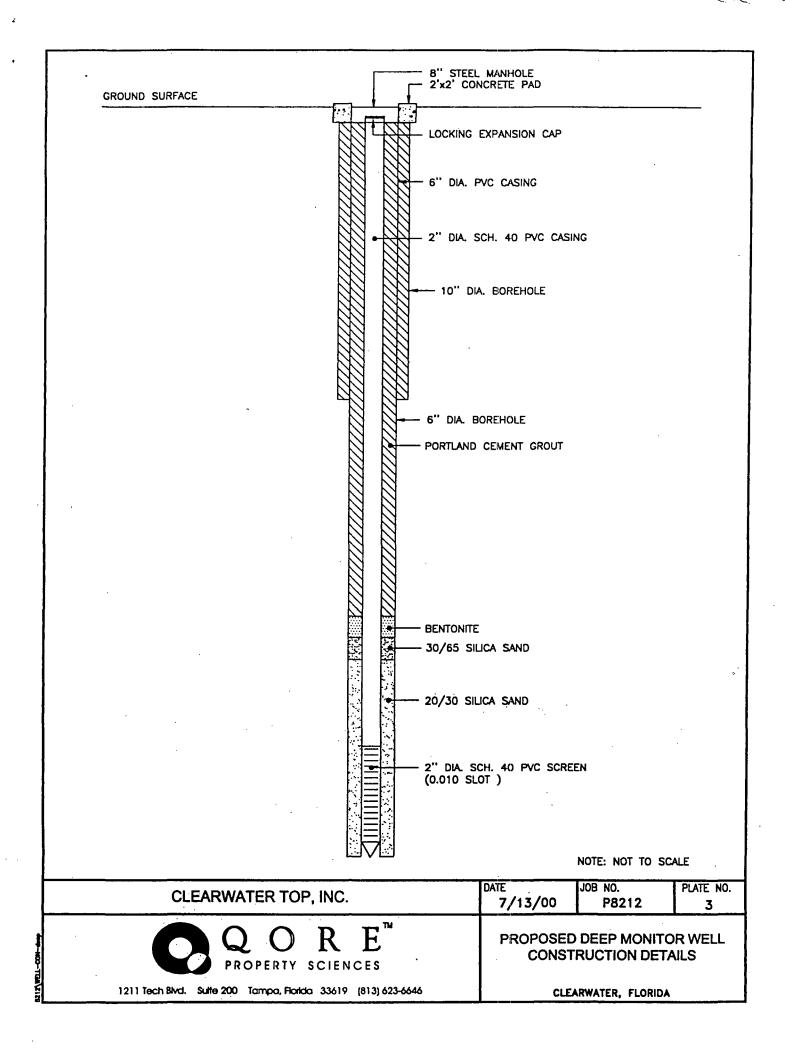
cc: Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, Clearwater Top, Inc.





NOTE: NOT TO SCALE

CLEARWATER TOP, INC.	DATE JOB NO. 1 7/13/00 P8212	PLATE NO. 2				
QORE PROPERTY SCIENCES	PROPOSED SHALLOW MONITO CONSTRUCTION DETAIL					
1211 Tech Blvd. Sulte 200 Tampa, Florida 33619 (813) 623-6646	CLEARWATER, FLORIDA	CLEARWATER, FLORIDA				





Initial Remedial Action Report Harry Haney

April 01, 1996

Prepared for:

Harry Haney 1619 Fox Run Tarpon Springs, Florida 34689

Prepared by:

SWS Environmental Services 8100 Park Blvd., A-36 Pinellas Park, Florida 34665

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

RELEASE DISCOVERY

On April 01, 1996, a discharge of approximately 5 gallons of waste oil and diesel fuel occurred along Allen Creek. A call was placed to Southern Waste Services, Inc., by Harry Haney for response and cleanup. The source of the discharge was a five gallon pail of waste fuel and oil dumped onto the ground. The discharge occurred in the creek and along the bank. The petroleum volatilized, permeated into the soil and flowed down the creek.

INITIAL REMEDIAL ACTION

NOTIFICATION

SWS Environmental was contacted by Harry Haney to respond with assistance in the form of an Initial Remedial Action (IRA). Pinellas County Sheriff Department and the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Emergency Response were also on-scene or contacted.

FREE PRODUCT RECOVERY

The remedial actions did not involve any free product recovery.

CONTAMINATED SOIL REMOVAL

Excavation activities were initiated in the street and the areal extent of the contaminated was delineated using OVA screening. Once the areal extent of the contamination was identified, the contaminated soil and brush were removed. Excavated soils, sorbents and debris were placed into drums and transported to a disposal facility. A total of four (4) drums of contaminated soil, sorbents and brush were removed and disposed.

LIMITED CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT

SOIL QUALITY

Soil Organic Vapor Analyzer (OVA) Flame Ionization Detector (FID) screening was utilized to determine the horizontal and vertical impact of the spilled petroleum. A target level of 10.0 ppm by OVD-FID was established by the Bureau of Emergency Response (BER) as stipulated in the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) "Guidelines for the Assessment and Remediation of Petroleum Contaminated Soil".

GROUNDWATER QUALITY

Groundwater was not impacted by this petroleum discharge.

SURFACE WATER QUALITY

Surface water was impacted by this petroleum discharge. The surface impact was limited to a rainbow sheen and dissipated rapidly. Surface water samples were not taken.

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WELL SURVEY

No well impacts occurred from this petroleum discharge.

NO FURTHER ACTION REQUEST

Based upon the timely response, cleanup and completion of the IRA removing petroleum impacted soil to an OVD-FID reading of 10.0 ppm or less, a "No Further Action" for this site concerning this discharge is requested at this time.

RECOMMENDATIONS

No further activities required for this site from this discharge.

Florida Department of Environmental Regulation Twin Towers Office Bldg. * 2600 Blairstone Road * Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

N/A

DER Facility ID:

Petroleum or Petroleum Product Contamination Report Form

racinty Name:	Allen Creek						
Facility Address:	1937 Calumet Drive, Clearwater, Florida						
County:	Pinellas						
Other Names for this Site:	N/A						
Contact Person's Name:	Harry Haney						
Contact Person's Phone No.:	813-944-2171						
Contact Person's Address:	1619 Fox Run, Tarpon Springs, Florida 34689						
Date of Discovery:	April 01, 1996						
Type of Product Discharged:	Waste Oil and Diesel						
Estimated Amount of Product L	ost: 5 Gallons						
,	k leak, Pipe leak, Truck Accident, Explosion, etc.): vee dumping.						
What has been done to prevent a	a further Discharge? ver cited by Pinellas County Sheriff Department.						
To the best of my knowledge, all information on this form is true, accurate, and complete.							
Signature of Owner, Authorized Representative, Operator Harry Haney Print Name of Owner or Operator							
Date: 5-20-96							
Submit this form to the appropriate district office at the address below							

Keep a copy of this form for your records

INITIAL REMEDIAL ACTION NOTIFICATION FORM

This notification provides written confirmation of initial remedial action (IRA) as required by Chapter 62-770.300(5) and (8), Florida Administrative Code. Notification must be within three working days of initiation of an IRA. The notification must be submitted to:

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF EMERGENCY RESPONSE 8407 LAUREL FAIR CIRCLE, ROOM 214 TAMPA FL 33610

Upon completion of the IRA, an Initial Remedial Action Report (or its equivalency) should be submitted for technical review.

I. SPILL SITE:

Location / Address:

1937 Calumet Drive, Clearwater FL

DEP facility Number (if applicable): N/A

Date IRA Initiated: April 01, 1996

Date IRA Completed: April 01, 1996

II. FREE PRODUCT RECOVERY

A. Type(s) of Product discharged:

Waste Oil and Diesel

B. Quantity

1.nst·

Recovered:

N/A

C. Method of Product Recovery:

soil excavation and sorbent material

D. Type of Discharge During Product Recovery: N/A

5

- E. Type of Treatment, ie., Oil/Water sepatator: and Expected Effluent Quality from Any Discharge:
 None
- F. Quantity and Disposal of Recovered Product: Four (4) drums of soil and debris. Secure Landfill.

II. SOIL EXCAVATION

- A. Estimated Volume of Excessively Contaminated Soil Excavated in Cubic Yards: 0.15 Cubic Yards
- B. Estimated Dimensions of Excavation Including Depth of Excavation(s): 4 feet X 1.5 feet X 0.5 feet deep
- C. Type(s) of Product in Soil: Waste Oil and Diesel
- D. Type of Instrument and Method Used to Determine Excessive Soil Contamination:
 Flame Ionization Detector
 Closed Head Space

IV. Additional Comments:

Curtis L. Middleton Jr.
Print Person Completing Form

Signature, Date

Project Manager
Title, Affiliation

Southern Waste Services, 8100 Park Blvd., A-36, Pinellas Park, FL 34665 Company Mailing Address

(813) 546-6193 Phone Number

AUGUST 1995

PETROLEUM CONTAMINATION INITIAL REMEDIAL ACTION REPORT FORM

An Initial Remedial Action Report, detailing the initial remedial action (IRA), should be prepared to satisfy the requirements of Chapters 62-770.630 (1) 14; 62-773.500 (2) (a) 4, Florida Administrative Code, (FAC). This form may be used for the IRA report. Additional pages may be necessary in order to properly document the IRA in detail. Failure to provide complete information may result in delays in technical reviews. This report format (or a similar completed report detailing the IRA activities) should be sent to:

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF EMERGENCY RESPONSE 8407 LAUREL FAIR CIRCLE, ROOM 214 TAMPA, FL 33610

I. SPILL SITE

Location/Address:

1937 Calumet Drive, Clearwater, FL

DEP Facility ID Number (if applicable): N/A

Date IRA Initiated:

April 01, 1996

Date IRA Completed:

April 01, 1996

II. SPILLER/RESPONSIBLE PARTY

Company Name:

Harry Haney

Contact Name:

Harry Haney

Telephone:

813-944-2171

Address:

1619 Fox Run, Tarpon Springs, Florida 34689

III. FREE PRODUCT RECOVERY

A. Type(s) of Product Discharged:

Waste Oil and Diesel

B. Quantity

1. Estimated Gallons Lost:

5 Gallons

2. Gallons Recovered: N/A

I/A through

No recovery, excavation only

(date)

3. Attach Exhibit Indicating Amount of Product Recovered, Dates and Cumulative Totals.

C. Attach a Scaled Site Plan, Indicating locations and product thickness in Wells, Boreholes, Excavations, or Utility Conduits and Wells Utilized for Recovery of Free Product.

AUGUST 1995

D. Method of Product Recovery:

soil excavation sorbent use

E. Type of Discharge During Product Recovery: N/A

F. Type of Treatment, i.e., Oil/Water Separator:

N/A

G. Attach Written Proof of Proper Disposal of Recovered Product

IV. SOIL EXCAVATION

NOTE: Soil shall be defined as excessively contaminated using the procedure stated in Chapter 62-770.200(2), FAC. Only soil above the ambient water table at the time of excavation can be considered as excessively contaminated soil.

Stockpiled soils greater than thirty (30) days on site waiting for treatment and disposal, must be re-sampled immediately prior to disposal to assure soils are still excessively contaminated.

If soil sampling data indicates that the amount of soil that is excessively contaminated exceeds 1500 cubic yards, an Alternate Procedure Approval Order to excavate must be obtained from the Department.

Unless the established weight per unit volume of 1.4 tons/cubic yard (as referenced in FAC Rule 62-775) is used for the excavated soil, the weight per unit volume must be determined by a field test (in which an accurately measured volume of soil is weighed) at the time of excavation.

A. Actual Volume of Excessively Contaminated Soil Excavated in Cubic Yards: 0.15 Cu. Yd.

B. Dimensions fo Excavation Including Depth of Excavation: 4 feet X 1.5 feet X 0.5 feet

NOTE: Attach written proof from the Department in the form of an Alternate Procedure Approval Order authorizing excavating over 1500 cubic yards if applicable. Authorization must be received prior to the excavation of soils.

C. Type(s) of Product in Soil: Waste Oil and Diesel

D. Depth (ft) to Ground water at the Time of Excavation(s): 8 feet

E. Did Dewatering (i.e., ground water depression) Occur at the Time of Excavation?:

no

F. Type of Instrument and Method Used to Determine Excessive Soil Contamination:

Flame Ionization Detector

- G. Attach a table that compares the OVA-FID readings taken with charcoal filter versus without the filter. Include vertical depths for each sample.
- H. Using the OVA procedure for defining excessively contaminated soil as referenced in Rule 62-770.200(2), FAC include a scaled site plan with the information listed below:
 - 1. Location of excavation, and all soil samples. The corresponding OVA-FID readings for each soil sample (with charcoal filter and without) and its depth must be given.

2. Soil Sampling Procedure is as follows:

Start sampling in a location where it is suspected that excessively contaminated soil exists. Sample from the first soil boring outward in a grid pattern, at five (5) to ten (10) foot intervals, until the perimeter of the excessively contaminated soil plume is defined. Vertical sampling should be performed starting approximately at the initial area of contamination of surface and continued at three (3) foot intervals, or fraction thereof, until a depth approximately one (1) foot above the water table is reached.

- I. Copies of Laboratory Analysis for Pre-Treatment Soil Samples as Required in Chapter 62-775.410(3), Table II FAC must be Attached.
- V. SOIL TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL
- A. Method of Treatment of excessively Contaminated Soil:

N/A

B. For Off Site Treatment and Disposal at Permitted STTF, Land Farms, or Landfills Attach Documentation From the Treatment Facility Which Confirms the Weight or Volume of Soil Treated and Date Receive. NOTE: See PCR-19 guideline for treatment att out-of-state facilities.

For other Treatment and Disposal Methods (i.e., On-site Land Farming, Bioremediation), Attach Post Treatment Laboratory Analysis for Each 250-300 Cubic Yards of Treated Soil in Accordance With Chapter 62-775.400 and the "Guideline for Assessment and Remediation of Petroleum Contaminated Soils". Most Current Revision. For mobile Thermal Treatment Units, Attach laboratory Analysis per Chapter 62-775(5), FAC.

C. Method of Disposal of Contaminated Soil and Indicate Recipient and Address:

Secure Landfill
Clark Environmental
755 Prairie Ind. Parkway, Mulberry, FL 33860

VI. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

Curtis Middleton
Print Person Completing Form

Signature, Date

Project Manager Title, Affiliation

8100 Park Blvd A-36, Pinellas Park, FL 34665 Company Mailing Address

(813) 546-6193 Phone Number

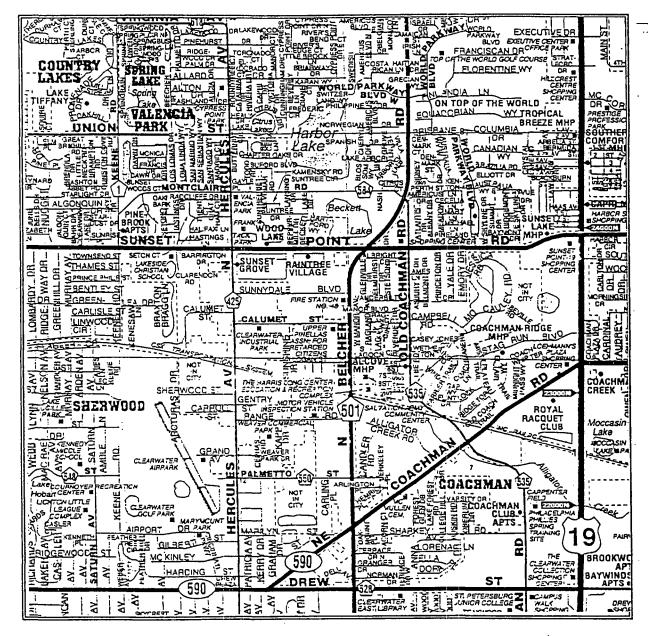
Maps

SWS Environmental Harry Haney, IRA Report April 1996

VINCINITY MAP

Site Name & Location: Harry Haney, 1937 Calumet Dr., Clearwater, FL

Project: Cleanup and disposal of waste oil and diesel from Allen Creek Date: April 01, 1996



Scale: N/A

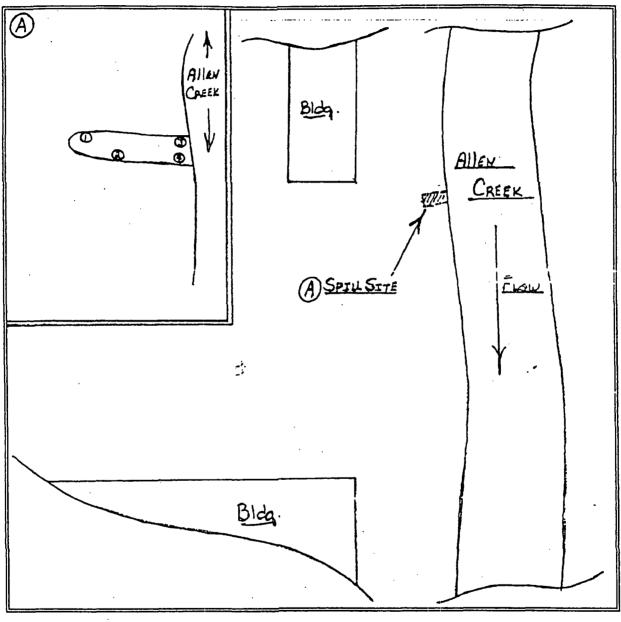


SITE MAP

Site Name & Location: Harry Haney, 1937 Calumet Dr., Clearwater, FL

Project: Cleanup and disposal of waste oil and diesel from Allen Creek

Date: April 01, 1996



Scale: 1" = 25 feet

N

Southern Waste Services, Inc. Site Map Form August 1995 Manifests

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P O			•					
	NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST	1. Generator's US EPA ID) Na.	Manifest Document No.	2. Page 1	•	111	
A	4. Generator's Phone (813) 944-	Fox Run Springs FL						ON SECTION
	5. Transporter 1 Company Name Southern Waste Services	رسيم أ ^{6.}	US EPA 10					
	7. Transporter 2 Company Name	8.	US EPA-ID	Number				\$ A
	9. Designated Facility Name and Site Address Clark Environmental	10.	US EPA ID	Number	8. Transporter's	Phone	13-546-61	5.3
.	755 Prairie Ind. Parkway Mulberry FL 33860		D 9842	06003	C. Facility's Photography		-4884	
	11. Waste Shipping Name and Description	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			12. Co	ntainers	13. Tota l	14. Unit
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	D. Additional Descriptions for Materials Listed Abor	ve .			E. Handling Cod	es for Was	stes Listed Above	
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FER	Printed/Typed Name		Signature				Month Day	Year
	19. Discrepancy Indication Space				•	_		
FAC					·			
FACILITY	20. Facility Owner or Operator: Certification of rece	ipt of waste materials cover	ed by this manifes	t except as noted in	ltem 19.			
Y -	Printed/Typed Name	DC1	Signature	12 (VINNE		- Month Day	Year
		TRAN	NSPORTER	#1	A TENTON			184

OVA Readings

SWS Environmental Harry Haney, IRA Report April 1996

ORGANIC VAPOR DETECTOR REPORT

Calibration Gas: 100 ppm Methane

Calibration Date: March 29, 1996

Calibration Technician: John Rider

Date: April 01. 1996

Project Name: Harry Haney

Location: 1937 Calumet Drive, Clearwater, FL

BACKGROUND READINGS									
1. NSEW	1. NSEW 2. NSEW 3. NSEW 4. NSEW								
0 ppm	n 0 ppm 0 ppm 0 p								

SA	SAMPLE READINGS (ppm)										
Sample Identification / Depth	No Filter (B)	Charcoal Filter (C)	Corrected Reading (B) - (C)								
#1 - 6" Below Grade	0 ppm	0 ppm	0 ppm								
#2 - 6" Below Grade	0 ppm	0 ppm	0 ppm								
#3 - 6" Below Grade	0 ppm	0 ppm	0 ppm								
#4 - 6" Below Grade	0 ppm	0 ppm	0 ppm								
			·								

QORE Project No. P8212

Florida Department of Environmental Protection Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida, 33619

Re: Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP)

Clearwater Top, Inc. 1937 Calumet Street

Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida

Attention: Ms. Laura J. Herron, ChMM, REM

Environmental Specialist II

Dear Ms. Herron:

On behalf of Clearwater Top, Inc., QORE, Inc. (QORE) is pleased to submit this Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP) to conduct assessment activities at the above referenced site. This proposal has been prepared in response to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) response letter dated May 12, 1999. This CAP was prepared in accordance with the FDEP document entitled "Corrective Actions for Contamination Site Cases". The following sections present the project background, proposed scope of work and project schedule for completion of Contamination Assessment (CA) activities.

PROJECT BACKGROUND

The Clearwater Top, Inc. site (i.e. subject site) is located at 1937 Calumet Street in Clearwater, Pinellas County, Florida. A site layout map is included as Plate 1. The southern portion of the site is occupied by a one-story concrete block building. The northern portion of the site is occupied by an unpaved parking lot. A drainage canal (approximately 15 feet wide and 10 feet deep), identified as Allans Creek, is present along the eastern property boundary of the subject site. A shallow drainage ditch (approximately 4 feet wide and 3 feet deep) is present along a portion of the southern property boundary of the subject site.

The eastern portion of the building was occupied by Accurate Plating and Weaponry, Inc. (former Accurate Plating), a gun refinishing facility from approximately 1977 to 19??. Based on a 1986 FDEP RCRA inspection report for the subject site, the finishing process at the former Accurate Plating facility involved the following steps: 1) dismantling the guns; 2) chemically stripping off the old finish; 3) rinsing the gun parts; and, 4) then either electroplating hardchrome, nickel or gold finish to the gun parts or "Blueing" the gun piece by immersion within phospohoric acid based solutions. During the 1986 FDEP inspection, it was reported that rinsing of the parts including immersion of the parts into overflow rinse water tanks and by hosing the parts by hand and allowing the rinse water to fall to the floor. The rinse water then flowed out onto the ground surface through discharge ports located near the base of the wall on eastern side of the building (refer to Plate 1). The 1986 FDEP inspection reported slight soil discoloration near the base of the northeastern discharge port. The 1986 FDEP inspection also reported that a polypropylene drum

of spent chrome solution was previously stored outside on a concrete pad located near the southeast corner of the building. Cracks were noted in the drum and some of the solution had reportedly leaked out of the drum.

A Phase II Environmental Assessment (EA) was prepared by HSA Environmental in December 21, 1993, for the subject site. The Phase II EA reported that elevated concentrations of tetrachloroethylene and trichloroethylene were detected in a ground water sample collected from former monitor well HSAMW-3. For the purposes of this report and all future correspondence the monitor wells installed by HSA, will be identified as "HSAMW-___" and all monitor wells installed by QORE will be identified as "MW-___". Monitor well HSAMW-3 was located near the southwest corner of the subject building. Tetrachloroethylene was detected in a ground water sample collected from monitor well HSAMW-3 at a concentration of 47.57 micrograms per liter (ug/l). Trichloroethylene was detected in a ground water sample collected from monitor well HSAMW-3 at a concentration of 45.65 ug/l. No volatile organic halocarbons were reportedly detected in the ground water samples collected from monitor wells HSAMW-1 and HSAMW-2 installed to the northwest and northeast of the subject facility in 1993 (Plate 1).

According to information on file at the FDEP, four additional monitor wells (HSAMW-4, HSAMW-5, HSAMW-6 and HSAMW-7) were installed by HSA in January 1994. The approximate locations of the monitor wells installed by HSA are presented on Plate 1. The analytical results for the HSA January 1994 sampling event indicate that benzene (0.47 ug/l) was detected in a ground water sample collected from monitor well HSAMW-6. Trans 1,2 dichloroethene (0.73 ug/l) was detected in the ground water sample collected from monitor well HSAMW-7. The detected concentrations of benzene and trans 1,2 dichloroethene in the ground water samples collected from monitor wells HSAMW-6 and HSAMW-7 are below the MCL's of 1 ug/l and 100 ug/l, respectively, for Class G-II ground water. No analyzed compounds were detected in monitor well HSAMW-5 and no analytical results were available in the FDEP file for monitor well HSAMW-4 (located south of the drainage ditch on the southern adjacent property).

Additionally, the Phase II EA conducted by HSA indicates that one surface water and 2 sediment samples were collected from the drainage canal to the east of the subject site. With the exception of the metals chromium, copper, nickel, lead and zinc (below State Cleanup Standards), no other analyzed compounds, including volatile organics, were detected in the collected samples.

Directed by FDEP, in January 1998, QORE attempted to collect a ground water sample from monitor well HSAMW-3 installed by HSA in 1993. QORE identified that the monitor well was plugged above the water table and that an unknown substance had apparently been poured into the well casing above the plug. Due to health and safety considerations, QORE collected a sample of the unknown liquid for laboratory analysis. The results indicate that, other than a high pH, the unknown liquid did not contain detectable concentrations of the contaminants of concern. The liquid was bailed from the monitor well and containerized for proper disposal. QORE then attempted to install a temporary monitor well adjacent to monitor well HSAMW-3 using a hand auger to complete the ground water sampling. Due to subsurface debris, QORE was unable to install the temporary monitor well.

On October 29, 1998, QORE supervised the installation of a permanent shallow monitor well, to evaluate the ground water quality beneath the site in the vicinity of monitor well HSAMW-3. The new monitor well (designated MW-7), was installed approximately six feet east of former monitor well HSAMW-3. The monitor well was installed to a depth of approximately 13 feet below the ground surface. The descriptions of the soils encountered during the installation of the monitor well indicate that the southern portion of the site is generally underlain with a brownish gray fine-grained silty sand from land surface to approximately 13 feet bgs. Monitor well HSAMW-3 was removed and the borehole filled to the surface with grout. On October 30, 1998, QORE collected a ground water sample from well MW-7 for laboratory analysis of volatile organic halocarbons using EPA Method 601. The results of the laboratory analysis of the ground water sample collected from MW-7 indicate the presence of cis-1,2-dichloroethylene (11,000 ug/l), tetrachloroethylene (1,700 ug/l), and trichloroethylene (580 ug/l) at concentrations above their MCLs of 70 ug/l, 3 ug/l, and 3 ug/l, respectively.

October 1998 monitor well installation and ground water sampling activities were summarized in a letter report, "Ground Water Quality Sampling Results", submitted by QORE on February 12, 1999. The laboratory results indicate that the ground water quality in the vicinity of monitor well MW-7 (former monitor well HSAMW-3 installed by HSA) installed to the south of the subject facility has been affected by chlorinated solvent constituents at concentrations above State MCLs for Class G-II water in accordance with 62-550 F.A.C. No existing source of the solvent constituents could be identified; therefore, it is not known whether these constituents originated from past or present tenants onsite, or from offsite activities. Therefore, QORE recommended that additional assessment activities were necessary at the site to identify the source of the solvent constituents in ground water.

As stated above, a letter dated May 12, 1999 was prepared by the FDEP responding to the February 12, 1999 report summarizing the October 1998 monitor well installation and ground water sampling activities for MW-7. Subsequently, on June 9, 1999, a *Draft* Consent Order No. 99-0918 was submitted to Clearwater Top, Inc. by the FDEP, which includes a requirement to submit a CAP to address soil and groundwater resulting from the discharges.

PROPOSED SCOPE OF WORK

The purpose of this CAP is to further evaluate the magnitude, extent and source of the previously identified chlorinated solvent-affected ground water at the subject site. QORE has developed the following proposed scope of work in accordance with the FDEP document entitled "Corrective Actions for Contamination Site Cases", included as Exhibit A of the Consent Order. Implementation of the CAP will include the following tasks:

Task 1 - Construct a Scaled Site Map

A scaled site map will be constructed illustrating the site layout, existing monitor wells and other notable features of the subject site.

Task 2 - Ground Water Flow Direction Evaluation

Up to four piezometers will be installed at the site to evaluate the direction of ground water flow at the subject site. Each piezometer will be installed in hand-augured borings, if possible, to a depth of approximately 6 feet bgs, and constructed of 2-inch diameter Schedule 40 PVC screen and casing. Soil cuttings will be used as backfill. Following installation, the top of casing elevation of the newly installed piezometers and the existing monitor wells at the subject site will be surveyed relative to a benchmark with an assumed datum. Ground water elevations will be measured in each piezometer and monitor well, and the data used to prepare a ground water elevation contour map.

Additionally, soil samples will be collected from the soil cuttings generated during piezometer installation activities will be field screened for the presence of volatile organic vapors using an Organic Vapor Analyzer (OVA) equipped with a Flame Ionization Detector (FID). Specifically, at each sample depth two 16-ounce jars will be half-filled with soil and the top sealed with aluminum foil. The headspace in each jar was then screened using the OVA. The first jar will be screened using the OVA to measure the concentration of total volatile organic vapors, while the second jar will be screened using the OVA equipped with a charcoal filter (to provide a reading of the concentration of methane and ethane). The concentration of methane and ethane will be subtracted from the concentration of total volatile organic vapors.

Task 3 - Lithologic Soil Boring Installation

QORE proposes to install one deep soil boring to further characterize the site lithology. The deep boring will be continuously split-spooned from land surface to approximately 40 feet bgs to provide a detailed description of the site lithology for the purpose of evaluating contaminant migration pathways beneath the site. The soil boring will be installed upgradient of the source area.

Task 4 - Supplemental Monitor Well Installation

The direction of ground water flow is unknown at this time; however, it is likely that the direction of ground water flow is to the east and south toward the drainage canal and ditch, respectively. Based on the evaluated direction of ground water flow at the site, QORE proposes to install additional ground water monitor wells (in addition to the existing monitor wells at the site), if warranted, in the vicinity of monitor well MW-7 to define the extent of the affected ground water in the southeastern portion of the subject site.

Each shallow monitor well will be installed using a hollow stem auger drill rig by a State of Florida licensed drilling contractor. Plate 2 is a proposed monitor well construction diagram. Each well will be constructed of 2-inch diameter, Schedule 40 PVC with a 10-foot screened section slotted at 0.010 inch. The annular space around the PVC pipe will be filled with a 20/30 grade silica sand, followed by a fine sand seal and grout. Each well will be completed with an 8-inch diameter steel, at-grade manhole and a locking water-tight seal. Following installation, each well will be developed by over pumping to remove fine-grained sediments. Soil cuttings and fluids generated during monitor well installation and development will be discharged into a labeled, sealable 55-gallon drum for proper disposal at a later date.

Additionally, soil samples will be collected from the soil cuttings generated during monitor well installation activities will be field screened for the presence of volatile organic vapors using an Organic Vapor Analyzer (OVA) equipped with a Flame Ionization Detector (FID) using the procedures described in Task 2.

Task 5 - Ground Water Sampling

Following a minimum of 24-hours after installation and development of the newly installed monitor wells, QORE will collect ground water samples from the newly installed monitor wells and existing monitor wells for laboratory analysis. Ground water samples will also be collected from the existing monitor wells at the subject site. All ground water sampling activities will be conducted in accordance with QORE's ComQAP No. 990065. The collected ground water samples will be analyzed for halogenated volatile organic compounds using EPA Method 8021 by Savannah Laboratories & Environmental Services, Inc. (SLES), a State Certified laboratory. In accordance with QORE's CompQAP, one equipment blank sample will be collected and analyzed for the same parameters. A trip blank will also accompany the empty containers and samples during transportation and analyzed for halogenated volatile organic compounds. Field parameters that will be measured include pH, conductivity and temperature.

Task 6 - Potable Well Inventory

QORE will review available records to identify potable wells within a ½-mile radius of the site, including irrigation, domestic wells, and public water supply wells. Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD) permit records, City of Clearwater and Pinellas County Public Health Unit will be checked.

Task 7 - CAR Preparation

Following the completion of assessment activities described above, QORE will prepare a Contamination Assessment Report (CAR) which will summarize the results of the assessment activities, and will recommend additional assessment activities, if appropriate. The CAR will include the following:

- Details concerning the site history;
- Soil and ground water investigation methods;
- Soil and ground water quality results;
- Discussion of the hydrogeology of the site;
- The location of public and private water supply wells within a ½-mile radius of the site;
 and,
- Recommendation for further work, if necessary.

PROJECT SCHEDULE

A schedule for completing the proposed scope of work described above has been developed. QORE estimates that the field activities, which accompany Tasks 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, will be completed within 30 days upon CAP approval. The soil and ground water laboratory results will be received approximately 10 working days following sample collection. QORE estimates that the CAR will be submitted to the FDEP for review within 60 days of authorization to proceed.

If you have any questions, please call (813) 623-6646

Sincerely, QORE, INC.

Lance J. bockter

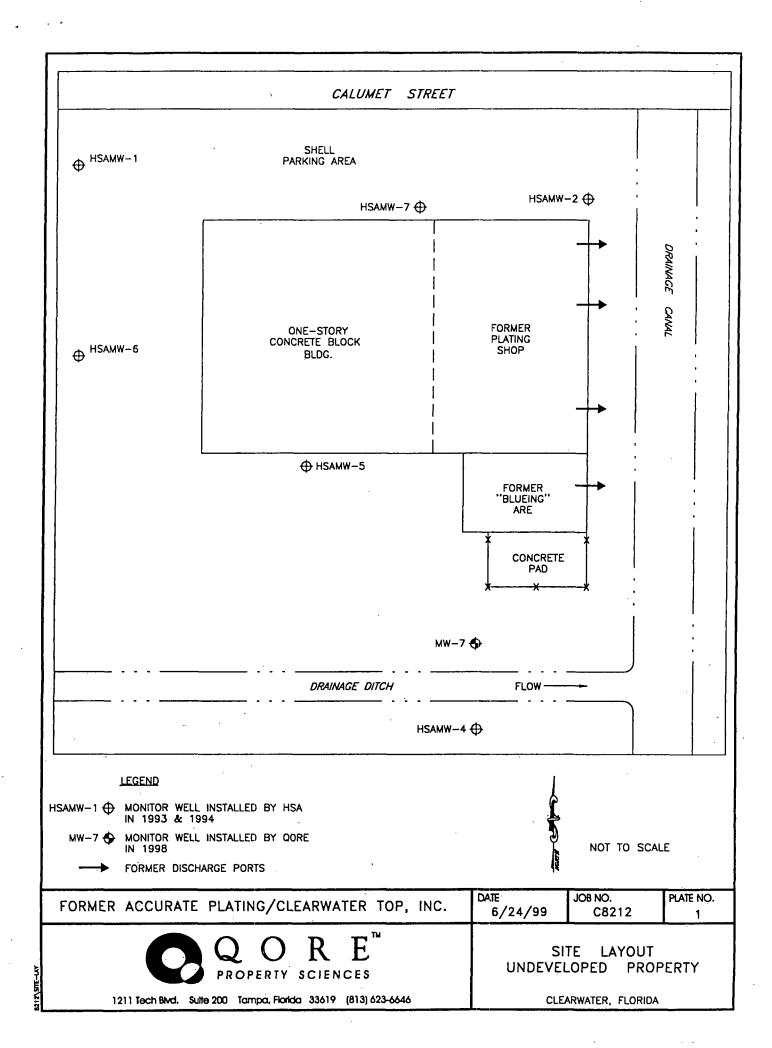
Associate Hydrogeologist

6-24-99 Jon Hull, P.G.

cc:

Principal Consultant

Ms. Ruth Fedorsyn, Clearwater Top, Inc.



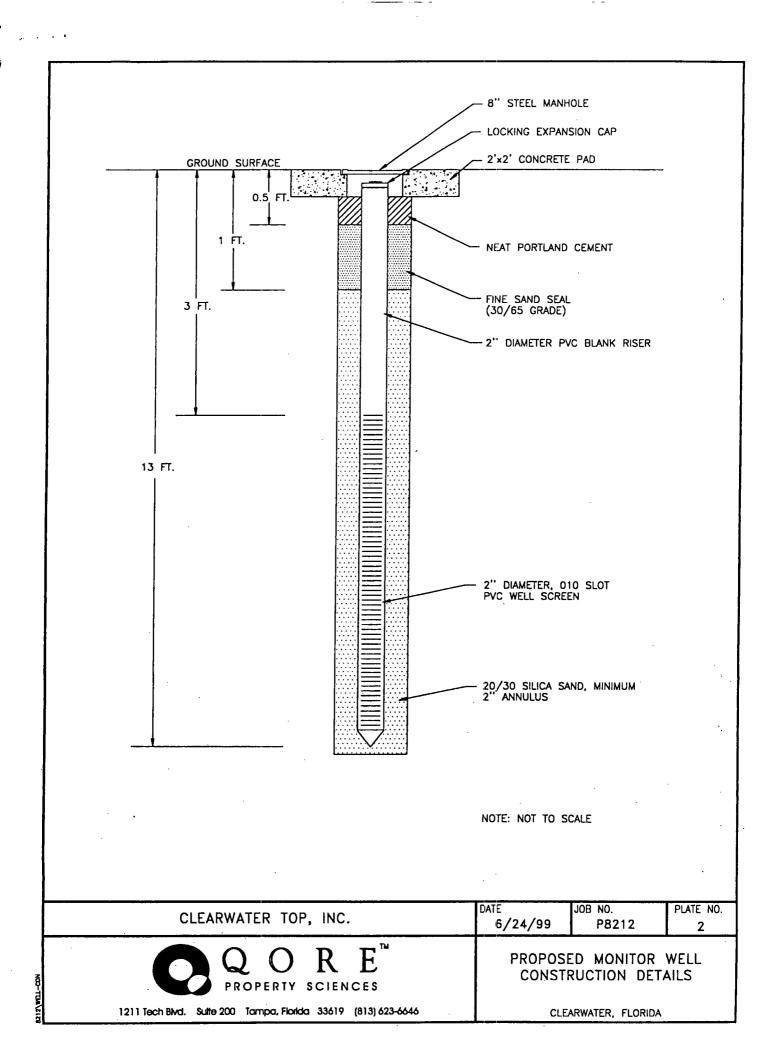


Table II
Soil Cleanup Target Levels

Son Cleanup Target Levels								
Contaminant	CAS#	Direct E	,	Leachability Based on Groundwater Criteria	Leachability Based on Freshwater Surface Water	Leachability Based on Marine Surface Water	Leachability Based on Groundwater of Low Yield/	Target Organ/System or Effect
		Residential	Commercial/ Industrial		Criteria	Criteria	Poor Quality	
		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	
Chloromethane	74-87-3	1.7	2.3	0.01	2.3	2.3	0.1	-Carcinogen
Chloronaphthalene, beta-	91-58-7	4000	49000	260	NA	NA	2600	-Liver -Respiratory
Chloronitrobenzene, p-	100-00-5	28	55	3.7	1.6	1.6	37	-Carcinogen
Chlorophenol, 2-	95-57-8	82	640	0.7	2.5	2.5	7	-Reproductive
Chlorophenol, 3-	108-43-0	280	3400	0.2	3.1	3.1	2	-None Specified
Chlorophenol, 4-	106-48-9	220	2400	0.04	1.2	1.2	0.4	-None Specified
Chlorothalonil [or Bravo]	1897-45-6	.88	280	0.2	0.06	0.06	2	-Carcinogen -Kidney
Chlorotoluene, o-	95-49-8	120	850	2.8	7.7	7.7	28	-Body Weight
Chlorotoluene, p-	106-43-4	100	730	2.5	NA	NA	25	-None Specified
Chlorpropham	101-21-3	13000	200000	51	7	7	510	-Bone Marrow -Kidney -Liver -Spleen
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	220	4200	15	0.001	0.001	150	-Neurological
Chromium (hexavalent) (b)	18540-29-9	210	420	38	***	***	380	-Carcinogen -Respiratory
Chrysene	218-01-9	140	450	77	0.7	0.7	770	-Carcinogen
Cobalt	7440-48-4	4700	110000	***	NA	NA	***	-Cardiovascular -Immunological - Neurological -Reproductive
Copper	7440-50-8	110**	76000	***	***	***	***	-Gastrointestinal
Coumaphos	56-72-4	18	300	0.3	0.0007	0.0007	3	-Neurological
Crotonaldehyde	123-73-9	0.07	0.1	17	NA NA	NA NA	170	-Carcinogen
Cumene [or Isopropyl benzene]	98-82-8	160	1100-	0.2	56	56	2	-Adrenals -Kidney
Cyanide (potassium salt) (b)	57-12-5	30**	39000	40	***	***	400	-Body Weight -Neurological -Thyroid

Table II
Soil Cleanup Target Levels

Contaminant	CAS#	Direct E	xposure Commercial/	Leachability Based on Groundwater Criteria	Leachability Based on Freshwater Surface Water Criteria	Leachability Based on Marine Surface Water Criteria	Leachability Based on Groundwater of Low Yield/ Poor Quality	Target Organ/System or Effect
		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	2.4	16	400	24	24	4000	-Gastrointestinal
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	34	78	0.2	0.08	0.08	2	-Carcinogen -Kidney
Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine [or RDX]	121-82-4	6.7	. 16	0.007	1.3	1.3	0.07	-Carcinogen -Reproductive
Hexane, n-	110-54-3	500	3600	3.5	1200	1200	35	-Neurological
Hexanone, 2- [or Methyl butyl ketone]	591-78-6	5.1	34	1.4	NA	NA	14	-None Specified
Hexazinone .	51235-04-2	1600	18000	1.1	5	5	11	-Body Weight
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	1800	19000	1.4	0.02	0.02	14	-Blood
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	1.5	5.3	28	4.3	4.3	280	-Carcinogen
Iron	7439-89-6	23000	480000	***	***	***	***	-Blood -Gastrointestinal
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	4100	31000	8.9	200	200	89	-Neurological
Isophorone	78-59-1	340	580	0.2	3,8	3.8	2	-Carcinogen
Lead (d) .	7439-92-1	400	920	***	***	***	***	-Neurological
Linuron	330-55-2	130	2000	0,04	1.4	1.4	0.4	-Biood
Lithium	7439-93-32	1600	40000	***	NA	NA	***	-None Specified
Malathion	121-75-5	1300	20000	4.2	0.003	0.003	42	-Neurological
Maneb	12427-38-2	350	5500	6.3	0.5	0.5	63	-Thyroid
Manganese	7439-96-5	1600	22000	***	NA	NA	***	-Neurological
Mercury	7439-97-6	3.4	26	2.1	0.01	0.01	21	-Neurological
Mercury, methyl	22967-92-6	0.8	5.4	0.002	NA NA	NA	0.02	-Neurological

Table II
Soil Cleanup Target Levels

Contaminant	CAS#	Direct E	xposure	Leachability Based on Groundwater Criteria	Leachability Based on Freshwater Surface Water	Leachability Based on Marine Surface Water	Leachability Based on Groundwater of Low Yield/	Target Organ/System or Effect
		Residential	Industrial		Criteria	Criteria	Poor Quality	
	ļ	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	526-73-8	13	89	0.3	NA	NA	3	-None Specified
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	95-63-6	13	88	0.3	7.2	7.2	3	-None Specified
Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	108-67-8	11	74	0.3	6.7	6.7	3	-None Specified
Trinitrobenzene, 1,3,5-	99-35-4	1300	14000	1	0.09	0.09	10	-Blood -Spleen
Trinitrotoluene, 2,4,6-	118-96-7	24	. 55	0.06	0.3	0.3	0.6	-Carcinogen -Liver
TRPH	NOCAS#	340	2500	340	340	340	3400	-Multiple Endpoints Mixed Contaminants
Uranium, natural	7440-61-1	120	470	***	NA	NA	***	-None Specified
Vanadium (b)	7440-62-2	15**	7400	980	NA	NA	9800	-None Specified
Vemam	1929-77-7	29	260	0.1	0.2	0.2	1	-Body Weight
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	230	1600	0.4	3	3	4	-Body Weight -Kidney -Nasal
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.03	0.04	0.007	NA	NA	0.07	-Carcinogen
Xylenes, total	1330-20-7	5900	40000	0.2	3.9	3.9	2	-Body Weight -Mortality -Neurological
Zinc (b)	7440-66-6	23000	560000	6000	***	***	60000	-Biood
Zinc phosphide	1314-84-7	23	550	***	NA	NA	***	-Body Weight
Zineb	12122-67-7	3400	53000	19	0.7	0.7	190	-Thyroid



U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

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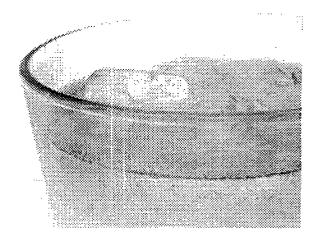
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List of Drinking Water Contaminants & MCLs

National Primary Drinking Water Regulations

National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (NPDWRs or primary standards) are legally enforceable standards that apply to public water systems. Primary standards protect public health by limiting the levels of contaminants in drinking water. Vist the list of regulated contaminants with links for more details.



- <u>List of Contaminants & their Maximum Contaminant Level</u> (MCLs)
- <u>Setting Standards for Safe Drinking Water</u> to learn about EPA's standard-setting process
- EPA's Regulated Contaminant Timeline (PDF File)
- National Primary Drinking Water Regulations SXII descharates The complete regulations regarding these contaminants available from the Code of Federal Regulations Website

National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations

National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations (NSDWRs or secondary standards) are non-enforceable guidelines regulating contaminants that may cause cosmetic effects (such as skin or tooth discoloration) or aesthetic effects (such as taste, odor, or color) in drinking water. EPA recommends secondary standards to water systems but does not require systems to comply. However, states may choose to adopt them as enforceable standards.

- List of National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations
- National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations
 The complete regulations regarding these contaminants available from the Code of Federal Regulations Website.

Unregulated Contaminants



This list of contaminants which, at the time of publication, are not subject to any proposed or promulgated national primary drinking water regulation (NPDWR), are known or anticipated to occur in public water systems, and may require regulations under SDWA. For more information check out the list, or vist the Drinking Water Contaminant Candidate List (CCL) website.

- List of Unregulated Contaminants
- Drinking Water Contaminant Candidate List (CCL) Website
- Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR)

List of Contaminants & their MCLs

EPA 816-F-02-013 July 2002 PDF version

<u>Microorganisms | Disinfectants | Disinfection Byproducts | Inorganic Chemicals | Organic Chemicals | Radionuclides</u>

 The links provided below are to either Consumer Fact Sheet, Rule Implementation websites, or PDF files

Microorganisms

Contaminant	MCLG ¹ (mg/L) ²	MCL or TT ¹ (mg/L) ²	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
Cryptosporidium	zero	TT 3	Gastrointestinal illness (e.g., diarrhea, vomiting, cramps)	Human and fecal animal waste
Giardia lamblia	zero	TT <u>3</u>	Gastrointestinal illness (e.g., diarrhea, vomiting, cramps)	Human and animal fecal waste
Heterotrophic plate count	n/a	ТТ ³	HPC has no health effects; it is an analytic method used to measure the variety of bacteria that are common in water. The lower the concentration of bacteria in drinking water, the better maintained the water system is.	HPC measures a range of bacteria that are naturally present in the environment
Legionella	zero	TT <u>3</u>	Legionnaire's Disease, a type of pneumonia	Found naturally in water, multiplies in heating systems
Total Coliforms (including fecal coliform and E. Coli)	zero	5.0% ⁴	Not a health threat in itself; it is used to indicate whether other potentially harmful bacteria may be present ⁵	Coliforms are naturally present in the environment; as well as feces; fecal coliforms and <i>E. coli</i> only come from human and animal fecal waste.
Turbidity	n/a	TT <u>3</u>	Turbidity is a measure of the cloudiness of water. It is	Soil runoff

used to mulcate water quanty and filtration effectiveness (e.g., whether diseasecausing organisms are present). Higher turbidity levels are often associated with higher levels of diseasecausing microorganisms such as viruses, parasites and some bacteria. These organisms can cause symptoms such as nausea, cramps, diarrhea, and associated headaches.

Viruses (enteric)

zero

TT3 Gastrointestinal illness (e.g., Human and animal diarrhea, vomiting, cramps)

fecal waste

Disinfection Byproducts

Contaminant	MCLG ¹ (mg/L) ²	MCL or TT ¹ (mg/L) ²	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
Bromate	zero	0.010	Increased risk of cancer	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
<u>Chlorite</u>	0.8	1.0	Anemia; infants & young children: nervous system effects	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
Haloacetic acids (HAA5)	n/a ^{<u>6</u>}	0.060	Increased risk of cancer	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs)	none ⁷ n/a ⁶	0.10 0.080	Liver, kidney or central nervous system problems; increased risk of cancer	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection

Disinfectants

Contaminant	MRDLG ¹ (mg/L) ²	MRDL ¹ (mg/L) ²	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
Chloramines (as Cl ₂)	MRDLG=4 ¹	MRDL=4.0 ¹	Eye/nose irritation; stomach discomfort, anemia	Water additive used to control microbes
Chlorine (as Cl ₂)	MRDLG=4 ¹	MRDL=4.01	Eye/nose irritation; stomach discomfort	Water additive used to control microbes
Chlorine dioxide (as CIO ₂)	MRDLG=0.81	MRDL=0.8 ¹	Anemia; infants & young children: nervous system effects	Water additive used to control microbes

Inorganic Chemicals

Contaminant	MCLG ¹ (mg/L) 2	MCL or TT ¹ (mg/L) ²	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
Antimony	0.006	0.006	Increase in blood cholesterol; decrease in blood sugar	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder
<u>Arsenic</u>	0 ^Z	0.010 as of 01/23/06	Skin damage or . problems with circulatory systems, and may have increased risk of getting cancer	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, runoff from glass & electronicsproduction wastes
Asbestos (fiber >10 micrometers)	7 million fibers per liter	7 MFL	Increased risk of developing benign intestinal polyps	Decay of asbestos cement in water mains; erosion of natural deposits
<u>Barium</u>	2	2	Increase in blood pressure	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
<u>Beryllium</u>	0.004	0.004	Intestinal lesions	Discharge from metal refineries and coal- burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
<u>Cadmium</u>	0.005	0.005	Kidney damage	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
Chromium (total)	0.1	0.1	Allergic dermatitis	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Copper	1.3	TT ⁸ ; Action Level=1.3	Gastrointestinal distress	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural
-			Long term exposure: Liver or kidney damage	deposits
•			People with Wilson's Disease should consult their personal doctor if the amount of copper in their water exceeds the action level	
Cyanide (as free cyanide)	0.2		thyroid problems	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories

Fluoride	4.0	4.0	Bone disease (pain and tenderness of the bones); Children may get mottled teeth	Water additive which promotes strong teeth; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
<u>Lead</u>	zero	TT ⁸ ; Action Level=0.015	Infants and children: Delays in physical or mental development; children could show slight deficits in attention span and learning abilities	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
			Adults: Kidney problems; high blood pressure	
Mercury (inorganic)	0.002	0.002	Kidney damage	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills and croplands
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	10	10	Infants below the age of six months who drink water containing nitrate in excess of the MCL could become seriously ill and, if untreated, may die. Symptoms include shortness of breath and blue-baby syndrome.	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite (measured as Nitrogen)	1	1	Infants below the age of six months who drink water containing nitrite in excess of the MCL could become seriously ill and, if untreated, may die. Symptoms include shortness of breath and blue-baby syndrome.	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
<u>Selenium</u>	0.05	0.05	Hair or fingernail loss; numbness in fingers or toes; circulatory problems	Discharge from petroleum refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
<u>Thallium</u>	0.0005		Hair loss; changes in blood; kidney, intestine, or liver problems	Leaching from ore- processing sites; discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories

Organic Chemicals

Contaminant	MCLG ¹ (mg/L) ²	MCL or TT ¹ (mg/L) ²	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
<u>Acrylamide</u>	zero	ΤΤ ⁹	Nervous system or blood problems; increased risk of cancer	Added to water during sewage/wastewater treatment
<u>Alachlor</u>	zero	0.002	Eye, liver, kidney or spleen problems; anemia; increased risk of cancer	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
<u>Atrazine</u>	0.003	0.003	Cardiovascular system or reproductive problems	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
<u>Benzene</u>	zero	0.005	Anemia; decrease in blood platelets; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from factories; leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills
Benzo(a)pyrene (PAHs)	zero	0.0002	Reproductive difficulties; increased risk of cancer	Leaching from linings of water storage tanks and distribution lines
<u>Carbofuran</u>	0.04	0.04	Problems with blood, nervous systern, or reproductive system	Leaching of soil fumigant used on rice and alfalfa
<u>Carbon</u> tetrachloride	zero	0.005	Liver problems; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities
<u>Chlordane</u>	zero	0.002	Liver or nervous systern problems; increased risk of cancer	Residue of banned termiticide
<u>Chlorobenzene</u>	0.1	0.1	Liver or kidney problems	Discharge from chemical and agricultural chemical factories
<u>2,4-D</u>	0.07	0.07	Kidney, liver, or adrenal gland problems	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
<u>Dalapon</u>	0.2	0.2	Minor kidney changes	Runoff from herbicide used on

				rights of way
1,2-Dibromo-3- chloropropane (DBCP)	zero	0.0002	Reproductive difficulties; increased risk of cancer	Runoff/leaching from soil fumigant used on soybeans, cotton, pineapples, and orchards
o-Dichlorobenzene	0.6	0.6	Liver, kidney, or circulatory system problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
<u>p-Dichlorobenzene</u>	0.075	0.075	Anemia; liver, kidney or spleen damage; changes in blood	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
1,2-Dichloroethane	zero	0.005	Increased risk of cancer	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.007	0.007	Liver problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.07	0.07	Liver problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.1	0.1	Liver problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
<u>Dichloromethane</u>	zero	0.005	Liver problems; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from drug and chemical factories
1,2-Dichloropropane	zero	0.005	Increased risk of cancer	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	0.4	0.4	Weight loss, liver problems, or possible reproductive difficulties.	Discharge from chemical factories
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	zero	0.006	Reproductive difficulties; liver problems; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from rubber and chemical factories
<u>Dinoseb</u>	0.007	0.007	Reproductive difficulties	Runoff from herbicide used on soybeans and vegetables
Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	zero	0.0000003	Reproductive difficulties; increased risk of cancer	Emissions from waste incineration and other combustion; discharge from chemical factories

<u>Diquat</u>	0.02	0.02	Cataracts	Runoff from
Endothall	0.1	0.1	Stomach and intestinal problems	herbicide use Runoff from herbicide use
<u>Endrin</u>	0.002	0.002	•	Residue of banned insecticide
Epichlorohydrin	zero	TT <u>ª</u>	Increased cancer risk, and over a long period of time, stomach problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories; an impurity of some water treatment chemicals
<u>Ethylbenzene</u>	0.7	0.7	Liver or kidneys problems	Discharge from petroleum refineries
Ethylene dibromide	zero	0.00005	Problems with liver, stomach, reproductive system, or kidneys; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from petroleum refineries
<u>Glyphosate</u>	0.7	0.7	Kidney problems; reproductive difficulties	Runoff from herbicide use
Heptachlor	zero	0.0004	Liver damage; increased risk of cancer	Residue of banned termiticide
Heptachlor epoxide	zero	0.0002	Liver damage; increased risk of cancer	Breakdown of heptachlor
<u>Hexachlorobenzene</u>	zero	0.001	Liver or kidney problems; reproductive difficulties; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from metal refineries and agricultural chemical factories
<u>Hexachlorocyclopentadiene</u>	0.05	0.05	Kidney or stomach problems	Discharge from chemical factories
<u>Lindane</u>	0.0002	0.0002	Liver or kidney problems	Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on cattle, lumber, gardens
Methoxychlor	0.04	0.04	Reproductive difficulties	Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables, alfalfa, livestock
Oxamyl (Vydate)	0.2	0.2	Slight nervous system effects	Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on apples, potatoes, and tomatoes

				COTTIACOUS
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	zero	0.0005	Skin changes; thymus gland problems; immune deficiencies; reproductive or nervous system difficulties; increased risk of cancer	Runoff from landfills; discharge of waste chemicals
<u>Pentachlorophenol</u>	zero	0.001	Liver or kidney problems; increased cancer risk	Discharge from wood preserving factories
<u>Picloram</u>	0.5	0.5	Liver problems	Herbicide runoff
Simazine	0.004	0.004	Problems with blood	Herbicide runoff
<u>Styrene</u>	0.1	0.1	Liver, kidney, or circulatory system problems	Discharge from rubber and plastic factories; leaching from landfills
Tetrachloroethylene	zero	0.005	Liver problems; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from factories and dry cleaners
<u>Toluene</u>	. 1	1	Nervous system, kidney, or liver problems	Discharge from petroleum factories
<u>Toxaphene</u>	zero	0.003	Kidney, liver, or thyroid problems; increased risk of cancer	Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on cotton and cattle
2.4.5-TP (Silvex)	0.05	0.05	Liver problems	Residue of banned herbicide
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.07	0.07	Changes in adrenal glands	Discharge from textile finishing factories
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.20	0.2	Liver, nervous system, or circulatory problems	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.003	0.005	Liver, kidney, or immune system problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
<u>Trichloroethylene</u>	zero	0.005	Liver problems; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories
Vinyl chloride	zero	0.002	Increased risk of cancer	Leaching from PVC pipes; discharge from

				plastic factories
<u>Xylenes (total)</u>	10	10	Nervous system damage	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories

Radionuclides

Contaminant	MCLG ¹ (mg/L) 2	MCL or TT ¹ (mg/L) ²	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
Alpha particles	none ⁷ zero	15 picocuries per Liter (pCi/L)	Increased risk of cancer	Erosion of natural deposits of certain minerals that are radioactive and may emit a form of radiation known as alpha radiation
Beta particles and photon emitters	none <u>7</u> zero	4 millirems per year	Increased risk of cancer	Decay of natural and man-made deposits of
				certain minerals that are radioactive and may emit forms of radiation known as photons and beta radiation
Radium 226 and Radium 228 (combined)	none ⁷ zero	5 pCi/L	Increased risk of cancer	Erosion of natural deposits
Uranium	zero	30 ug/L as of 12/08/03	Increased risk of cancer, kidney toxicity	Erosion of natural deposits

Notes

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology and taking cost into consideration. MCLs are enforceable standards.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety and are non-enforceable public health goals.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants. Treatment Technique - A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

¹ Definitions:

- ² Units are in milligrams per liter (mg/L) unless otherwise noted. Milligrams per liter are equivalent to parts per million.
- ³ EPA's surface water treatment rules require systems using surface water or ground water under the direct influence of surface water to (1) disinfect their water, and (2) filter their water or meet criteria for avoiding filtration so that the following contaminants are controlled at the following levels:
 - Cryptosporidium (as of1/1/02 for systems serving >10,000 and 1/14/05 for systems serving <10,000) 99% removal.
 - Giardia lamblia: 99.9% removal/inactivation
 - Viruses: 99.99% removal/inactivation
 - Legionella: No limit, but EPA believes that if Giardia and viruses are removed/inactivated, Legionella will also be controlled.
 - Turbidity: At no time can turbidity (cloudiness of water) go above 5
 nephelolometric turbidity units (NTU); systems that filter must ensure that the
 turbidity go no higher than 1 NTU (0.5 NTU for conventional or direct filtration)
 in at least 95% of the daily samples in any month. As of January 1, 2002,
 turbidity may never exceed 1 NTU, and must not exceed 0.3 NTU in 95% of
 daily samples in any month.
 - HPC: No more than 500 bacterial colonies per milliliter.
 - Long Term 1 Enhanced Surface Water Treatment (Effective Date: January 14, 2005); Surface water systems or (GWUDI) systems serving fewer than 10,000 people must comply with the applicable Long Term 1 Enhanced Surface Water Treatment Rule provisions (e.g. turbidity standards, individual filter monitoring, Cryptosporidium removal requirements, updated watershed control requirements for unfiltered systems).
 - Filter Backwash Recycling; The Filter Backwash Recycling Rule requires systems that recycle to return specific recycle flows through all processes of the system's existing conventional or direct filtration system or at an alternate location approved by the state.
- ⁴ more than 5.0% samples total coliform-positive in a month. (For water systems that collect fewer than 40 routine samples per month, no more than one sample can be total coliform-positive per month.) Every sample that has total coliform must be analyzed for either fecal coliforms or *E. coli* if two consecutive TC-positive samples, and one is also positive for *E. coli* fecal coliforms, system has an acute MCL violation.
- ⁵ Fecal coliform and *E. coli* are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Disease-causing microbes (pathogens) in these wastes can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. These pathogens may pose a special health risk for infants, young children, and people with severely compromised immune systems.
- ⁶ Although there is no collective MCLG for this contaminant group, there are individual MCLGs for some of the individual contaminants:
 - Trihalomethanes: bromodichloromethane (zero); bromoform (zero); dibromochloromethane (0.06 mg/L). Chloroform is regulated with this group but has no MCLG.
 - Haloacetic acids: dichloroacetic acid (zero); trichloroacetic acid (0.3 mg/L).
 Monochloroacetic acid, bromoacetic acid, and dibromoacetic acid are regulated with this group but have no MCLGs.

⁷ MCLGs were not established before the 1986 Amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act. Therefore, there is no MCLG for this contaminant.

- Acrylamide = 0.05% dosed at 1 mg/L (or equivalent)
- Epichlorohydrin = 0.01% dosed at 20 mg/L (or equivalent)

National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations

National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations (NSDWRs or secondary standards) are non-enforceable guidelines regulating contaminants that may cause cosmetic effects (such as skin or tooth discoloration) or aesthetic effects (such as taste, odor, or color) in drinking water. EPA recommends secondary standards to water systems but does not require systems to comply. However, states may choose to adopt them as enforceable standards.

• For more information, read <u>Secondary Drinking Water Regulations: Guidance</u> for Nuisance Chemicals.

Contaminant	Secondary Standard
Aluminum	0.05 to 0.2 mg/L
Chloride	250 mg/L
Color	15 (color units)
Copper	1.0 mg/L
Corrosivity	noncorrosive
Fluoride	2.0 mg/L
Foaming Agents	0.5 mg/L
Iron	0.3 mg/L
Manganese	0.05 mg/L
Odor	3 threshold odor number
рН	6.5-8.5
Silver	0.10 mg/L
Sulfate	250 mg/L
Total Dissolved Solids	500 mg/L
Zinc	5 mg/L

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⁸ Lead and copper are regulated by a Treatment Technique that requires systems to control the corrosiveness of their water. If more than 10% of tap water samples exceed the action level, water systems must take additional steps. For copper, the action level is 1.3 mg/L, and for lead is 0.015 mg/L.

⁹ Each water system must certify, in writing, to the state (using third-party or manufacturer's certification) that when acrylamide and epichlorohydrin are used in drinking water systems, the combination (or product) of dose and monomer level does not exceed the levels specified, as follows:

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Chromium (Cr) and its compounds

Forms of chromium

For the purpose of evaluating health impact, it is important to distinguish between three forms of chromium.

Metal chromium (chromium (0)) is used mainly for making steel and other alloys. Little is known about the health effects of this form of chromium. However there is no reason to believe that chromium (0) is a major cause for concern.

Chromium (III) is the form of chromium naturally found in the environment. It is used for brick lining for high-temperature industrial furnaces and for making alloys, chrome plating, dye manufacture, leather tanning and wood preserving. In air, most of the chromium is from man-made sources in the form of chromium (III). This form is also an essential nutrient. An intake of 50 to 200 µg of chromium (III) per day is recommended for adults. Chromium (III) is required for the body to utilize sugars, proteins and fat properly. Insufficient levels of chromium (III) may cause weight loss, impact growth, cause diabetes-like conditions and affect the nervous system. Chromium (III) appears to enhance sensitivity to insulin by facilitating the interaction of insulin with its receptor site. The main concern with the exposure to chromium (III) appears to be allergic reactions causing skin rashes as well as redness and swelling of the skin in sensitive people.

Chromium (VI) is released into the environment primarily as a result of industrial activity. Chromium (VI) is not an essential nutrient. High air levels ($2 \mu g/m^3$) may cause irritation of nasal mucosa, nose bleeds, ulcers and holes in the nasal septum. High exposure levels may also cause skin ulcers. Sensitive people may develop skin allergies similar to those caused by chromium (III). Very high ingested doses may cause stomach upset, ulcers, convulsion, liver or kidney damage, or death. Such effects are observed only at high doses, which are not normally encountered in food or drinking water. The main cause for concern with chromium (VI) is induction of lung cancer after long-term exposure to this toxicant. Because chromium (VI) is the most toxic of the three forms of chromium, the focus of the assessment is on this compound.

1. Physico-chemical properties (based on ATSDR, 1993)

Chromium is a metal, a naturally occurring element found in rock and soil as well as in the tissues of animals and plants. The physico-chemical properties of this metal and its compounds are listed in table 1.



Table 1. Physico-chemical properties of chromium and chromium-containing compounds.

Characteristic	Chromium (0)	Chromium (III) acetate, monohydrate	Chromium (III) nitrate, nonahydrate	Chromium (III) chloride
synonyms	chrome	acetic acid, chromium salt	Nitric acid, chromium (III) salt, nonahydrate; chromium nitrate, nonahydrate	chromium trichloride
chemical formula	Cr	Cr(CH ₃ COO) ₃ .H ₂ O	Cr(NO ₃) ₃ .9H ₂ O	CrCl ₃
CAS No.	7440-47-3	25013-82-5	7789-02-8	10025-73-7
Molecular Weight	52	247.15	400.15	158.36
Colour	steel-grey	gray-green or bluish green	Purple or violet	Purple or violet
Physical state	solid	solid	solid	solid
Melting point °C	1857	no data	60	1150
Boiling point °C	2672	no data	decomposes @ 100	sublimes @ 1300
Density, g/cm ³	7.2 @ 28°C	no data	no data	2.76 @ 15 °C
Odour	no data	no data	no data	no data
Odour threshold water	no data	no data	no data	no data
air	no data	no data	no data	no data
Solubility				
water	insoluble	soluble	soluble	slightly soluble in hot water
organic solvents	insoluble in common organic solvents	insoluble in ethanol	soluble in ethanol and acetone	Insoluble in common organic solvents



Characteristic	Chromium (III) chloride hexahydrate	Ferrochromite [chromium (III)]	Chromium (III) oxide	chromium (III) phosphate
synonyms	Hexaaquachromium (III)	chromite	chromium sesquioxide;	chromium orthophosphate;
	chloride		dichromium trioxide	phosphoric acid, chromium (III) salt
chemical formula	Cr(Cl) ₃ .6H ₂ O	FeCr ₂ O ₄	Cr ₂ O ₃	CrPO ₄
CAS No.	10060-12-5	1306-31-2	1306-38-9	7789-04-0
Molecular Weight	266.45	223.84	151.99	146.97
Colour	violet	brown-black	green	gray-brown to black
Physical state	solid	solid	solid	solid
Melting point °C	83	no data	2266	>1800
Boiling point °C	no data	no data	4000	no data
Density, g/cm ³	1.76	4.97 @ 20°C	5.21	2.94 @ 32.5 °C
Odour	no data	no data	no data	no data
Odour threshold water	no data	no data	no data	no data
air	no data	no data	no data	no data
Solubility				
water	585 g/L @ 25 °C	insoluble	insoluble	insoluble
organic solvents	soluble in ethanol	no data	insoluble in ethanol	no data



Characteristic	Chromium (III) sulphate	sodium chromite [chromium (III)]	Chromium (IV) oxide	Amonium dichromate [chromium (VI)]
synonyms	sulphuric acid, chromium (III) salt	no data	chromium dioxide	chromic acid, diamonium salt
chemical formula	Cr ₂ (SO ₄) ₃	NaCrO ₂	CrO ₂	(NH ₄) ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇
CAS No.	10101-53-8	12314-42-0	12018-01-8	7789-09-5
Molecular Weight	392.16	106.98	83.99	252.06
Colour	violet or red	no data	brown – black	orange
Physical state	solid	no data	solid	solid
Melting point °C	no data	no data	decomposes @ 300°C	decomposes @ 170°C
Boiling point °C	no data	no data	not applicable	not applicable
Density, g/cm ³	3.01	no data	no data	2.15 @ 25°C
Odour	no data	no data	no data	no data
Odour threshold				
water	no data	no data	no data	no data
air	no data	no data	no data	no data
Solubility				
water	insoluble	no data	insoluble	308 g/L @15°C
organic solvents	slightly soluble in ethanol	no data	no data	soluble in ethanol



Characteristic	Calcium chromate [chromium (VI)]	Chromium (VI) oxide	Lead chromate [chromium (VI)]	Potasium chromate [chromium (VI)]
synonyms	chromic acid, calcium salt	chromic acid, chromic anhydride	chromic acid, lead salt	chromic acid, dipotasium salt
chemical formula	CaCrO ₄	CrO ₃	PbCrO ₄	K ₂ CrO ₄
CAS No.	13765-19-0	1333-82-0	7758-97-6	7789-00-6
Molecular Weight	156.07	99.99	323.18	194.20
Colour	yellow	red	yellow	yellow
Physical state	solid	solid	solid	solid
Melting point °C	no data	196	844	968.3
Boiling point °C	no data	decomposes	decomposes	no data
Density, g/cm ³	2.89	2.7 @ 25 °C	6.12 @ 15 °C	2.73 @ 18°C
Odour	no data	odourless	no data	no data
Odour threshold		÷		
water	по data	no data	no data	no data
air	no data	no data	no data	no data
Solubility	·			
water	22.3g/L	617g/L @ 0 °C	58 μg/L	629 g/L @ 20 °C
organic solvents	no data	soluble in ethanol and ether	insoluble in acetic acid	insoluble in ethanol



Characteristic	Potasium dichromate [chromium (VI)]	Sodium chromate [chromium (VI)]	sodium dichromate, dihydrate [chromium (VI)]	strontium chromate [chromium (VI)]	Zinc chromate [chromium (VI)]
synonyms	chromic acid, dipotassium salt	chromic acid, disodium salt	chromic acid, disodium salt, dihydrate	chromic acid, strontium salt	chromic acid, zinc salt
chemical formula	K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇	Na ₂ CrO ₄	Na ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ .2H ₂ O	SrCrO ₄	ZnCrO ₄
CAS No.	7778-50-9	7775-11-3	7789-12-0	7789-06-2	13530-65-9
Molecular Weight	294.18	161.97	298.00	203.61	181.37
Colour	red	yellow	red	yellow	lemon-yellow
Physical state	solid	solid	solid	solid	solid
Melting point °C	398	792	356.7	no data	no data
Boiling point °C	decomposes @ 500	no data	decomposes @ 400	no data	no data
Density, g/cm ³	2.676 @ 25 °C	2.710-2.736	2.52 @ 13 °C	3.895 @ 15 °C	3.4
Odour	odourless	no data	no data	no data	odourless
Odour threshold water	no data	no data	no data	no data	no data
air	no data	no data	no data	no data	no data
Solubility water	49 g/L @ 0 °C	873 g/L @ 30 °C	2300 g/L @ 0 °C	1.2 g/L @ 15 °C	insoluble
Organic solvents	insoluble in ethanol	soluble in methanol	insoluble in ethanol	soluble in acetyl acetone, acetone	insoluble in acetone



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Sources (Based on ATSDR, 1993)

The largest source of chromium in air is the combustion of fossil fuels (oil-based and coal-based). However, most of the chromium from this source is chromium (III). The largest sources of chromium (VI) are chemical manufacturing processes. Chrome plating, steel welding and chromium (VI) manufacturers and industrial users (textile industry, manufacturers of dyes and pigments etc.) can discharge chromium (VI) waste into the waterways. The soil levels of chromium (VI) are increased primarily by disposal of commercial products containing chromium, industrial waste containing chromium and by coal ash from electric utilities.

2. Environmental Fate (Based on ATSDR, 1993)

In air, chromium is present mostly in the form of dust particulate (median diameter of about $1 \mu m$). Rain or snow may help settle chromium to the ground or waterways. Airborne chromium (VI) may be reduced to chromium (III) by (V^{2+} , V^{3+} , VO^{2+} , Fe^{2+} , HSO^{3-} and AS^{3+}). The particles of chromium remain in air for only a short time (days) before settling.

In the water, most chromium is insoluble and is found mostly as part of the sediment. Chromium (VI) tends to get reduced to chromium (III) in the sediment, but relatively slowly. Some chromium is in a water-soluble form and may persist in the water column. Under anaerobic conditions, chromium (VI) is reduced quickly (hours to days) to chromium (III). Under aerobic conditions, slow oxidation (years) from chromium (III) to chromium (VI) may take place. Chromium does not bioaccumulate in fish, but the bottom-feeding invertebrates do accumulate this substance. Terrestrial plants may have elevated levels of chromium in the roots but minimal increases were observed in the above ground component of the edible plants. There is no indication of biomagnification of chromium along the terrestrial food chain.

In soils, chromium exists primarily in the water-insoluble form. In this form, it will be firmly attached to soil and display little mobility within the soil strata. A small proportion of chromium in soils is water-soluble. This form may be mobile and contaminate ground water. Most soil conditions favour chromium (III) over chromium (VI).

The population is normally exposed to chromium primarily from food (about 96%) and to a lesser degree from drinking water (about 3%) and air (about 1%). Dermal exposure is possible from chrome-treated consumer goods, such as wood treated with copper dichromate or leather tanned with chromic sulphate.

The subpopulations that may be exposed to higher than normal levels of chromium are those living near the following locations.

- landfill sites with chromium-containing waste
- · industrial sites which manufacture or use chromium
- cement-producing plants, because cement contains chromium
- industrial cooling towers, which use chromium as rust inhibitors
- waterways that receive discharges from electroplating, leather tanning and textile industries
- major roadways, because of the emissions from brake linings and from the catalytic converters



In addition, subpopulations exposed to tobacco products may also be exposed to higher levels of chromium, since these products contain chromium.

3. Toxicokinetics (Based on ATSDR, 1993)

The differences in absorption of chromium in different valence states may be the most important factor in the toxicity of this metal from different sources. Chromium (VI) is more readily absorbed across the body barriers (lung tissue, gastrointestinal tract and skin) than trivalent chromium. However in the stomach, hexavalent chromium (chromium VI) is largely reduced to chromium (III). As a result, chromium (VI) is less readily absorbed by oral route than by the other routes. In order to exert its toxicity, chromium (VI) needs to cross the cellular membranes and it enters the cells much more readily than chromium (III). Inside the cells, chromium (VI) is reduced, mostly to chromium (V). During the reduction process, highly reactive molecules (radicals) are formed, which may react with surrounding cellular material and thus cause tissue damage. For example, after exposure to chromium (VI) in an animal model, chromium (V) has been shown to react with DNA, forming chromium (V)-glutathione DNA adducts. This transformation may be the cause of the tumour-initiating capability of chromium (VI) and some of its other toxic effects (see below).

Chromium is distributed to most tissues to some degree, but the highest levels tend to be found consistently (in no order) in the lung, liver, spleen and kidneys. The lung levels are particularly high when exposure takes place via the respiratory tract. The chromium levels found in the lungs are considerably lower when exposure is via routes other than inhalation

Inorganic chromium (III) can be incorporated into a dinicotinato chromium (III) glutathione-like complex (GTF). This complex has not as yet been fully characterized but believed to be the biologically active form of chromium, which facilitates the action of insulin. Chromium (VI) can be reduced to chromium (III) before it enters the tissues in the stomach, by gastric acid and ascorbate and also in the lungs by the epithelial lining fluid (ELF). Once it crosses into the cells, chromium (VI) can be reduced to chromium (III) through a process requiring the enzymes, cytochrome P450 and an endogenous reducing agent NADPH. Alternatively, chromium (VI) can be reduced by glutathione to a chromium (V)-glutathione complex. Chromium (VI) is ultimately reduced to chromium (III) in the cell and eliminated from the cell in the form of chromium (III)-glutathione complex and excreted in the urine.

4. Human Health effects

Chromium can induce, at high enough doses, a range of systemic effects. However, at much lower environmental levels, humans are unlikely to experience the same effects (ATSDR, 1993). For instance, inhaled chromium (VI) at air levels above 20 ng/m³ may cause irritation to nasal mucosa, nosebleeds, ulcers and holes in the nasal septum. While the typical level of chromium in ambient air is about 10 to 30 ng/m³, most of the chromium in the ambient air is chromium (III) and not the more toxic chromium (VI) (ATSDR, 1993).



Exposure to low doses of chromium (any form) induces allergic reactions causing skin rashes as well as redness and swelling of the skin in sensitive people. Exposure to chromium (VI) and perhaps chromium (III) may also cause reproductive effects (ATSDR, 1993). However, there are no human data, which allow one to estimate the potency of chromium in humans directly. Furthermore, to estimate the potency of chromium in humans based on animal data is difficult. Therefore what the health impact may be at environmentally relevant levels is unclear. Chromium (III) is an essential element in human nutrition and the recommended daily intake for adults is between 50 and 200 µg (NRC, 1989). For other age groups, the recommended daily intake is lower.

Chromium (VI) is genotoxic in humans and in a number of experimental tests (ATSDR, 1993). But probably the most important effect of chromium is its cancer-inducing potential. Based on the weight of evidence, International Agency of Research on Cancer (IARC, 1990) classified chromium (VI) into Group 1 (The agent is carcinogenic to humans). USEPA (1998b) classified Cr (VI) into Group A (known human carcinogen) by the inhalation route of exposure, but into Group D (not classified as to its human carcinogenicity) by oral exposure, reflecting its low potency by this route.

On the other hand, Chromium (III) was classified by IARC (1990) into Group 3 (agent is unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans) and USEPA (1998a) placed it into Group D (not classified as to its human carcinogenicity). However, the classification of hexavalent chromium as a known human carcinogen raises some concern for the carcinogenic potential of trivalent chromium (USEPA, 1998a). Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA, 1994) classified chromium (III) into Group VI (unclassifiable with respect to carcinogenicity in humans).

5. Potency

CHROMIUM (III)

USEPA (1998a) developed an (oral) Reference Dose (RfD) of 1.5 mg/kg/day for chromium (III). The assessment is based on the study of Ivankovic and Preussmann (1975). In this study, rats were fed chromium (III) oxide, Cr₂O₃ in the diet, 5 days a week for 600 days. Chromium was administered as 0, 1%, 2%, or 5% Cr₂O₃. On completion of the treatment, the animals were maintained until they became moribund or died. All tissues were then examined histologically. No effect was observed at any treatment level. USEPA (1998c) selected the treatment group receiving 5% Cr₂O₃ in the diet to establish the *No Adverse Effect Level* (NOAEL). The dose of Cr (III) corresponding to the NOAEL was estimated at 1468 mg/kg/day.

In a separate set of experiments, Ivankovic and Preussmann (1975) fed rats 0, 2%, or 5% Cr₂O₃ in bread, 5 days/week for 90 days. No changes were observed in serum protein, bilirubin, haematology, urinalysis, and histopathology, but the livers and spleens weighed less in the high-dose group. The high dose is equivalent to 1,400 mg/kg/day of Cr₂O₃.



In order to derive the RfD, USEPA (1998c) divided the NOAEL value of 1468 mg/kg/day by an uncertainty factor (UF) of 100 and again by a modifying factor (MF) of 10. The UF accounts for species difference in sensitivity and for the variation of sensitivity within human population to the effects of chromium (III). The MF is designed to compensate for database deficiencies. No data are available for mammals other than rodents and there is a concern about possible reproductive effects. In addition, some limitations of the Ivankovic and Preussmann (1975) study have also been raised.

CHROMIUM (VI)

Oral-Non-Cancer

USEPA (1998b) developed a (oral) Reference Dose (RfD) for chromium (VI) of 3 E-3 mg/kg/day based on the No Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL) of 25 mg/L. The NOAEL was derived from the study of MacKenzie et al. (1958). In this study, rats received drinking water containing 0.45-11.2 mg/L chromium (VI) (potassium chromate, K₂CrO₄) for 1 year. The control animals received distilled water. In a second experiment rats received 25 mg/L chromium (VI) in the form of K₂CrO₄ or chromium (III) in the form of chromic chloride or distilled water. No significant adverse effects were seen in terms of appearance, weight gain, or food consumption, and there were no pathologic changes in the blood or other tissues in any treatment group. The rats receiving chromium (VI) showed an approximate 20% reduction in water consumption. The drinking water concentration of 25 mg/L was converted to daily consumption of 2.5 mg of chromium (VI) per kg body weight based on a body weight of 0.35 kg and an average daily drinking water consumption of 0.035 L/day for the rat. This dose (2.5 mg of chromium (VI) /kg/day) was considered the NOAEL. The RfD was derived by dividing the NOAEL by an uncertainty factor of 300 and a modifying factor of 3. The uncertainty factor accounts for differences in sensitivity within the human population, for species differences and for a less than lifetime exposure regiment of the rats in the study of MacKenzie et al. (1958). A modifying factor of 3 was introduced as a conservative measure to account for concerns raised by the study of Zhang and Li (1987). This study showed adverse human health effects after drinking water containing approximately 20mg/L of chromium. Detailed information about exposure, magnitude and duration were not available in the study and the study was not considered sufficient to be used to develop a NOAEL or LOAEL.

Inhalation- Non-Cancer

USEPA (1998d) developed 2 Reference Concentrations (RfCs) for chromium (VI). The first one was developed for chromic acid mists and aerosols. The second was developed for chromium (VI) in a particulate form.

Aerosols

A RfC for aerosols was developed based an occupational study (Lindberg and Hedenstierna, 1983). Subjects exposed almost exclusively to chromic acid were divided into a low-exposure group, exposed to 8-hr, 5 days a week time-weighted average (TWA) below 0.002 mg/m³ and a high-exposure group exposed above this level. Office employees were used as controls for nose and throat symptoms and auto mechanics were the controls for lung function measurements. Smoking habits of workers were evaluated



as part of the study. The authors concluded that 8-hour mean exposures to chromic acid above 0.002 mg/m³ may cause a transient decrease in lung function, and that short-term exposures to greater than 0.02 mg/m³ may cause septal ulceration and perforation.

Based on the results of this study, USEPA (1998d) determined the LOAEL to be 0.002 mg/m³, for an 8-hr TWA exposure to chromium (VI) mists. After conversion to continuous exposure, the LOAEL became 7.14 E-4 mg/m³. This continuous exposure LOAEL was divided by an uncertainty factor of 90 for the following reasons.

- to extrapolate from a subchronic to a chronic exposure (factor of 3)
- to account for extrapolation from a LOAEL to a NOAEL (factor of 3)
- to account for inter-human variation (factor of 10)

The result is an RfC of 8 E-6 mg/m³ for upper respiratory effects caused by chromic acid mists and dissolved chromium (VI) aerosols (USEPA, 1998d).

Particulates

Glaser *et al.* (1985, 1990) studied the effects of particulate chromium (VI) on the lower respiratory tract. In the 1990 study, rats were exposed to sodium dichromate at 0.05 - 0.4 mg Cr(VI)/m³ 22 hr/day, 7 days/wk for 30-90 days. Chromium-induced effects occurred in a strong dose-dependent manner and involved respiratory tract structure and function, white blood cell count, and body weight.

Glaser et al. (1985) exposed 5-week-old male Wistar rats to aerosols of sodium dichromate at concentrations ranging from 0.025 to 0.2 mg Cr(VI)/m³, 22 hr/day for 28 days or 90 days. Again the chromium-induced effects occurred in a dose-dependent manner. Effects on the lung and spleen and immune system were observed.

Together, these studies present dose-dependent results on sensitive indicators of lower respiratory toxicity. Potential upper respiratory impacts resulting from the exposures were not addressed.

The USEPA (1998d) assessment made use of the benchmark concentration (BMC) derived by Malsch et al. (1994) for chromium (VI). The BMC range was developed for lung and spleen weights and for indicators of lung structure and function based on the two studies by Glaser et al. (1985, 1990). The data with exposures of less than 90 days were excluded from the assessment. Malsch et al. (1994) defined the benchmark concentration as the 95% lower confidence limit on the dose corresponding to a 10% relative change in the endpoint when compared to the control. Dose-effect data were adjusted to account for discontinuous exposure (22 hr/day) and the maximum likelihood model was used to fit continuous data to a polynomial mean response regression, yielding maximum likelihood estimates of 0.036 - 0.078 mg/m³ and BMCs of 0.016 - 0.067 mg/m³. Next, Malsch et al. (1994) applied dosimetric adjustments and uncertainty factors to determine a RfC based on the following equation.

$$RfC = \frac{BMC \times RDDR}{UF_{\Lambda} \times UF_{F} \times UF_{H}}$$

Table 4. A summary of sediment quality assessment guidelines applicable to Florida coastal waters.

	Total Number	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Sediment Quality As	sessment Guideline
Substance	of Records	in the EDS	in the NEDS	TEL	PEL
Metals (SQAGs in mg/kg)					
Arsenic	295	39	256	7.24	41.6
Cadmium	433	107	326	0.676	4.21
Chromium	354	53	301	52.3	160
Copper	440	105	335	18.7	108
Lead	402	95	307	30.2	112
Mercury	331	66	265	0.13	0.696
Nickel	355	23	332	15.9	42.8
Silver	190	35	155	0.733	1.77
Tributyltin	72	6	66	ID	ID [.]
Zinc	411	96	315	124	271
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (P	CBs: SOAGs in 110/kg)				
Total PCBs	199	65	134	21.6	189
· Polycyclic Aromatic Hydroca	rbons (PAHs: SOAGs in	μg/kg)	·		
Acenaphthene	240	62	178	6.71	88.9
Acenaphthylene	209	36	173	5.87	128
Anthracene	259	70	189	46.9	245
Fluorene	263	73	190	21.2	144
2-methylnaphthalene	189	40	149	20.2	201
Naphthalene	256	57	199	34.6	391
Phenanthrene	268	74	194	86.7	544
Sum LMW-PAHs	274	69	205	312	1442

REFERENCES. 15-23 are standard geological references.



Public Utilities



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Services and Policies

Water Division Mission Statement

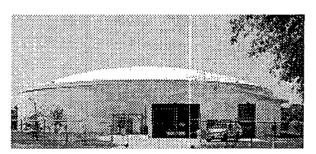
The City of Clearwater Water Division shall insure that the Clearwater water supply meets or exceeds <u>Federal Safe Drinking Water Standards</u> and other regulations and orders; shall provide a sufficient volume of water to meet the daily needs and desires of the Clearwater community; and shall maintain a dependable and uninterrupted water treatment and delivery service to Clearwater users.

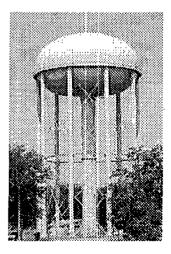
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Additionally there are three elevated tanks within the City of Clearwater; each has a 1 million-gallon capacity.

Last year, the City of Clearwater supplied 5,150,426,000 (5 *Billion*, 150 *Million*, 426 *Thousand*) gallons of water to our customers. This is approximately 100 gallons of water per person per day.

City Water Supply/Quality

22.7%

1,65

Clearwater's drinking water comes from a groundwater source called the Floridan Aquifer. This aquifer is one of the major sources of ground water in the United States. It underlies all of Florida, southern Georgia, and some parts of Alabama and South Carolina. Our customers use approximately 15 million gallons of potable water daily. From our own 15 wells we pump about 3.4 million gallons daily with the remaining amount being purchased from the Pinellas County Water System. Each day, Clearwater Water Division produces a safe, dependable drinking water supply. We are proud of our history of quality service. To maintain our commitment to you, we routinely collect and test water samples -- from the source waters to the City of Clearwater -- checking purity long before it reaches our customers. We stay abreast of advancements in technology, health science and government regulations in order to provide a constant and safe supply of water. Through foresight and planning, efficiency in operations, and focus on excellence In customer service, we can assure you the best quality drinking water at an economical price well into the 21st century.

Utility Customer Service

Payment for water bills can be made at Utility Customer Service located at 100 S. Myrtle Avenue inside the Municipal Services Building, between 8:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. After hours payments can also be made in the drop box outside the customer window. All payments received after 5:30 P.M. will be processed on the next business day. The number to call concerning billing questions is (727) 562-4600.

Updated June 23, 2003 - Contact Webmaster

CITY OF DUNEDIN REVERSE OSMOSIS WATER TREATMENT FACILITY 1401 County Road 1 (727) 298-3100

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HISTORY

For most municipalities in the West Central Coastal areas of Florida, potable water has become a diminishing commodity. A majority of the cities and towns located within Pinellas County purchase water from Tampa Bay Water (TBA). Only Belleair and Dunedin have their own wellfields.

Dunedin was plagued with severe water quality problems resulting from aggressive, iron laden water being supplied by its dispersed wellfield. Reduced quantity available in the aquifer and the threat of salt water intrusion into the aquifer was also becoming a reality. These problems along with stricter water quality standards from the Environmental Protection Agency magnified the need for additional water treatment.

The City of Dunedin's wellfield. consists of 20 wells. The water withdrawn from the Floridan aquifer is regulated by the South West Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD). Current permitted withdrawal rates are 6.98 million gallons per day (mgd) average and 8.725 mgd peak month. The Fiscal Year 1996/97 average demand for Dunedin's 36,000 residents was 3.9 mgd. This water was used primarily for residential consumption.

The water system consists of 7.5 miles of raw water transmission piping, one-1 million gallon elevated storage tank, four-2 million gallon ground storage tanks, one treatment plant, 1,015 fire hydrants, and approximately 138 miles of distribution piping ranging in size from 2 to 18 inches in diameter.

CURRENT STATUS

In 1988, the City began exploring conventional lime softening and membrane softening treatment options. Since the cost of the two treatment techniques was comparable, it was decided to build a membrane softening treatment facility. This decision was based primarily on superior finished water quality as it related to pending trihalomethane regulations. Construction of the facility was financed with Revenue Bonds and began in December of 1990 at a cost of \$10.5 million or approximately \$1.00/gallon. This state-of-the-art facility provides Dunedin residents with high quality potable water and the ability to deal with the potential for deteriorating raw water quality and increased regulatory standards.

On June 8, 1992, portions of the new facility were placed into service. This entailed utilization of the pressure filters, 20 micron cartridge filters, degasifiers, chlorination, and pH control equipment. In September 1992, the RO process was brought on-line. The final phase, fluoridation, commenced during the month of October, 1992. The facility consists of the following process units: potassium permanganate chemical addition, pressure filtration, sulfuric acid injection, antiscalant injection, micron filtration, membrane softening, stabilization, degasification, chlorination, fluoridation, ground storage and high service pumping. Ammonia feed facilities are provided to allow for use of chloramine

Water Brochure Page 2 of 6

disinfection to control the total trihalomethane concentration in the finished water, should it become necessary in the future.

Dunedin's facility is the only in Florida and the largest in the United States to utilize greensand filtration as a pretreatment to Reverse Osmosis. This process primarily removes iron and hydrogen sulfide from the water. Each section of treatment will be discussed in further detail.

FUTURE

Due to the location of the City, salt water intrusion poses a threat to the quality of water which is available in the Floridan aquifer. With this in mind, separate piping was incorporated to accommodate blending of brackish water with the current well water to reduce the amount of withdrawal from the fragile Upper Floridan Aquifer. Membrane softening using reverse osmosis membranes can produce drinking water from a more saline supply. The facility as constructed can treat water up to 2,000 mg/L total dissolved solids (TDS). Modifications to the facility would allow it to treat water with even higher TDS concentrations. The first brackish water supply well has been constructed and is providing 250 gpm to the raw water supply. Another permitted seven brackish wells are being investigated.

The facility is currently capable of producing 9.5 mgd with provisions for expansion to a capacity of 12.0 mgd should future demand warrant.

PLANT OPERATION

Potassium Permanganate Injection and Pressure Filtration

Water entering the plant is called raw water. Upon entry, potassium permanganate is injected to convert soluble ferrous iron to insoluble ferric iron so it can be filtered out. Another benefit to potassium permanganate injection is the oxidation of hydrogen sulfide (hydrogen sulfide gives the rotten egg odor). This oxidation process is vital to the plant operation in that it filters out iron and sulfur bacteria which would otherwise deposit on the membrane surface and cause fouling. It also enables the City to "BLEND" filtered water back with the reverse osmosis (R/O) product water to naturally stabilize the water. This process will be discussed further during the stabilization process.

The water then enters the greensand pressure filters utilizing the water pressure provided by the supply wells. The filters are constructed as horizontal cylinders with layers of filtering material. The top layer is anthracite. It filters out the precipitated insoluble iron produced by the injection of the potassium permanganate. Manganese greensand is the middle layer. This layer absorbs any residual potassium permanganate left over in the water. It also filters out and converts any iron still left in the water at this point. The final layers are multi-sized gravel to support the upper layers and provides filtering for any particles which may have passed through the upper layers. All of the water entering the plant passes through this iron removal process.

Sulfuric Acid and Antiscalant Injection

Sulfuric acid is added to lower the pH of the water to prevent calcium carbonate scaling on the R/O membranes. Antiscalant (polyacrylic acid) is added to prevent calcium sulfate and barium sulfate scaling on the membrane. Any scaling on the membrane surface would prevent the passage of the water through the membrane increases, which in turn increases the power requirement.

Micron Filtration

After the injection of chemicals to prevent scaling on the membranes, the water passes through a series of 5 micron polypropylene cartridge filters. These remove any silt, turbidity, or debris larger than 5 micron which could cause irreparable damage to the membrane surface. Bacteria or other organic matter can also be filtered out during this process. The micron filters cannot be cleaned and/or reused. They are changed out as the pressure loss across them dictates or the water quality from them deteriorates to a point that possible damage to the R/O membranes could occur. This step is the last and most important in the pre-treatment process for the membranes. The water is then termed pre-treated feedwater. All treatment done to this point is to protect the RO membranes from any scaling or fouling from natural constituents in the raw water.

Membrane Softening RO Units

The feed water pressure at this point is about 20 to 30 pounds per square inch. The R/O process requires pressure to force the water through a semi-permeable membrane, i.e. overcome the osmotic pressure. To provide this added pressure requirement, high pressure pumps are located between the micron filters and the R/O units. The pumps are a "manifolded" design. This means that all five of the pumps are available to pressurize the manifold pipe which supplies the feedwater to the R/O units.

The flow to the R/O units is regulated with a flow control valve based on the amount of product water to be produced by the unit. Feed pressures to the units are expected to rise as the membranes age. Initial feed pressures were 100 psi with a five year projected pressure of 120 psi. This pressure is also affected by the degree of salinity of the feedwater. As the raw water quality decreases, or a brackish water supply is further developed, more pressure will be needed to produce the same quantity of water.

The R/O membrane is a basic separation process. When the feedwater enters the membrane it is separated in "Product" and "Concentrate" water. The concentrate is 17% of the feed flow into the unit and is highly concentrated with the ions from the feedwater. The concentrate is then disposed of through a separate pipeline to the City's wastewater treatment plant where it is treated and becomes part of the effluent utilized by the Reclaimed Water System. The R/O membranes pass 83% of the feedwater through the membrane as it removes calcium and magnesium ions in the water. This water is called the "Product" water. It is then piped to the next step of treatment.

Degasification and Stabilization

The product water from the RO membranes at this point is very unstable and aggressive. There is very little calcium, magnesium, or alkalinity in the water. In order to provide a stabile, cost effective product to the consumer, filtered raw water is "Blended" with the R/O product water. This provides some natural stability to the water while reducing the cost of production. The blend water is filtered through the greensand pressure filters and 20 micron cartridge filters to ensure quality.

The degasification process removes any residual hydrogen sulfide in addition to stripping carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide is indicative of corrosive water and results when pH of the feedwater is lowered and carbonate changes to bicarbonate and ultimately to carbon dioxide and water:

 $CO3 \leftrightarrow HCO3 \leftrightarrow H2CO3 \leftrightarrow CO2 + H20$

Water Brochure Page 4 of 6

Degasification is performed by mixing air with the water to remove the hydrogen sulfide and carbon dioxide as gasses. The water enters two cylindrical towers from the top of the units and cascades downwards across a packing material. To more effectively remove the gasses, air is induced in the bottom of the units. The gasses emitted from these units is vented to the atmosphere. After the water exits the degasifier towers, it enters the clearwell located underneath.

Chlorination, pH Adjustment, Fluoridation, Ammonia Injection

As the water enters the clearwell, chlorine is added for disinfection. The clearwell was designed to allow for maximum contact between the chlorine and the water for complete disinfection.

A small amount of sodium hydroxide is added to the water to increase the pH of the water. This provides for a more stable water that is non-corrosive nor scale forming in the distribution system.

A grant from the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services was obtained by the City to pay for a fluoride chemical feed system. Hydrofluosilicic acid is added to the water as a means to reduce dental caries. The dosage rate is 0.8 parts per million as fluoride.

With the possibility of more stringent regulations on total trihalomethanes being imposed by EPA, ammonia facilities were incorporated into the design of the plant. This provision for disinfection with chloramines is an alternative to major treatment changes should the TTHM regulations become more stringent.

Ground Storage, High Service Pumps

The water is pumped from the clearwell to the 2-two million gallon ground storage tanks located on plant site. At this point the water is available for pumping to the consumer.

OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

RAW WATER SUPPLY

Upper Floridan Aquifer Fresh Water

19 Wells

- Varying Casing Depths to 80 ft.
- Varying Drill Depths to 300 ft.
- Varying Yields Between 100 and 1000 GPM
- 8.725 MGD Maximum Permitted Withdrawal
- 120 PPM Chloride Content
- 350 PPM Total Dissolved Solids
- 260 PPM Calcium and Magnesium Ions

Brackish Water

1 Well

- Casing Depth 80 ft.
- Drill Depth 400 ft.
- Yield 200 300 GPM
- Chloride Content 700 PPM

- Total Dissolved Solids 1,600 PPM
- Hydrogen Sulfide 4.2 PPM

7 Additional Wells Permitted by SWFWMD Under Investigation

PRE-TREATMENT

Potassium Permanganate - To Oxidize Iron and Hydrogen Sulfide

- 3 PPM of 3% solution

Pressure Filters

- 5 Horizontal Mixed Media Pres. Filters

- 10.2 MGD Total Capacity

- 35 to 45 Hours Between Backwashing

- Backwash Rate of 12 gpm/sq.ft. - Filtering Rate 3 to 5 gpm/sq.ft./min.

Sulfuric Acid

- Calcium Carbonate scale Prevention

- to a pH of 4.0

Antiscalant

- B.F. Goodrich AF600 for Prevention of Calcium and Barium Sulfate Scaling

- 3.0 PPM Dosage Rate

Micron Filtration

- 4 Filter Housings With 5 Micron Polypropylene

Cartridge Filters (RO Feed)

- 3 Filter Housings With 20 Micron Polypropylene

Cartridge Filters (Blend)

MEMBRANE SOFTENING UNITS

High Pressure Pumps

- 5 Pumps

- 125 Horsepower

- 1500 GPM Each

Membrane Type

- Polyamide Spiral Wound Thin Film Composite

- Hydranautics PVD1 Softening Membrane (8½" dia. X 40" length)

- Hydranautics CPA2 Softening Membrane (8½" dia. X 40" length)

Membrane Units

- Number of Units 4

- 83% Recovery

- 110 Pounds of Feed Pressure

- 1,500,000 Gallons per Day per Unit

- 23::12 Array

- 7 Element Vessels

POST-TREATMENT

Degasification

- For Carbon Dioxide and Hydrogen Sulfide Removal

- 2 units 6 MGD Each

- Forced Draft Type

Chlorination

- For Disinfection 2.0 PPM

Fluoridation

- 0.8 PPM

Sodium Hydroxide - For Stability and pH Adjustment to 8.3

GROUND STORAGE AND PUMPING FACILITIES

Storage Tanks

- Two 2 Million Gallon Tanks at Treatment Plant
- One 1 Million Gallon Elevated Tank
- Two 2 Million Gallon Tanks offsite

Pumping Capacity

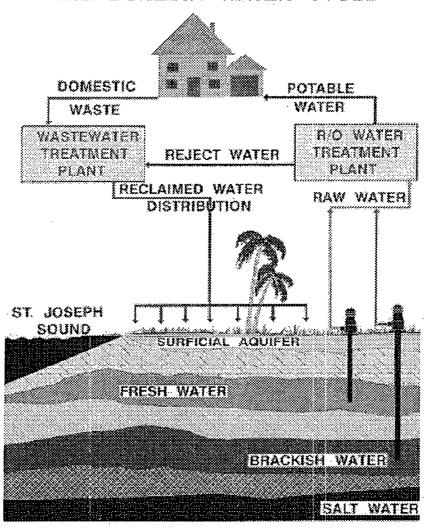
- One 60 HP @ 1,750 GPM
- One 75 HP @ 2,400 GPM
- One 100 HP @ 3,100 GPM
- Two 125 HP @ 3,650 GPM

CONCENTRATE DISCHARGE

- Sodium Hydroxide Injection for pH Control to 6.5 Prior to Discharge to the Wastewater Plant
- Inverted Siphon Pipeline to Wastewater Plant
- Treated and Disposed Through the Reclaimed Water System for Irrigation

[Top of Page] [R/O Process Schematic] [Dunedin Water Cycle] [Water Page] [1997 Water Quality Report]

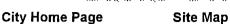
THE DUNEDIN WATER CYCLE



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Public Utilities







[BACK]

Services and Policies

Water Division Mission Statement

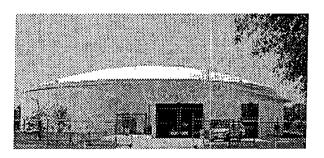
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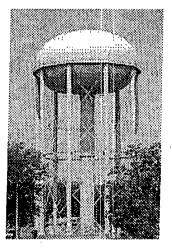
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22.7%

1,45

Clearwater's drinking water comes from a groundwater source called the Floridan Aquifer. This aquifer is one of the major sources of ground water in the United States. It underlies all of Florida, southern Georgia, and some parts of Alabama and South Carolina. Our customers use approximately 15 million gallons of potable water daily. From our own 15 wells we pump about 3.4 million gallons daily with the remaining amount being purchased from the Pinellas County Water System. Each day, Clearwater Water Division produces a safe, dependable drinking water supply. We are proud of our history of quality service. To maintain our commitment to you, we routinely collect and test water samples -- from the source waters to the City of Clearwater -- checking purity long before it reaches our customers. We stay abreast of advancements in technology, health science and government regulations in order to provide a constant and safe supply of water. Through foresight and planning, efficiency in operations, and focus on excellence In customer service, we can assure you the best quality drinking water at an economical price well into the 21st century.

Utility Customer Service

Payment for water bills can be made at Utility Customer Service located at 100 S. Myrtle Avenue inside the Municipal Services Building, between 8:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. After hours payments can also be made in the drop box outside the customer window. All payments received after 5:30 P.M. will be processed on the next business day. The number to call concerning billing questions is (727) 562-4600.

Updated June 23, 2003 - Contact Webmaster

PWS_ID	PWS STATUS	PWS_NAME	PWS ADDRES	PWS CITY
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C	CLEARWATER
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C	CLEARWATER
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C	CLEARWATER
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C	CLEARWATER
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C	CLEARWATER
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C	CLEARWATER

Clearwater Top- PWS- 1 mile

PWS_ZIP5	PWS_PHONPW	S_CPWS.PPWS_TYPE	P PWS_SOURCE	PWS_POP_SPV	VS_LAST_S	PWS_DESIGIPWS_PRIMAR
33765	7275624960	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	25000000 MUNICIPAL/CITY
33765	7275624960	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	25000000 MUNICIPAL/CITY
33765	7275624960	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	25000000 MUNICIPAL/CITY
33765	7275624960	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	25000000 MUNICIPAL/CITY
33765	7275624960	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	25000000 MUNICIPAL/CITY
33765	7275624960	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	25000000 MUNICIPAL/CITY

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PW:WELL_IELC	CATICWELL_NAME	FLUWID	WELL_STATU	LAT_D[LAT	_MILAT_SS	LONG_	LONG_	LONG_S
DHF 16048 48	456 CLEARWATER WELL # 74	AAH0609	ACTIVE	27	59 43.4523	82	45	16.5475
DHF 16046 48	454 CLEARWATER WELL # 65	AAH0611	ACTIVE	27	59 36.1223	82	45	9.6953
DHF 16045 48	449 CLEARWATER WELL # 48	AAH0606	ACTIVE	27	58 31.9414	82	45	18.4241
DHF 16047 48	459 CLEARWATER WELL # 66		ACTIVE	27	59 28.8872	82	45	16.2313
DHF 16049 48	457 CLEARWATER WELL # 75	AAH0610	ACTIVE	27	59 41.5403	82	45	2.5417
DHF 23172 48	460 CLĘARWATER WELL # 73	AAH0612	ACTIVE	27	59 24.5280	82	45	24.5280

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WELL_HEIGH MET 26.3410 DGP		3/23/2001	1	** 1	4	1986	L_DEPTIWELL_AVAI OE 265 PERMANEN	881592
16.7370 DGP		3/23/2001	1	1	2	1974	300 PERMANEN	882935
24.1890 DGP	27	3/23/2001	1	1	1	1971	250 PERMANEN	884209
22.9240 DGP	: 27	3/23/2001	1	1	3		224 PERMANEN	886489
26.3410 DGP	27	3/23/2001	1	1	5	1986	201 PERMANEN	886801
21.2540 DGP	83	3/23/2001	1	1	6		201 PERMANEN	889625

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PWS_ID	PWS_STATUS	PWS_NAME	PWS_ADDRES	PWS_CITY	
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C	CLEARWATER	
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1	DUNEDIN	
6522310	ACTIVE	BOULEVARD ESTATES	2266 GULF TO BAY BLVD.,LOT # 5	CLEARWATER 🧽	7
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1	DUNEDIN	
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1	DUNEDIN	
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1	DUNEDIN	

Clearwater Top- PWS- 2 miles

PWS_ZIP5	PWS_PHONPV	VS_CPWS P PWS_TYPE	P PWS_SOURCE	PWS_POP_S PWS_LAST_S	F	WS_DESIGI	
3376	5 7275624960	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	25000000	
3469	8 7272983100	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	9590000	
3376	5 7277990511	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		297	3/21/2000	50000	
3469	8 7272983100	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	9590000	
3469	8 7272983100	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	9590000	
3469	8 7272983100	52 SWP C COMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	9590000	

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PWS_PRIMAR	PW: WELL_	IE LOCATI	(WELL_NAME	FLUWID WELL_STATU	LAT_D[LA	T_MILAT_SS
MUNICIPAL/CITY	DHF 23181	48473	CLEARWATER WELL # 56	AAH061£ACTIVE	28	0 38.7465
MUNICIPAL/CITY	DHF 16061	47963	CITY OF DUNEDIN WELL #29	AAH0641ACTIVE	28	0 14.6903
MOBILE HOME PARK	DHF 16194	48288	BOULEVARD ESTATES MHP WELL	AAD561(ACTIVE	27	57 45.0974
MUNICIPAL/CITY	DHF 16063	47965	CITY OF DUNEDIN WELL #30	AAH064(ACTIVE	28	0 12.4019
MUNICIPAL/CITY	DHF 16058	47960	CITY OF DUNEDIN WELL #5	AAH0631ACTIVE	28	0 31.3441
MUNICIPAL/CITY	DHF 16060	47962	CITY OF DUNEDIN WELL #28	AAD564{ACTIVE	28	0 29.5143

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LONG	LONG_	LONG_S WELL	_HEIGH	METIC	ATUM WELL	COORD	WELL_IWE	LL_: V	VELL_IV	VELL_	WELL_DEPTI WELL_AVAI
82	44	30.5451	27.7750	DGP:	83	3/23/2001	3	5	6		199 PERMANEN
82	46	17.3066	15.8930	DGP:	27	4/25/2001	1	1	8	1984	300 PERMANEN
82	44	38.7756	24.0280	DGP:	83	3/7/2001	1	1	1	1958	170 PERMANEN
82	46	6.2624	20.2980	DGP:	27	4/25/2001	1	1	10	1984	302 PERMANEN
82	46	23.8545	19.6610	DGP:	27	4/25/2001	1	1	5	1956	225 PERMANEN
82	45	44.5032	24.5140	DGP:	27	4/25/2001	1	1	7	1984	300 PERMANEN

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PWS_ID	PWS_STATUS	PWS_NAME	PWS_ADDRES	PWS_CITY	PWS_ZIP5
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1	DUNEDIN	34698
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1	DUNEDIN	34698

Clearwater- PWS- 4 miles

 PWS_PHON PWS_C PWS P PWS_TYPE
 P PWS_SOURCE
 PWS_POP_S PWS_LAST_S
 PWS_DESIGI

 7272983100
 52 SWP C COMMUNITY
 37227
 4/24/2001
 9590000

 7272983100
 52 SWP C COMMUNITY
 37227
 4/24/2001
 9590000

PWS_PRIMAR PW: WELL_ICLOCATIC WELL_NAME MUNICIPAL/CITY DHF 16064 47966 CITY OF DUNEDIN WELL #11 MUNICIPAL/CITY DHF 16065 47967 CITY OF DUNEDIN WELL #12

LAT_D[LAT_MI AAH063£ACTIVE 28 28 2 AAH0637ACTIVE

FLUWID WELL_STATU

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	LAT_SS LONG L	LONG_LONG_S WELL_HE	IGH METIDATUMW	VELL COORDWELL IN	VELL_:WELL_IWELL_`WEI	L DEPTIWELL AVAI
	29.1973 82	45 18.8690	15.2070 DGP: 27	4/25/2001 1	1 11 1964	250 PERMANEN
	29.2578 82	45 34.7595	28.8010 DGP: 27	4/25/2001 1	1 12 1964	105 PERMANEN

OBJECTID 885530 888158

PWS_ID	PWS_STATUS	PWS_NAME	PWS_ADDRES
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C 109350
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1/01 COLINTY POAD 1
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1 37227
6521673	ACTIVE	SOUTH GATE HOME OWNERS, INC.	20000 US 19 NORTH #809 275
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1
6520242	ACTIVE	CAMP SOULE(BOY SCOUTS OF AMER)	2201 SOULE RD. /5 ◊
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C
6524723	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN ASSEMBLY OF GOD	885 LAKE HAVEN RD
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C
6520336	ACTIVE	CLEARWATER WATER SYSTEM	1650 N. ARCUTURAS AVE., BLDG. #C
6520486	ACTIVE	DUNEDIN WATER SYSTEM	1401 COUNTY ROAD 1

Clearwater Top- PWS- 3 miles

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PWS_CITY	PWS_ZIP5	PWS_PHONP	WS_CPWS	P PWS_TYPE	P PWS_SOURCE	PWS_POP_SPWS_	_LAST_S	•
CLEARWATER	33765	7275624960	52 SWP	CCOMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	CCOMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	CCOMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	
CLEARWATER	33764	7277267888	52 SWP	CCOMMUNITY		275	10/23/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	CCOMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	
CLEARWATER	33759	7273913800	52 SWP	NONCOMMUNITY		150	5/30/2000	
CLEARWATER	33765	7275624960	52 SWP	CCOMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	
CLEARWATER	33765	7275624960	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY ·		109350	10/16/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7277337205	52 SWP	N NONCOMMUNITY		400	5/9/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY	•	37227	4/24/2001	
CLEARWATER	33765	7275624960	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	CCOMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	
CLEARWATER	33765	7275624960	52 SWP	CCOMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	CCOMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	CCOMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	
CLEARWATER	33765	7275624960	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	
CLEARWATER	33765	7275624960	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY	•	109350	10/16/2001	
CLEARWATER	33765	7275624960	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY		109350	10/16/2001	
DUNEDIN	34698	7272983100	52 SWP	C COMMUNITY		37227	4/24/2001	

		/ID WELL_STATU	U LAT_D[LAT_I
Α	AAH06	618 ACTIVE	28	
!1 A	AAH06	627 ACTIVE	28	
13 A	AAH06	62(ACTIVE	28	
Α	AAH06	64: ACTIVE	27	5
87 A	AAH06	639 ACTIVE	28	
Α	AAD56	662 ACTIVE	28	
Α	AAH06	617ACTIVE	- 28	
Α	AAH06	61! ACTIVE	27	5
SOD WEIA	VEI AAD56	65§ ACTIVE	28	
:3 A	AAH06	629 ACTIVE	28	
16 A	AAH06	632 ACTIVE	28	
A	AAH06	621ACTIVE	27	5
83 Á	ÁAH06	638 ACTIVE	28	
15 A	AAH06	624 ACTIVE	28	
Α	AAH06	61§ ACTIVE	28	
2 A	AAH06	628 ACTIVE	28	
16 A	AAH06	634 ACTIVE	28	
4 A	AAH06	63(ACTIVE	28	
Α	AAH06	61: ACTIVE	28	
!9 A	AAH06	63: ACTIVE	28	
Α	AAH06	614 ACTIVE	27	5
Α	AAH06	62(ACTIVE	28	
89 A	AAH06	63£ACTIVE	28	

LAT_SS	LONG_	LONG_	LONG_S V	NELL_HEIGH	METH	DATUM WELL _.	_COORD	WELL_IWI	ELL_: W	/ELL_I\	NELL_	WELL_DEPTIWELL_AVAI
18.4825	82	42	57.9968	22.0180	DGP:	27	3/23/2001	3	5	3		182 PERMANEN
45.6054	82	47	20.3435	9.9000	DGP:	27	4/25/2001	1.	1	1	1915	146 PERMANEN
25.6270	82	45	46.7570	18.6750	DGP:	27	4/25/2001	1	1	13	1970	340 PERMANEN
17.4432	82	43	56.9969	19.6170	DGP:	27	7/13/2001	1	1	1	1958	124 PERMANEN
56.3375	82	45	39.5920	12.9620	DGP:	83	4/25/2001	1	1	22	2000	185 PERMANEN
9.0087	82	43	10.8475	26.4690	DGP:	83	7/18/2001	1	1	1	1962	170 PERMANEN
1.1321	82	44	32.0756	26.7360	DGP:	27	3/23/2001	3	5	2		168 PERMANEN
51.4956	82	43	33.0324	17.3660	DGP:	83	3/23/2001	2	7	2		195 PERMANEN
56.8862	82	46	9.3005	11.3480	DGP:	27	7/18/2001	1	1	1	1983	160 PERMANEN
51.4479	82	47	2.5263	7.0490	DGP:	27	4/25/2001	1	1	3	1949	149 PERMANEN
11.6890	82	45	37.2636	38.6670	DGP:	27	4/25/2001	1	1	6	1957	175 PERMANEN
41.1496	82	44	0.0596	17.1910	DGP:	83	3/23/2001	2	7	5		170 PERMANEN
35.4471	82	45	18.7707	17.1270	DGP:	83	4/25/2001	1	1	21	1996	235 PERMANEN
28.0589	82	45	39.0169	22.7930	DGP:		4/25/2001	· 1	1	15	1970	220 PERMANEN
22.3140	82	43	6.8284	27.9240	DGP:		3/23/2001	3	5	4		305 PERMANEN
47.0004	82	47	8.7507	10.5700	DGP!	27	4/25/2001	1	1	2	1959	156 PERMANEN
28.0679	82	45	33.9739	18.2870		27	4/25/2001	1	1	16	1970	175 PERMANEN
13.7416	82		15.5286	6.7920	DGP!	27	4/25/2001	1	1	4	1954	172 PERMANEN
38.7669	82		17.7986	26.1320	DGP:	27	3/23/2001		5	1.	1973	276 PERMANEN
15.2108	82	45	42.5928	20.2800	DGP:	27	4/25/2001	1	1	9		332 PERMANEN
51.5230	82		45.8945	18.1440		83	3/23/2001		7	1		198 PERMANEN
2.4864	82		34.8351	25.3550			3/23/2001		5	5		260 PERMANEN
31.8470	82	44	52.6221	15.1650	DGP:	83	4/25/2001	1	1	23	2001	262 PERMANEN

M. San

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OBJECTID

881595

881<u>5</u>99 881752

McCarthy, Jim

From: Gonsalves, Michael

Sent: Wednesday, April 02, 2003 4:04 PM

To: McCarthy, Jim
Cc: Kutash, William

Subject: Superfund Referral List.xls

Jim.

Attached is a list of sites that I believe we need your help with. These sites have been with us for a while and we've really made no progress. We might have a site or two added in the future depending on what response we get from the PRP. Stay tuned. Some of these files have very little information due to the lack of response. Hope this is what you were looking for.

Michael A. Gonsalves, P.G. Professional Geologist II FDEP Southwest District Waste Cleanup Section Supervisor (813)-744-6100, ext. 376 (phone) (813)-744-6125 (fax) michael.gonsalves@dep.state.fl.us

Devoe & Reynolds	65905		1010-26 N. 19th St., Tampa	landfill/paint waste	Gonsalves
118th Avenue Drum site	88025		118th Ave., St. Petersburg	drum burial/solvent, petro compounds	Gonsalves
40th Street Landfill /Whitman Dump	241884		40th St., Largo	dump/metals	Eastman
Hancock's Carpet Service	75141		4103 & 4011 W. Cayuga St., Tampa	truck service facility/solvents	Cummings
Accurate Plating & Weaponry	91598	99-0198	1937 Calumet St., Clearwater	solvents	Herron
Broyles Property /McArthur Pest Control	104934	97-0778	110 Easton Dr., Lakeland	office/pesticides	Herron
River Ranch	194969		24700 Hwy 60 E, Lake Wales	golf course/arsenic	Herron
South Tamiami Trail /Walfreund	75354		6320 S Tamiami Trail, Sarasota	former dry cleaner	Вагтоп
Clearwater Coal Gas Plant	66051		400 Myrtle St., Clearwater	former gas plant mfg/coal tar, cyanide, metals	Валтоп
Sugarbowl Landfill	200108		7200 Proctor Rd., Sarasota	landfill	Cummings
Universal Door / Northwest Expressway	261933		6822 + 6850 Benjamin Road	landfill	Gonsalves
The Laundry Room	236092		10650 U.S. HWY 301 S., Riverview	drycleaner	Cummings